William Carlos Williams, the poet, novelist and playwright, was born in 1883 in Rutherford, New Jersey. After Swiss, Parisian and New York schools he studied medicine at Pennsylvania University, and later in New York and Leipzig. He settled as a G.P. in Rutherford in 1909, the year of his first book, Poems. An early friend of Ezra Pound's, he was deeply influenced by Imagism, and this is reflected in Poems and The Tempers (1913). But he soon began to launch his own campaign to 'create somehow by intense, individual effort, a new -- an American -- poetic language'. In 1920 he wrote, 'I'll write whatever I damn please, whenever I damn please, and as I damn please ...'

In 1926 he was given the Dial award for distinguished service to American literature and received two posthumous awards, the Gold Medal for Poetry of the National Institute of Arts and Letters and the Pulitzer Prize for Poetry (for Pictures from Brueghel and Other Poems). He wrote Paterson in five volumes between 1946 and 1958, the third volume of which won the first National Book Award for Poetry in 1950. The poem has been widely praised as a masterpiece since the appearance of the first volume in 1946. His other work includes Kora in Hell (1920), Spring and All (1923), Collected Later Poems (1950), the trilogy of novels, White Mule, In the Money and The Build-Up (1937-52), and In the American Grain (1925), a prose account of the Americanness of America told through the works and lives of explorers and writers. His Selected Essays (1954) and Selected Letters (1957) contain his criticism and a commentary on his creative life, and A Voyage to Pagany (1928) and the Autobiography (1951) provide some account of his personal life and opinions.

He died in 1963.
William Carlos Williams

PATERSON

PENGUIN BOOKS
AUTHOR'S NOTE

*Paterson* is a long poem in four parts—that a man in himself is a city, beginning, seeking, achieving and concluding his life in ways which the various aspects of a city may embody—if imaginatively conceived—any city, all the details of which may be made to voice his most intimate convictions. Part One introduces the elemental character of the place. The Second Part comprises the modern replicas. Three will seek a language to make them vocal, and Four, the river below the falls, will be reminiscent of episodes—all that any one man may achieve in a lifetime.

Dr. Williams originally planned that *Paterson* would consist of four "Books," and the above note, his "Argument" for the poem, appeared in the first edition of Book 1 in 1946. Books 2, 3 and 4 were published in 1948, 1949 and 1951 respectively. Book 5 was published in 1958; somewhat earlier, Dr. Williams had written about it to the publisher as follows:

"[since completing *Paterson, Four*] I have come to understand not only that many changes have occurred in me and the world, but I have been forced to recognize that there can be no end to such a story I have envisioned with the terms which I had laid down for myself. I had to take the world of *Paterson* into a new dimension if I wanted to give it imaginative validity. Yet I wanted to keep it whole, as it is to me. As I mulled the thing over in my mind the composition began to assume a form which you see in the present poem, keeping, I fondly hope, a unity directly continuous with the *Paterson* of Pat. 1 to 4. Let's hope I have succeeded in doing so."

Toward the end of 1960 and in the early months of 1961, Dr. Williams was writing to the publisher of his plans...
for a sixth section, but illness prevented him from working on it. Four pages of notes and drafts for Book 6 were found among the poet’s papers after his death and these have been added as an appendix at the end of this edition.

We add here, for their interest in giving the genesis of the poem, the first three pages from Chapter 58 of Williams’s Autobiography:

THE POEM PATERSON

Even though the greatest boon a poet grants the world is to reveal that secret and sacred presence, they will not know what he is talking about. Surgery cannot assist him, nor cures. The surgeon must himself know that his surgery is idle. But the object of this continuous scribbling comes to him also, I can see by his eyes that he acknowledges it.

That is why I started to write Paterson: a man is indeed a city, and for the poet there are no ideas but in things. But the critics would have it that I, the poet, am not profound and go on with their profundities, sometimes affecting to write poems in their very zeal as thinkers. It all depends on what you call profound. For I acknowledge it would, in dealing with man and city, require one to go to some depth in the form for the purpose.

The thinkers, the scholars, thereupon propound questions upon the nature of verse, answering themselves or at least creating tension between thoughts. They think, and to think, they believe, is to be profound. A curious idea, if what they think is profitable to their thinking they are rewarded—as thinkers.

But who, if he chose, could not touch the bottom of thought? The poet does not, however, permit himself to go beyond the thought to be discovered in the context of
that with which he is dealing: no ideas but in things. The poet thinks with his poem, in that lies his thought, and that in itself is the profundity. The thought is Paterson, to be discovered there.

Therefore the thinker tries to capture the poem for his purpose, using his "thought" as the net to put his thoughts into. Absurd. They are not profound enough to discover that by this they commit a philosophic solecism. They have jumped the track, slipped out of category; no matter what the thought or the value, the poem will be bad, to make a pigeon roar.

The first idea centering upon the poem, Paterson, came alive early: to find an image large enough to embody the whole knowable world about me. The longer I lived in my place, among the details of my life, I realized that these isolated observations and experiences needed pulling together to gain "profundity." I already had the river. Flossie is always astonished when she realizes that we live on a river, that we are a river town. New York City was far out of my perspective; I wanted, if I was to write in a larger way than of the birds and flowers, to write about the people close about me: to know in detail, minutely what I was talking about—to the whites of their eyes, to their very smells.

That is the poet's business. Not to talk in vague categories but to write particularly, as a physician works, upon a patient, upon the thing before him, in the particular to discover the universal. John Dewey had said (I discovered it quite by chance), "The local is the only universal, upon that all art builds." Keyserling had said the same in different words. I had no wish, nor did I have the opportunity to know New York in that way, and I felt no loss in that.

I thought of other places upon the Passaic River, but, in the end, the city, Paterson, with its rich colonial history, upstream, where the water was less heavily polluted, won out. The falls, vocal, seasonally vociferous, associated
with many of the ideas upon which our fiscal colonial policy shaped us through Alexander Hamilton, interested me profoundly—and, what has resulted therefrom. Even today a fruitful locale for study. I knew of these things. I had heard. I had taken part in some of the incidents that made up the place. I had heard Billy Sunday: I had talked with John Reed: I had in my hospital experiences got to know many of the women: I had tramped Garret Mountain as a youngster, swum in its ponds, appeared in court there, looked at its charred ruins, its flooded streets, read of its past in Nelson’s history of Paterson, read of the Dutch who settled it.

I took the city as my “case” to work up, really to work it up. It called for a poetry such as I did not know, it was my duty to discover or make such a context on the “thought.” To make a poem, fulfilling the requirements of the art, and yet new, in the sense that in the very lay of the syllables Paterson as Paterson would be discovered, perfect, perfect in the special sense of the poem, to have it—if it rose to flutter into life awhile—it would be as itself, locally, and so like every other place in the world. For it is in that, that it be particular to its own idiom, that it lives.

The Falls let out a roar as it crashed upon the rocks at its base. In the imagination this roar is a speech or a voice, a speech in particular; it is the poem itself that is the answer.

In the end the man rises from the sea where the river appears to have lost its identity and accompanied by his faithful bitch, obviously a Chesapeake Bay retriever, turns inland toward Camden where Walt Whitman, much traduced, lived the latter years of his life and died. He always said that his poems, which had broken the dominance of the iambic pentameter in English prosody, had only begun his theme. I agree. It is up to us, in the new dialect, to continue it by a new construction upon the syllables.
Book One
a local pride; spring, summer, fall and the sea; a confession; a basket; a column; a reply to Greek and Latin with the bare hands; a gathering up; a celebration;
in distinctive terms; by multiplication a reduction to one; daring; a fall; the clouds resolved into a sandy sluice; an enforced pause;
hard put to it; an identification and a plan for action to supplant a plan for action; a taking up of slack; a dispersal and a metamorphosis.
Paterson

Preface

"Rigor of beauty is the quest. But how will you find beauty when it is locked in the mind past all remonstrance?"

To make a start,
out of particulars
and make them general, rolling
up the sum, by defective means—
Sniffing the trees,
just another dog
among a lot of dogs. What
else is there? And to do?
The rest have run out—
after the rabbits.
Only the lame stands—on
three legs. Scratch front and back.
Deceive and eat. Dig
a musty bone

For the beginning is assuredly
the end—since we know nothing, pure
and simple, beyond
our own complexities.

Yet there is
no return: rolling up out of chaos,
a nine months' wonder, the city
the man, an identity—it can't be
otherwise—an
interpenetration, both ways. Rolling
up! obverse, reverse;
the drunk the sober; the illustrious
the gross; one. In ignorance
a certain knowledge and knowledge,
undispersed, its own undoing.

(The multiple seed,
packed tight with detail, soured,
is lost in the flux and the mind,
distracted, floats off in the same
cum)

Rolling up, rolling up heavy with
numbers.

It is the ignorant sun
rising in the slot of
hollow suns risen, so that never in this
world will a man live well in his body
save dying—and not know himself
dying; yet that is
the design. Renewed himself
thereby, in addition and subtraction,
walking up and down.

and the craft,
subverted by thought, rolling up, let
him beware lest he turn to no more than
the writing of stale poems . . .
Minds like beds always made up,
(more stony than a shore)
unwilling or unable.
Rolling in, top up,
under, thrust and recoil, a great clatter:
lifted as air, boated, multicolored, a
wash of seas —
from mathematics to particulars—

divided as the dew,
floating mists, to be rained down and
regathered into a river that flows
and encircles:

shells and animalcules
generally and so to man,

to Paterson.
The Delineaments of the Giants

Paterson lies in the valley under the Passaic Falls
its spent waters forming the outline of his back. He
lies on his right side, head near the thunder
of the waters filling his dreams! Eternally asleep,
his dreams walk about the city where he persists
incognito. Butterflies settle on his stone ear.
Immortal he—neither moves nor rouses and is seldom
seen, though he breathes and the subtleties of his
machinations
drawing their substance from the noise of the pouring
river
animate a thousand automatons. Who because they
neither know their sources nor the sills of their
disappointments walk outside their bodies aimlessly
for the most part,
locked and forgot in their desires—unroused.

—Say it, no ideas but in things—
nothing but the blank faces of the houses
and cylindrical trees
bent, forked by preconception and accident—
split, furrowed, creased, mottled, stained—
secret—into the body of the light!

From above, higher than the spires, higher
even than the office towers, from oozy fields
abandoned to grey beds of dead grass,
black sumac, withered weed-stalks,
mud and thickets cluttered with dead leaves—
the river comes pouring in above the city
and crashes from the edge of the gorge
in a recoil of spray and rainbow mists—

(What common language to unravel?
. . . combed into straight lines
from that rafter of a rock’s
lip.)

A man like a city and a woman like a flower
—who are in love. Two women. Three women.
Innumerable women, each like a flower.

But

only one man—like a city.

In regard to the poems I left with you; will you be so kind as to
return them to me at my new address? And without bothering to
comment upon them if you should find that embarrassing—for it
was the human situation and not the literary one that motivated
my phone call and visit.

Besides, I know myself to be more the woman than the poet; and
to concern myself less with the publishers of poetry than with . . . living . . .

But they set up an investigation . . . and my doors are bolted
forever (I hope forever) against all public welfare workers, profes­sional do-gooders and the like.

Jostled as are the waters approaching
the brink, his thoughts
interlace, repel and cut under,
rise rock-thwarted and turn aside
but forever strain forward—or strike
an eddy and whirl, marked by a
leaf or curdy spume, seeming
to forget .
Retake later the advance and
are replaced by succeeding hordes
pushing forward—they coalesce now
glass-smooth with their swiftness,
quiet or seem to quiet as at the close
they leap to the conclusion and
fall, fall in air! as if
floating, relieved of their weight,
split apart, ribbons; dazed, drunk
with the catastrophe of the descent
floating unsupported
to hit the rocks: to a thunder,
as if lightning had struck

All lightness lost, weight regained in
the repulse, a fury of
escape driving them to rebound
upon those coming after—
keeping nevertheless to the stream, they
retake their course, the air full
of the tumult and of spray
connotative of the equal air, coeval,
filling the void

And there, against him, stretches the low mountain.
The Park's her head, carved, above the Falls, by the quiet
river; Colored crystals the secret of those rocks;
farms and ponds, laurel and the temperate wild cactus,
yellow flowered . . . facing him, his
arm supporting her, by the Valley of the Rocks, asleep.
Pearls at her ankles, her monstrous hair
spangled with apple-blossoms is scattered about into
the back country, waking their dreams—where the deer run
and the wood-duck nests protecting his gallant plumage.

In February 1857, David Hower, a poor shoemaker with a large
family, out of work and money, collected a lot of mussels from
Notch Brook near the City of Paterson. He found in eating them
many hard substances. At first he threw them away but at last submitted some of them to a jeweler who gave him twenty-five to thirty dollars for the lot. Later he found others. One pearl of fine lustre was sold to Tiffany for $900 and later to the Empress Eugenie for $2,000 to be known thenceforth as the “Queen Pearl,” the finest of its sort in the world today.

News of this sale created such excitement that search for the pearls was started throughout the country. The Unios (mussels) at Notch Brook and elsewhere were gathered by the millions and destroyed often with little or no result. A large round pearl, weighing 400 grains which would have been the finest pearl of modern times, was ruined by boiling open the shell.

Twice a month Paterson receives communications from the Pope and Jacques Barzun (Isocrates). His works have been done into French and Portuguese. And clerks in the post-office ungum rare stamps from his packages and steal them for their childrens’ albums

Say it! No ideas but in things. Mr. Paterson has gone away to rest and write. Inside the bus one sees his thoughts sitting and standing. His thoughts alight and scatter—

Who are these people (how complex the mathematic) among whom I see myself in the regularly ordered plateglass of his thoughts, glimmering before shoes and bicycles? They walk incommunicado, the equation is beyond solution, yet its sense is clear—that they may live his thought is listed in the Telephone Directory—
And derivatively, for the Great Falls,
PISS-AGH! the giant lets fly! good Muncie, too

They craved the miraculous!

A gentleman of the Revolutionary Army, after describing the Falls, thus describes another natural curiosity then existing in the community: In the afternoon we were invited to visit another curiosity in the neighborhood. This is a monster in human form, he is twenty-seven years of age, his face from the upper part of his forehead to the end of his chin, measures twenty-seven inches, and around the upper part of his head is twenty-one inches: his eyes and nose are remarkably large and prominent, chin long and pointed. His features are coarse, irregular and disgusting, his voice rough and sonorous. His body is twenty-seven inches in length, his limbs are small and much deformed, and he has the use of one hand only. He has never been able to sit up, as he cannot support the enormous weight of his head; but he is constantly in a large cradle, with his head supported in pillows. He is visited by great numbers of people, and is peculiarly fond of the company of clergymen, always inquiring for them among his visitors, and taking great pleasure in receiving religious instruction. General Washington made him a visit, and asked “whether he was a Whig or a Tory.” He replied that he had never taken an active part on either side.

A wonder! A wonder!

From the ten houses Hamilton saw when he looked (at the falls!) and kept his counsel, by the middle of the century—the mills had drawn a heterogeneous population. There were in 1870, native born 20,711, which would of course include children of foreign parents; foreign 12,868 of whom 237 were French, 1,420 German, 3,343 English—(Mr. Lambert who later built the Castle among them), 5,124 Irish, 879 Scotch, 1,360 Hollanders and 170 Swiss—

Around the falling waters the Furies hurl!
Violence gathers, spins in their heads summoning them:

The twaalf, or striped bass was also abundant, and even sturgeon, of a huge bigness, were frequently caught:— On Sunday, August
31, 1817, one seven feet six inches long, and weighing 126 pounds, was captured a short distance below the Falls basin. He was pelted with stones by boys until he was exhausted, whereupon one of them, John Winters, waded into the water and clambered on the back of the huge fish, while another seized him by the throat and gills, and brought him ashore. The Bergen Express and Paterson Advertiser of Wednesday, September 3, 1817, devoted half a column to an account of the incident, under the heading, “The Monster Taken.”

They begin!
The perfections are sharpened
The flower spreads its colored petals
  wide in the sun
But the tongue of the bee
  misses them
They sink back into the loam
  crying out
—you may call it a cry
that creeps over them, a shiver
  as they wilt and disappear:
Marriage come to have a shuddering
  implication

Crying out
or take a lesser satisfaction:
  a few go
to the Coast without gain—
The language is missing them
  they die also
  incommunicado.

The language, the language
  fails them
They do not know the words
  or have not
the courage to use them
  —girls from
families that have decayed and
taken to the hills: no words.
They may look at the torrent in
their minds
and it is foreign to them.

They turn their backs
and grow faint—but recover!
Life is sweet
they say: the language!
— the language
is divorced from their minds,
the language . . . the language!

If there was not beauty, there was a strangeness and a bold association of wild and cultured life grew up together in the Ramapos: two phases.

In the hills, where the brown trout slithered among the shallow stones, Ringwood—where the old Ryerson farm had been—among its velvet lawns, was ringed with forest trees, the butternut, and the elm, the white oak, the chestnut and the beech, the birches, the tupelo, the sweet-gum, the wild cherry and the hackleberry with its red tumbling fruit.

While in the forest clustered the ironworkers’ cabins, the charcoal burners, the lime kiln workers—hidden from lovely Ringwood—where General Washington, gracing any poem, up from Pompton for rest after the traitors’ hangings could be at ease—and the links were made for the great chain across the Hudson at West Point.

Violence broke out in Tennessee, a massacre by the Indians, hangings and exile—standing there on the scaffold waiting, sixty of them. The Tuscaroras, forced to leave their country, were invited by the Six Nations to join them in Upper New York. The bucks went on ahead but some of the women and the stragglers got no further than the valley-cleft near Suffern. They took to the mountains there where they were joined by Hessian deserters from the British Army, a number of albinos among them, escaped negro slaves and a lot of women and their brats released in New York City after the British had been forced to leave. They had them in a pen there—picked up in Liverpool and elsewhere by a man named Jackson
under contract with the British Government to provide women for the soldiers in America.

The mixture ran in the woods and took the general name, Jackson's Whites. (There had been some blacks also, mixed in, some West Indian negresses, a ship-load, to replace the whites lost when their ship, one of six coming from England, had foundered in a storm at sea. He had to make it up somehow and that was the quickest and cheapest way.)

New Barbadoes Neck, the region was called.

Cromwell, in the middle of the seventeenth century, shipped some thousands of Irish women and children to the Barbadoes to be sold as slaves. Forced by their owners to mate with the others these unfortunates were succeeded by a few generations of Irish-speaking negroes and mulattoes. And it is commonly asserted to this day the natives of Barbadoes speak with an Irish brogue.

I remember

a Geographic picture, the 9 women

of some African chief semi-naked

astraddle a log, an official log to be presumed, heads left:

Foremost

froze the young and latest,

erect, a proud queen, conscious of her power,

mud-caked, her monumental hair slanted above the brows—violently frowning.

Behind her, packed tight up

in a descending scale of freshness

stiffened the others

and then . . .

the last, the first wife,

present! supporting all the rest growing up from her—whose careworn eyes serious, menacing—but unabashed; breasts sagging from hard use . . .
Whereas the appointed breasts of that other, tense, charged with pressures unrelieved, and the rekindling they bespoke was evident.

Not that the lightnings do not stab at the mystery of a man from both ends—and the middle, no matter how much a chief he may be, rather the more because of it, to destroy him at home

Womanlike, a vague smile, unattached, floating like a pigeon after a long flight to his cot.

Mrs. Sarah Cumming, consort of the Rev. Hopper Cumming, of Newark, was a daughter of the late Mr. John Emmons, of Portland, in the district of Maine. . . She had been married about two months, and was blessed with a flattering prospect of no common share of Temporal felicity and usefulness in the sphere which Providence had assigned her; but oh, how uncertain is the continuance of every earthly joy.

On Saturday, the 20th of June, 1812, the Rev. Cumming rode with his wife to Paterson, in order to supply, by presbyterial appointment, a destitute congregation in that place, on the following day. . . On Monday morning, he went with his beloved companion to show her the falls of the Passaic, and the surrounding beautiful, wild and romantic scenery,—little expecting the solemn event to ensue.

Having ascended the flight of stairs (the Hundred Steps) Mr. and Mrs. Cumming walked over the solid ledge to the vicinity of the cataract, charmed with the wonderful prospect, and making various remarks upon the stupendous works of nature around them. At length they took their station on the brow of the solid rock, which overhangs the basin, six or eight rods from the falling water, where thousands have stood before, and where there is a fine view of the sublime curiosities of the place. When they had enjoyed the luxury of the scene for a considerable length of time, Mr. Cumming said, "My dear, I believe it is time for us to set our face homeward"; and at the same moment, turned round in order to lead the way. He
instantly heard the voice of distress, looked back and his wife was gone!

Mr. Cumming’s sensations on the distressing occasion may, in some measure, be conceived, but they cannot be described. He was on the borders of distraction, and, scarcely knowing what he did, would have plunged into the abyss, had it not been kindly ordered in providence that a young man should be near, who instantly flew to him, like a guardian angel, and held him from a step which his reason, at the time, could not have prevented. This young man led him from the precipice, and conducted him to the ground below the stairs. Mr. Cumming forced himself out of the hands of his protector, and ran with violence, in order to leap into the fatal flood. His young friend, however, caught him once more. . . . Immediate search was made, and diligently continued throughout the day, for the body of Mrs. Cumming; but to no purpose. On the following morning, her mortal part was found in a depth of 42 feet, and, the same day, was conveyed to Newark.

A false language. A true. A false language pouring—a language (misunderstood) pouring (misinterpreted) without dignity, without minister, crashing upon a stone ear. At least it settled it for her. Patch too, as a matter of fact. He became a national hero in ’28, ’29 and toured the country diving from cliffs and masts, rocks and bridges—to prove his thesis: Some things can be done as well as others.

THE GRRRREAT HISTORY of that old time Jersey Patriot

N. F. PATERSON!

(N for Noah; F for Faitoute; P for short)

“Jersey Lightning” to the boys.

So far everything had gone smoothly. The pulley and ropes were securely fastened on each side of the chasm, and everything made in readiness to pull the clumsy bridge into position. It was a wooden
structure boarded up on both sides, and a roof. It was about two o'clock in the afternoon and a large crowd had gathered—a large crowd for that time, as the town only numbered about four thousand—to watch the bridge placed in position.

That day was a great day for old Paterson. It being Saturday, the mills were shut down, so to give the people a chance to celebrate. Among those who came in for a good part of the celebration was Sam Patch, then a resident in Paterson, who was a boss over cotton spinners in one of the mills. He was my boss, and many a time he gave me a cuff over the ears.

Well, this day the constables were on the look for Patch, because they thought he would be on a spree and cause trouble. Patch had declared so frequently that he would jump from the rocks that he was placed under arrest at various times. He had previously been locked up in the basement under the bank with a bad case of delirium tremens, but on the day the bridge was pulled across the chasm he was let out. Some thought he was crazy. They were not far wrong.

But the happiest man in the town that day was Timothy B. Crane, who had charge of the bridge. Tim Crane was a hotel keeper and kept a tavern on the Manchester side of the Falls. His place was a great resort for circus men. Such famous circus men of the long ago as Dan Rice and James Cooke, the great bareback rider, visited him.

Tim Crane built the bridge because his rival, Fyfield, who kept the tavern on the other side of the falls, was getting the benefit of the "Jacob's Ladder," as it was sometimes called—the "hundred steps," a long, rustic, winding stairs in the gorge leading to the opposite side of the river—it making his place more easy to get to. . . . Crane was a very robust man over six feet tall. He wore side whiskers. He was well known to the other citizens as a man of much energy and no little ability. In his manner he resembled the large, rugged stature of Sam Patch.

When the word was given to haul the bridge across the chasm, the crowd rent the air with cheers. But they had only pulled it half way over when one of the rolling pins slid from the ropes into the water below.

While all were expecting to see the big, clumsy bridge topple over and land in the chasm, as quick as a flash a form leaped out from the highest point and struck with a splash in the dark water below, swam to the wooden pin and brought it ashore. This was the starting point of Sam Patch's career as a famous jumper. I saw that, said the old man with satisfaction, and I don't believe there is
another person in the town today who was an eye-witness of that scene. These were the words that Sam Patch said: "Now, old Tim Crane thinks he has done something great; but I can beat him." As he spoke he jumped.

There's no mistake in Sam Patch!

The water pouring still
from the edge of the rocks, filling
his ears with its sound, hard to interpret.
A wonder!

After this start he toured the West, his only companions a fox and a bear which he picked up in his travels.

He jumped from a rocky ledge at Goat Island into the Niagara River. Then he announced that before returning to the Jerseys he was going to show the West one final marvel. He would leap 125 feet from the falls of the Genesee River on November 13, 1829. Excursions came from great distances in the United States and even from Canada to see the wonder.

A platform was built at the edge of the falls. He went to great trouble to ascertain the depth of the water below. He even successfully performed one practice leap.

On the day the crowds were gathered on all sides. He appeared and made a short speech as he was wont to do. A speech! What could he say that he must leap so desperately to complete it? And plunged toward the stream below. But instead of descending with a plummet-like fall his body wavered in the air—Speech had failed him. He was confused. The word had been drained of its meaning. There's no mistake in Sam Patch. He struck the water on his side and disappeared.

A great silence followed as the crowd stood spellbound.
Not until the following spring was the body found frozen in an ice-cake.

He threw his pet bear once from the cliff overlooking the Niagara rapids and rescued it after, down stream.
There is no direction. Whither? I cannot say. I cannot say more than how. The how (the howl) only is at my disposal (proposal): watching—colder than stone.

a bud forever green, tight-curled, upon the pavement, perfect in juice and substance but divorced, divorced from its fellows, fallen low—

Divorce is the sign of knowledge in our time, divorce! divorce!

with the roar of the river forever in our ears (arrears) inducing sleep and silence, the roar of eternal sleep challenging our waking—

—unfledged desire, irresponsible, green, colder to the hand than stone, unready—challenging our waking:

Two halfgrown girls hailing hallowed Easter, (an inversion of all out-of-doors) weaving about themselves, from under the heavy air, whorls of thick translucencies poured down, cleaving them away, shut from the light: bare-headed, their clear hair dangling—
Two—
disparate among the pouring
waters of their hair in which nothing is
molten—
two, bound by an instinct to be the same:
ribbons, cut from a piece,
cerise pink, binding their hair: one—
a willow twig pulled from a low
leafless bush in full bud in her hand,
(or eels or a moon!)
holds it, the gathered spray,
upright in the air, the pouring air,
strokes the soft fur—

Ain't they beautiful!

Certainly I am not a robin nor erudite,
no Erasmus nor bird that returns to the same
ground year by year. Or if I am the ground has undergone
a subtle transformation, its identity altered.

Indians!

Why even speak of "I," he dreams, which interests me almost not at all?

The theme
is as it may prove: asleep, unrecognized—all of a piece, alone
in a wind that does not move the others—in that way: a way to spend
a Sunday afternoon while the green bush shakes.
... a mass of detail
to interrelate on a new ground, difficultly;
an assonance, a homologue
triple piled
pulling the disparate together to clarify
and compress

the river, curling, full—as a bush shakes
and a white crane will fly
and settle later! White, in
the shallows among the blue-flowered
pickerel-weed, in summer, summer! if it should ever come, in the shallow water!

On the embankment a short,
compact cone (juniper)
that trembles frantically
in the indifferent gale: male—stands rooted there.

The thought returns: Why have I not but for imagined beauty where there is none or none available, long since put myself deliberately in the way of death?

Stale as a whale's breath: breath!

Breath!

Patch leaped but Mrs. Cumming shrieked and fell—unseen (though she had been standing there beside her husband half an hour or more twenty feet from the edge).

: a body found next spring frozen in an ice-cake; or a body fished next day from the muddy swirl—
both-silent, uncommunicative

Only of late, late! begun to know, to
know clearly (as through clear ice) whence
I draw my breath or how to employ it
clearly—if not well:

Clearly!
speaks the red-breast his behest. Clearly!
clearly!

—and watch, wrapt! one branch
of the tree at the fall's edge, one
mottled branch, withheld,
among the gyrate branches
of the waist-thick sycamore,
sway less, among the rest, separate, slowly
with giraffish awkwardness, slightly
on a long axis, so slightly
as hardly to be noticed, in itself the tempest:

Thus

the first wife, with giraffish awkwardness
among thick lightnings that stab at
the mystery of a man: in sum, a sleep, a
source, a scourge

on a log, her varnished hair
trussed up like a termite's nest (forming
the lines) and, her old thighs
gripping the log reverently, that,
all of a piece, holds up the others—
alert: begin to know the mottled branch
that sings
certainly NOT the university,
a green bud fallen upon the pavement its
sweet breath suppressed: Divorce (the
language stutters)

unfledged:
two sisters from whose open mouths
Easter is born—crying aloud,

Divorce!

While
the green bush sways: is whence
I draw my breath, swaying, all of a piece,
separate, livens briefly, for the moment
unafraid ...

Which is to say, though it be poorly
said, there is a first wife
and a first beauty, complex, ovate—
the woody sepals standing back under
the stress to hold it there, innate

a flower within a flower whose history
(within the mind) crouching
among the ferny rocks, laughs at the names
by which they think to trap it. Escapes!
Never by running but by lying still—

A history that has, by its den in the
rocks, bole and fangs, its own cane-brake
whence, half hid, canes and stripes
blending, it grins (beauty defied)
not for the sake of the encyclopedia.
Were we near enough its stinking breath
would fell us. The temple upon
the rock is its brother, whose majesty
lies in jungles—made to spring,
at the rifle-shot of learning: to kill

and grind those bones:

These terrible things they reflect:
the snow falling into the water,
part upon the rock, part in the dry weeds
and part into the water where it
vanishes—its form no longer what it was:

the bird alighting, that pushes
its feet forward to take up the impetus
and falls forward nevertheless
among the twigs. The weak-necked daisy
bending to the wind

The sun
winding the yellow bindweed about a
bush; worms and gnats, life under a stone.
The pitiful snake with its mosaic skin
and frantic tongue. The horse, the bull
the whole din of fracturing thought
as it falls tinnily to nothing upon the streets
and the absurd dignity of a locomotive
hauling freight—

Pithy philosophies of
daily exits and entrances, with books
propping up one end of the shaky table—
The vague accuracies of events dancing two
and two with language which they
forever surpass—and dawns
tangled in darkness—
The giant in whose apertures we cohabit, unaware of what air supports us—the vague, the particular no less vague

his thoughts, the stream
and we, we two, isolated in the stream, we also: three alike—

we sit and talk
I wish to be with you abed, we two as if the bed were the bed of a stream—I have much to say to you

We sit and talk, quietly, with long lapses of silence and I am aware of the stream that has no language, coursing beneath the quiet heaven of your eyes

which has no speech; to go to bed with you, to pass beyond the moment of meeting, while the currents float still in mid-air, to fall— with you from the brink, before the crash—

to seize the moment.

We sit and talk, sensing a little the rushing impact of the giants' violent torrent rolling over us, a few moments.

If I should demand it, as it has been demanded of others
and given too swiftly, and you should consent. If you would consent

We sit and talk and the silence speaks of the giants who have died in the past and have returned to those scenes unsatisfied and who is not unsatisfied, the silent, Singac the rock-shoulder emerging from the rocks—and the giants live again in your silence and unacknowledged desire—

And the air lying over the water lifts the ripples, brother to brother, touching as the mind touches, counter-current, upstream brings in the fields, hot and cold parallel but never mingling, one that whirls backward at the brink and curls invisibly upward, fills the hollow, whirling, an accompaniment—but apart, observant of the distress, sweeps down or up clearing the spray—

brings in the rumors of separate worlds, the birds as against the fish, the grape to the green weed that streams out undulant with the current at low tide beside the bramble in blossom, the storm by the flood— song and wings—

one unlike the other, twin of the other, conversant with eccentricities side by side, bearing the water-drops and snow, vergent, the water soothing the air when it drives in among the rocks fitfully—
While at 10,000 feet, coming in over
the sombre mountains of Haiti, the land-locked
bay back of Port au Prince, blue vitreol
streaked with paler streams, shabby as loose
hair, badly dyed—like chemical waste
mixed in, eating out the shores

He pointed it down and struck the rough
waters of the bay, hard; but lifted it again and
coming-down gradually, hit again hard but
remained down to taxi to the pier where
they were waiting—

(Thence Carlos had fled in the 70's
leaving the portraits of my grandparents,
the furniture, the silver, even the meal
hot upon the table before the Revolutionists
coming in at the far end of the street.)

I was over to see my mother today. My sister, "Billy," was at the
schoolhouse. I never go when she is there. My mother had a sour
stomach, yesterday. I found her in bed. However, she had helped
"Billy" do up the work. My mother has always tried to do her part,
and she is always trying to do something for her children. A few
days before I left I found her starting to mend my trousers. I took
them away from her and said, "Mother, you can't do that for me,
with your crippled head. You know. I always get Louisa or Mrs.
Tony to do that work for me." "Billy" looked up and said, "It's too
bad about you."

I have already told you I helped with the work, did dishes, three
times daily, swept and mopped floors, porches and cleaned yards,
mowed the lawn, tarred the roofs, did repair work and helped
wash, brought in the groceries and carried out the pots and washed
them each morning, even "Billy's" with dung in it, sometimes, and
did other jobs and then it was not uncommon for "Billy" to say:
"You don't do anything here." Once she even said, "I saw you out
there the other morning sweeping porches, pretending you were
doing something."

Of course, "Billy" has been chopped on by the surgical chopper
and has gone through the menopause and she had a stroke of facial
paralysis, but she has always been eccentric and wanted to boss.
My Hartford sister said she used to run over her until she became
big enough to thosh her. I have seen her slap her husband square
in the face. I would have knocked her so far she would not have
got back in a week. She has run at me with a poker, etc., but I always
told her not to strike. “Don’t make that mistake.” I would always
caution.

“Billy” is a good worker and thorough going but she wants to lay
blame—always on the other fellow. I told my buddie, in Hartford,
she was just like our landlady, the pistol. He said he had a sister
just like that.

As to my mother, she is obsessed with fire. That’s why she doesn’t
want me to stay there, alone, when she is dead. The children have
all said for years, she thinks more of me than any child she has.

They fall, they limp with corns. I
think he means to kill me, I don’t know
what to do. He comes in after midnight,
I pretend to be asleep. He stands there,
I feel him looking down at me, I
am afraid!

A summer evening?

A quart of potatoes, half a dozen oranges,
a bunch of beets and some soup greens.
Look, I have a new set of teeth. Why you
look ten years younger.

But never, in despair and anxiety,
forget to drive wit in, in till it discover
his thoughts, decorous and simple,
and never forget that though his thoughts
are decorous and simple, the despair
and anxiety: the grace and detail of
a dynamo—

So in his high decorum he is wise.
A delirium of solutions, forthwith, forces him into back streets, to begin again: up hollow stairs among acrid smells to obscene rendezvous. And there he finds a festering sweetness of red lollipops—and a yelping dog:

Come YEAH, Chichi! Or a great belly that no longer laughs but mourns with its expressionless black navel love's deceit.

They are the divisions and imbalances of his whole concept, made weak by pity, flouting desire; they are—No ideas but in the facts.

I positively feel no rancour against you, but will urge you toward those vapory ends, and implore you to submit to your own myths, and that any postponement in doing so is a lie for you. Delay makes us villainous and cheap: All that I can say of myself and of others is that it matters not so much how a man lies or fornicates or even loves money, provided that he has not a Pontius Pilate but an hungered Lazarus in his intestines. Once Plotinus asked, “What is philosophy?” and he replied, “What is most important.” The late Miguel de Unamuno also cried out, not “More light; more light!” as Goethe did when he was dying, but “More warmth, more warmth!” I hate more than anything else the mocking stone bowels of Pilate; I abhor that more than cozening and falsehoods and the little asps of malice that are on all carnal tongues. That is why I am attacking you, as you put it, not because I think you cheat or lie for self, but because you lie and chafe and gull whenever you see a jot of the torn Galilean in a man’s intestines. You hate it; it makes you writhe; that’s why all the Americans so dote upon that canaille word, extrovert. Of course, nature in you knows better as some very lovely passages that you have written show.

But to conclude, you and I can do without each other, in the usual way of the sloughy habits and manners of people. I can continue with my monologue of life and death until inevitable annihilation. But it’s wrong. And as I have said, whatever snares I make for myself, I won’t weep over Poe, or Rilke, or Dickinson, or Gogol, while I turn away the few waifs and Ishmaels of the spirit in this
country. I have said that the artist is an Ishmael; Call me Ishmael, says Melville in the very first line of Moby Dick; he is the wild ass of a man;—Ishmael means affliction. You see, I am always concerned with the present when I read the plaintive epitaphs in the American graveyard of literature and poetry, and in weighing the head and the heart that ached in the land, that you are not. With you the book is one thing, and the man who wrote it another. The conception of time in literature and in chronicles makes it easy for men to make such hoax cleavages. But I am getting garrulous:—

E. D.
How strange you are, you idiot!
So you think because the rose
is red that you shall have the mastery?
The rose is green and will bloom,
overtopping you, green, livid
green when you shall no more speak, or
taste, or even be. My whole life
has hung too long upon a partial victory.

But, creature of the weather, I
don't want to go any faster than
I have to go to win.

Music it for yourself.

He picked a hairpin from the floor
and stuck it in his ear, probing
around inside—

The melting snow
dripped from the cornice by his window
90 strokes a minute—

He descried
in the linoleum at his feet a woman's
face, smelled his hands,

strong of a lotion he had used
not long since, lavender,
rolled his thumb

about the tip of his left index finger
and watched it dip each time,
like the head
of a cat licking its paw, heard the faint filing sound it made: of earth his ears are full, there is no sound:

And his thoughts soared to the magnificence of imagined delights where he would probe

as into the pupil of an eye as through a hoopole of fire, and emerge sheathed in a robe streaming with light. What heroic dawn of desire is denied to his thoughts?

They are trees from whose leaves streaming with rain his mind drinks of desire:

Who is younger than I? The contemptible twig? that I was? stale in mind whom the dirt

recently gave up? Weak to the wind. Gracile? Taking up no place, too narrow to be engraved with the maps

of a world it never knew, the green and dovegrey countries of the mind.
A mere stick that has
twenty leaves
against my convolutions.
What shall it become,

Snot nose, that I have
not been?
I enclose it and
persist, go on.

Let it rot, at my center.
Whose center?
I stand and surpass
youth's leanness.

My surface is myself.
Under which
to witness, youth is
buried. Roots?

Everybody has roots.

We go on living, we permit ourselves
to continue—but certainly
not for the university, what they publish

severally or as a group: clerks
got out of hand forgetting for the most part
to whom they are beholden.

spitted on fixed concepts like
roasting hogs, sputtering, their drip sizzling
in the fire

Something else, something else the same.
He was more concerned, much more concerned with detaching the label from a discarded mayonnaise jar, the glass jar in which some patient had brought a specimen for examination, than to examine and treat the twenty and more infants taking their turn from the outer office, their mothers tormented and jabbering. He'd stand in the alcove pretending to wash, the jar at the bottom of the sink well out of sight and, as the rod of water came down, work with his fingernail in the splash at the edge of the colored label striving to loose the tightly glued paper. It must have been varnished over, he argued, to have it stick that way. One corner of it he'd got loose in spite of all and would get the rest presently: talking pleasantly the while and with great skill to the anxious parent.

Will you give me a baby? asked the young colored woman in a small voice standing naked by the bed. Refused she shrank within herself. She too refused. It makes me too nervous, she said, and pulled the covers round her.

Instead, this:

In time of general privation
a private herd, 20 quarts of milk
to the main house and 8 of cream,
all the fresh vegetables, sweet corn,
a swimming pool, (empty!) a building
covering an acre kept heated
winter long (to conserve the plumbing)
Grapes in April, orchids
like weeds, uncut, at tropic
heat while the snow flies, left
to droop on the stem, not even
exhibited at the city show. To every
employee from the top down
the same in proportion—as many as
there are: butter daily by
the pound lot, fresh greens—even to
the gate-keeper. A special French maid,
her sole duty to groom
the pet Pomeranians—who sleep.
Cornelius Doremus, who was baptized at Acquackonock in 1714, and died near Montville in 1803, was possessed of goods and chattels appraised at $419.58. He was 89 years old when he died, and doubtless had turned his farm over to his children, so that he retained only what he needed for his personal comfort:

24 shirts at .82 1/2 cents, $19.88; 5 sheets, $7.00; 4 pillow cases, $2.12; 4 pair trousers, $2.00; 1 sheet, $1.37 1/2; a handkerchief, $1.75; 8 caps, .75 cents; 2 pairs shoe buckles and knife, .25 cents; 14 pairs stockings, $5.25; 2 pairs "Mittins", .63 cents; 1 linen jacket, .50 cents; 4 pairs breeches, $2.63; 4 waist coats, $3.50; 5 coats, $4.75; 1 yellow coat, $5.00; 2 hats, .25 cents; 1 pair shoes, .12 1/2 cents; 1 chest, .75 cents; 1 large chair, $1.50; 1 chest, .12 1/2 cents; 1 pair andirons, $1.00; 1 bed and bedding, $18.00; 2 pocketbooks, .37 1/2 cents; 1 small trunk, .19 1/2 cents; Kastor hot, .87 1/2 cents; 3 reeds, $1.66; 1 "Quill wheal," .50 cents.

Who restricts knowledge? Some say it is the decay of the middle class making an impossible moat between the high and the low where the life once flourished knowledge of the avenues of information—So that we do not know (in time) where the stasis lodges. And if it is not the knowledgeable idiots, the university, they at least are the non-purveyors should be devising means to leap the gap. Inlets? The outward masks of the special interests that perpetuate the stasis and make it profitable.

They block the release that should cleanse and assume prerogatives as a private recompense. Others are also at fault because they do nothing.
By nightfall of the 18th, acres of mud were exposed and the water mostly had been drawn off. The fish did not run into the nets. But a black crowd of people could be seen from the cars, standing about under the willows, watching the men and boys on the drained lake bottom . . . some hundred yards in front of the dam.

The whole bottom was covered with people, and the big eels, weighing from three to four pounds each, would approach the edge and then the boys would strike at them. From this time everybody got all they wanted in a few moments.

On the morning of the 30th, the boys and men were still there. There seemed to be no end to the stock of eels especially. All through the year fine messes of fish have been taken from the lake; but nobody dreamt of the quantity that were living in it. Singularly to say not a snake had been seen. The fish and eels seemed to have monopolized the lake entirely. Boys in bathing had often reported the bottom as full of big snakes that had touched their feet and limbs but they were without doubt the eels.

Those who prepared the nets were not the ones who got the most fish. It was the hoodlums and men who leaped into the mud and water where the nets could not work that rescued from the mud and water the finest load of fish.

A man going to the depot with a peach basket gave the basket to a boy and he filled it in five minutes, deftly snapping the vertebrae back of the heads to make them stay in, and he charged the modest sum of 15 cents for the basket full of eels. The crowd increased. There were millions of fish. Wagons were sent for to carry away the heaps that lined both sides of the roadway. Little boys were dragging behind them all they could carry home, strung on sticks and in bags and baskets. There were heaps of catfish all along the walk, bunches of suckers and pike, and there were three black bass on one stick, a silk weaver had caught them. At a quarter past seven a wagon body was filled with fish and eels . . . four wagon loads had been carried away.

At least fifty men in the lake were hard at work and had sticks with which they struck the big eels and benumbed them as they glided along the top of the mud in shoal water, and so were able to hold them until they could carry them out: the men and boys splashed about in the mud . . . Night did not put an end to the scene. All night long with lights on shore and lanterns over the mud, the work went on.
Moveless he envies the men that ran and could run off toward the peripheries— to other centers, direct—for clarity (if they found it) loveliness and authority in the world—
a sort of springtime toward which their minds aspired but which he saw, within himself—ice bound
and leaped, "the body, not until the following spring, frozen in an ice cake"

Shortly before two o'clock August 16, 1875, Mr. Leonard Sandford, of the firm of Post and Sandford, while at work on the improvements for the water company, at the Falls, was looking into the chasm near the wheel house of the water works. He saw what looked like a mass of clothing, and on peering intently at times as the torrent sank and rose, he could distinctly see the legs of a man, the body being lodged between two logs, in a very extraordinary manner. It was in the "crotch" of these logs that the body was caught.
The sight of a human body hanging over the precipice was indeed one which was as novel as it was awful in appearance. The news of its finding attracted a very large number of visitors all that day.

What more, to carry the thing through?

Half the river red, half steaming purple from the factory vents, spewed out hot, swirling, bubbling. The dead bank, shining mud
What can he think else—along
the gravel of the ravished park, torn by
the wild workers' children tearing up the grass,
kicking, screaming? A chemistry, corollary
to academic misuse, which the theorem
with accuracy, accurately misses.

He thinks: their mouths eating and kissing,
spitting and sucking, speaking; a
parttype of five.

He thinks: two eyes; nothing escapes them,
neither the convolutions of the sexual orchid
hedged by fern and honey-smells, to
the last hair of the consent of the dying.

And silk spins from the hot drums to a music
of pathetic souvenirs, a comb and nail-file
in an imitation leather case—to
remind him, to remind him! and
a photograph-holder with pictures of himself
between the two children, all returned
weeping, weeping—in the back room
of the widow who married again, a vile tongue
but laborious ways, driving a drunken
husband.

What do I care for the flies, shit with them.
I'm out of the house all day.

Into the sewer they threw the dead horse.
What birth does this foretell? I think
he'll write a novel bye and bye.

P. Your interest is in the bloody loam but what
I'm after is the finished product.
I. Leadership passes into empire; empire begets insolence; insolence brings ruin.

Such is the mystery of his one two, one two. And so among the rest he drives in his new car out to the suburbs, out by the rhubarb farm—a simple thought—where the convent of the Little Sisters of St. Ann pretends a mystery.

What irritation of offensively red brick is this, red as poor-man’s flesh? Anachronistic?

The mystery of streets and back rooms—wiping the nose on sleeves, come here to dream.

Tenement windows, sharp edged, in which no face is seen—though curtainless, into which no more than birds and insects look or the moon stares, concerning which they dare look back, by times.

It is the complement exact of vulgar streets, a mathematic calm, controlled, the architecture mete, sinks there, lifts here the same blank and staring eyes.

An incredible clumsiness of address, senseless rapes—caught on hands and knees scrubbing a greasy corridor; the blood boiling as though in a vat, where they soak—

Plaster saints, glass jewels and those apt paper flowers, bafflingly
complex—have here
their forthright beauty, beside:

Things, things unmentionable,
the sink with the waste farina in it and
lumps of rancid meat, milk-bottle-tops: have
here a tranquility and loveliness
Have here (in his thoughts)
a complement tranquil and chaste.

He shifts his change:

"The 7th, December, this year, (1737) at night, was a large shock
of an earthquake, accompanied with a remarkable rumbling noise;
people waked in their beds, the doors flew open, bricks fell from
the chimneys; the consternation was serious, but happily no great
damage ensued."

Thought clambers up,
snail like, upon the wet rocks
hidden from sun and sight—
       hedged in by the pouring torrent—
and has its birth and death there
in that moist chamber, shut from
the world—and unknown to the world,
cloaks itself in mystery—

And the myth
that holds up the rock,
that holds up the water thrives there—
in that cavern, that profound cleft,
       a flickering green
inspiring terror, watching .

And standing, shrouded there, in that din,
Earth, the chatterer, father of all
speech .

39
N.B. “In order apparently to bring the meter still more within the sphere of prose and common speech, Hipponax ended his iambics with a spondee or a trochee instead of an iambus, doing thus the utmost violence to the rhythmical structure. These deformed and mutilated verses were called χωλλαμβοι or ῤαμβοι σκάικοντες (lame or limping iambics). They communicated a curious crustiness to the style. The choliambi are in poetry what the dwarf or cripple is in human nature. Here again, by their acceptance of this halting meter, the Greeks displayed their acute aesthetic sense of propriety, recognizing the harmony which subsists between crabbed verses and the distorted subjects with which they dealt—the vices and per­versions of humanity—as well as their agreement with the snarling spirit of the satirist. Deformed verse was suited to deformed morality.”

—Studies of the Greek Poets, John Addington Symonds
Vol. I, p. 284
Book Two
Sunday in the Park

Outside

outside myself there is a world,

he rumbled, subject to my incursions
—a world

(to me) at rest,

which I approach

concretely—

The scene’s the Park
upon the rock,

female to the city

—upon whose body Paterson instructs his thoughts
(concretely)

—late spring,

a Sunday afternoon!

—and goes by the footpath to the cliff (counting:
the proof)

himself among the others,
—treads there the same stones
on which their feet slip as they climb,
paced by their dogs!

laughing, calling to each other—

Wait for me!
. . . the ugly legs of the young girls,  
pistons too powerful for delicacy! . .  
the men's arms, red, used to heat and cold,  
to toss quartered beeves and . . .

Yah! Yah! Yah! Yah! Yah!

—over-riding

the risks:

pouring down!

For the flower of a day!

Arrived breathless, after a hard climb he,  
looks back (beautiful but expensive!) to  
the pearl-grey towers! Re-turns  
and starts, possessive, through the trees,

— that love,  
that is not, is not in those terms  
to which I'm still the positive  
in spite of all;  
the ground dry, — passive-possessive

Walking —

Thickets gather about groups of squat sand-pine,  
all but from bare rock . . .

—a scattering of man-high cedars (sharp cones),  
antlered sumac . . .

—roots, for the most part, writhing  
upon the surface  
(so close are we to ruin every  
day!)  
searching the punk-dry rot
Walking

The body is tilted slightly forward from the basic standing position and the weight thrown on the ball of the foot, while the other thigh is lifted and the leg and opposite arm are swung forward (fig. 6b). Various muscles, aided

Despite my having said that I'd never write to you again, I do so now because I find, with the passing of time, that the outcome of my failure with you has been the complete damming up of all my creative capacities in a particularly disastrous manner such as I have never before experienced.

For a great many weeks now (whenever I've tried to write poetry) every thought I've had, every feeling, has been struck off some surface crust of myself which began gathering when I first sensed that you were ignoring the real contents of my last letters to you, and which finally congealed into some impenetrable substance when you asked me to quit corresponding with you altogether without even an explanation.

That kind of blockage, exiling one's self from one's self—have you ever experienced it? I dare say you have, at moments; and if so, you can well understand what a serious psychological injury it amounts to when turned into a permanent day-to-day condition.

How do I love you? These!

(He hears! Voices indeterminate! Sees them moving, in groups, by twos and threes — filtering off by way of the many bypaths.)

I asked him, What do you do?

He smiled patiently, The typical American question. In Europe they would ask, What are you doing? Or, What are you doing now?

What do I do? I listen, to the water falling. (No sound of it here but with the wind!) This is my entire occupation.

45
No fairer day ever dawned anywhere than May 2, 1880, when the German Singing Societies of Paterson met on Garret Mountain, as they did many years before on the first Sunday in May.

However the meeting of 1880 proved a fatal day, when William Dalzell, who owned a piece of property near the scene of the festivities, shot John Joseph Van Houten. Dalzell claimed that the visitors had in previous years walked over his garden and was determined that this year he would stop them from crossing any part of his grounds.

Immediately after the shot the quiet group of singers was turned into an infuriated mob who would take Dalzell into their own hands. The mob then proceeded to burn the barn into which Dalzell had retreated from the angry group.

Dalzell fired at the approaching mob from a window in the barn and one of the bullets struck a little girl in the cheek. . . . Some of the Paterson Police rushed Dalzell out of the barn to the house of John Ferguson some half furlong away.

The crowd now numbered some ten thousand,

"a great beast!"

for many had come from the city to join the conflict. The case looked serious, for the Police were greatly outnumbered. The crowd then tried to burn the Ferguson house and Dalzell went to the house of John McGuckin. While in this house it was that Sergeant John McBride suggested that it might be well to send for William McNulty, Dean of Saint Joseph’s Catholic Church.

In a moment the Dean set on a plan. He proceeded to the scene in a hack. Taking Dalzell by the arm, in full view of the infuriated mob, he led the man to the hack and seating himself by his side, ordered the driver to proceed. The crowd hesitated, bewildered between the bravery of the Dean and

Signs everywhere of birds nesting, while
in the air, slow, a crow zigzags
with heavy wings before the wasp-thrusts
of smaller birds circling about him
that dive from above stabbing for his eyes

Walking —
he leaves the path, finds hard going
across-field, stubble and matted brambles
seeming a pasture—but no pasture
—old furrows, to say labor sweated or
had sweated here

... a flame,
spent.

The file-sharp grass

When! from before his feet, half tripping,
picking a way, there starts

... a flight of empurpled wings!
invisibly created (their
jackets dust-grey) from the dust kindled
to sudden ardor!

They fly away, churring! until
their strength spent they plunge
to the coarse cover again and disappear
—but leave, livening the mind, a flashing
of wings and a churring song

AND a grasshopper of red basalt, boot-long,
tumbles from the core of his mind,
a rubble-bank disintegrating beneath a
tropic downpour

Chapultepec! grasshopper hill!

—a matt stone solicitously instructed
to bear away some rumor
of the living presence that has preceded
it, out-precedented its breath
These wings do not unfold for flight—no need!
The weight (to the hand) finding
a counter-weight or counter buoyancy
by the mind's wings

He is afraid! What then?

Before his feet, at each step, the flight
is renewed. A burst of wings, a quick
churring sound:

couriers to the ceremonial of love!

—aflame in flight!
—aflame only in flight!

No flesh but the caress!

He is led forward by their announcing wings.

If that situation with you (your ignoring those particular letters
and then your final note) had belonged to the inevitable lacrimae rerum
(as did, for instance, my experience with Z.) its result could
not have been (as it has been) to destroy the validity for me myself
of myself, because in that case nothing to do with my sense of
personal identity would have been maimed—the cause of one's
frustrations in such instances being not in one's self nor in the other
person but merely in the sorry scheme of things. But since your
ignoring those letters was not "natural" in that sense (or rather since
to regard it as unnatural I am forced, psychologically, to feel that
what I wrote you about, was sufficiently trivial and unimportant and
absurd to merit your evasion) it could not but follow that that
whole side of life connected with those letters should in consequence
take on for my own self that same kind of unreality and inaccessi-
sibility which the inner lives of other people often have for us.
—his mind a red stone carved to be endless flight.
Love that is a stone endlessly in flight, so long as stone shall last bearing the chisel’s stroke.

... and is lost and covered with ash, falls from an undermined bank and — begins churring!
AND DOES, the stone after the life!

The stone lives, the flesh dies — we know nothing of death.

—boot long window-eyes that front the whole head, Red stone! as if a light still clung in them.

Love combating sleep the sleep piecemeal

Shortly after midnight, August 20, 1878, special officer Goodridge, when, in front of the Franklin House, heard a strange squealing noise down towards Ellison Street. Running to see what was the matter, he found a cat at bay under the water table at Clark’s hardware store on the corner, confronting a strange black animal too small to be a cat and entirely too large for a rat. The officer ran up to the spot and the animal got in under the grating of the cellar window, from which it frequently poked its head with a lightning rapidity. Mr. Goodridge made several strikes at it with his club but was unable to hit it. Then officer Keyes came along and as soon as he saw it, he said it was a mink, which confirmed the theory that Mr. Goodridge had already formed. Both tried for a while to hit it with their clubs but were unable to do so, when finally officer
Goodridge drew his pistol and fired a shot at the animal. The shot evidently missed its mark, but the noise and powder so frightened the little joker that it jumped out into the street, and made down into Ellison Street at a wonderful gait, closely followed by the two officers. The mink finally disappeared down a cellar window under the grocery store below Spangermacher's lager beer saloon, and that was the last seen of it. The cellar was examined again in the morning, but nothing further could be discovered of the little critter that had caused so much fun.

Without invention nothing is well spaced, unless the mind change, unless the stars are new measured, according to their relative positions, the line will not change, the necessity will not matriculate: unless there is a new mind there cannot be a new line, the old will go on repeating itself with recurring deadliness: without invention nothing lies under the witch-hazel bush, the alder does not grow from among the hummocks margining the all but spent channel of the old swale, the small foot-prints of the mice under the overhanging tufts of the bunch-grass will not appear: without invention the line will never again take on its ancient divisions when the word, a supple word, lived in it, crumbled now to chalk.

Under the bush they lie protected from the offending sun—
11 o'clock

They seem to talk
spark, devoted to pleasure: devoted to grasshoppers!

3 colored girls, of age! stroll by
—their color flagrant,
their voices vagrant
their laughter wild, flagellant, dissociated
from the fixed scene.

But the white girl, her head
upon an arm, a butt between her fingers
lies under the bush.

Semi-naked, facing her, a sunshade
over his eyes,
he talks with her

—the jalopy half hid
behind them in the trees—
I bought a new bathing suit, just
pants and a brassier:
the breasts and
the pudenda covered—beneath

the sun in frank vulgarity.
Minds beaten thin
by waste—among

the working classes SOME sort
of breakdown
has occurred. Semi-roused

they lie upon their blanket
face to face,
mottled by the shadows of the leaves
upon them, unannoyed,
at least here unchallenged.
Not undignified.

talking, flagrant beyond all talk
in perfect domesticity—
And having bathed

and having eaten (a few
sandwiches)
their pitiful thoughts do meet

in the flesh—surrounded
by churring loves! Gay wings
to bear them (in sleep)

—their thoughts alight,
away,
•• among the grass

Walking —

across the old swale—a dry wave in the ground
tho' marked still by the line of Indian alders

•• they (the Indians) would weave
in and out, unseen, among them along the stream

•• come out whooping between the log
house and men working the field, cut them
off! they having left their arms in the block-
house, and—without defense—carry them away
into captivity. One old man

Forget it! for God's sake, Cut
out that stuff
he rejoins the path and sees, on a treeless
knoll—the red path choking it—
a stone wall, a sort of circular
redoubt against the sky, barren and
unoccupied. Mount. Why not?

A chipmunk,
with tail erect, scampers among the stones.

(Thus the mind grows, up flinty pinnacles)

but as he leans, in his stride,
at sight of a flint arrow-head
(it is not)
—there
in the distance, to the north, appear
to him the chronic hills

Well, so they are.

He stops short:

Who's here?

To a stone bench, to which she's leashed,
within the wall a man in tweeds—a pipe hooked in his jaw—is
combing out a new-washed Collie bitch. The deliberate comb-
strokes part the long hair—even her face he combs though her
legs tremble slightly—until it lies, as he designs, like ripples
in white sand giving off its clean-dog odor. The floor, stone
slabs, she stands patiently before his caresses in that bare “sea
chamber”

to the right
from this vantage, the observation tower
in the middle distance stands up prominently
from its pubic grove
Dear B. Please excuse me for not having told you this when I was over to your house. I had no courage to answer your questions so I'll write it. Your dog is going to have puppies although I prayed she would be okey. It wasn't that she was left alone as she never was but I used to let her out at dinner time while I hung up my clothes. At the time, it was on a Thursday, my mother-in-law had some sheets and table cloths out on the end of the line. I figured the dogs wouldn't come as long as I was there and none came thru my yard or near the apartment. He must have come between your hedge and the house. Every few seconds I would run to the end of the line or peek under the sheets to see if Musty was alright. She was until I looked a minute too late. I took sticks and stones after the dog but he wouldn't beat it. George gave me plenty of hell and I started praying that I had frightened the other dog so much that nothing had happened. I know you'll be cursing like a son-of-a-gun and probably won't ever speak to me again for not having told you. Don't think I haven't been worrying about Musty. She's occupied my mind every day since that awful event. You won't think so highly of me now and feel like protecting me. Instead I'll bet you could kill...

And still the picnickers come on, now early afternoon, and scatter through the trees over the fenced-in acres. Voices! multiple and inarticulate voices clattering loudly to the sun, to the clouds. Voices! assaulting the air gaily from all sides.

—among which the ear strains to catch the movement of one voice among the rest—a reed-like voice of peculiar accent

Thus she finds what peace there is, reclines, before his approach, stroked by their clambering feet—for pleasure
It is all for
pleasure their feet aimlessly
wandering

The “great beast” come to sun himself as he may
their dreams mingling, aloof

Let us be reasonable!

Sunday in the park,
limited by the escarpment, eastward; to
the west abutting on the old road: recreation
with a view! the binoculars chained
to anchored stanchions along the east wall—
beyond which, a hawk soars!

—a trumpet sounds fitfully.

Stand at the rampart (use a metronome
if your ear is deficient, one made in Hungary
if you prefer)
and look away north by east where the church
spires still spend their wits against
the sky to the ball-park
in the hollow with its minute figures running
—beyond the gap where the river
plunges into the narrow gorge, unseen

—and the imagination soars, as a voice
beckons, a thundrous voice, endless
—as sleep: the voice
that has ineluctably called them—
that unmoving roar!
churches and factories
(at a price)
together, summoned them from the pit

—his voice, one among many (unheard)
moving under all.

The mountain quivers.

Time! Count! Sever and mark time!

So during the early afternoon, from place
to place he moves,
his voice mingling with other voices
—the voice in his voice
opening his old throat, blowing out his lips,
kindling his mind (more
than his mind will kindle)

—following the hikers.

At last he comes to the idlers' favorite
haunts, the picturesque summit, where
the blue-stone (rust-red where exposed)
has been faulted at various levels
(ferns rife among the stones)
into rough terraces and partly closed in
dens of sweet grass, the ground gently sloping.

Loiterers in groups straggle
over the bare rock-table—scratched by their
boot-nails more than the glacier scratched
them—walking indifferent through
each other's privacy

—in any case,
the center of movement, the core of gaiety.
Here a young man, perhaps sixteen, is sitting with his back to the rock among some ferns playing a guitar, dead pan.

The rest are eating and drinking.

The big guy in the black hat is too full to move.

But Mary is up!

Come on! Wassama! You got broken leg?

It is this air!

the air of the Midi

and the old cultures intoxicates them: present!

—lifts one arm holding the cymbals of her thoughts, cocks her old head and dances! raising her skirts:

La la la la!

What a bunch of bums! Afraid somebody see you?

Blah!

Excrementi!

—she spits.

Look a’ me, Grandma! Everybody too damn lazy.

This is the old, the very old, old upon old, the undying: even to the minute gestures, the hand holding the cup, the wine spilling, the arm stained by it:
Remember

the peon in the lost
Eisenstein film drinking
from a wine-skin with the abandon
of a horse drinking
so that it slopped down his chin?
down his neck, dribbling
over his shirt-front and down
onto his pants—laughing, toothless?

Heavenly man!

—the leg raised, verisimilitude
even to the coarse contours of the leg, the
bovine touch! The leer, the cave of it,
the female of it facing the male, the satyr—
(Priapus!)
with that lonely implication, goatherd
and goat, fertility, the attack, drunk,
cleansed

Rejected. Even the film
suppressed: but persistent

The picnickers laugh on the rocks celebrating
the varied Sunday of their loves with
its declining light—

Walking —
look down (from a ledge) into this grassy den
(somewhat removed from the traffic)
above whose brows
a moon! where she lies sweating at his side:

She stirs, distraught,
against him—wounded (drunk), moves
against him (a lump) desiring,
against him, bored

flagrantly bored and sleeping, a
beer bottle still grasped spear-like
in his hand

while the small, sleepless boys, who
have climbed the columnar rocks
overhanging the pair (where they lie
overt upon the grass, besieged—
careless in their narrow cell under
the crowd's feet) stare down,
from history!
at them, puzzled and in the sexless
light (of childhood) bored equally,
go charging off

There where
the movement throbs openly
and you can hear the Evangelist shouting!

—moving nearer
she—lean as a goat—leans
her lean belly to the man's backside
toying with the clips of his
suspenders
—to which he adds his useless voice:
until there moves in his sleep
a music that is whole, unequivocal (in
his sleep, sweating in his sleep—laboring
against sleep, agasp!)
—and does not waken.

Sees, alive (asleep)
—the fall’s roar entering
his sleep (to be fulfilled)
reborn
in his sleep—scattered over the mountain
severally

—by which he woos her, severally.

And the amnesic crowd (the scattered),
called about — strains
to catch the movement of one voice

hears,

Pleasure! Pleasure!

—feels,

half dismayed, the afternoon of complex
voices its own—
and is relieved
(relived)

A cop is directing traffic
across the main road up
a little wooded slope toward
the conveniences:
oaks, choke-cherry, dogwoods, white and green, iron-wood: humped roots matted into the shallow soil —mostly gone: rock out-croppings polished by the feet of the picnickers: sweetbarked sassafras

leaning from the rancid grease: deformity—

—to be deciphered (a horn, a trumpet!) an elucidation by multiplicity, a corrosion, a parasitic curd, a clarion for belief, to be good dogs:

NO DOGS ALLOWED AT LARGE IN THIS PARK
Blocked.

(Make a song out of that: concretely)

By whom?

In its midst rose a massive church. . . And it all came to me then—that those poor souls had nothing else in the world, save that church, between them and the eternal stony, ungrateful and unpromising dirt they lived by . . . . .

Cash is mulct of them that others may live secure
. . . and knowledge restricted.

An orchestral dullness overlays their world

I see they—the Senate, is trying to block Lilienthal and deliver “the bomb” over to a few industrialists. I don’t think they will succeed but . . . that is what I mean when I refuse to get excited over the cry, Communist! they use to blind us. It’s terrifying to think how easily we can be destroyed, a few votes. Even though Communism is a threat, are Communists any worse than the guilty bastards trying in that way to undermine us?

We leap awake and what we see fells us .

Let terror twist the world!

Faitoute, sick of his diversions but proud of women, his requites, standing with his back to the lions’ pit,

(where the drunken lovers slept, now, both of them)
indifferent,
started again wandering—foot pacing foot outward
into emptiness

Up there.
The cop points.

A sign nailed
to a tree: Women.

You can see figures
moving beyond the screen of the trees and, close
at hand, music blurts out suddenly.

Walking —

cramped arena has been left clear at the base
of the observation tower near the urinals. This
is the Lord's line: Several broken benches
drawn up in a curving row against the shrubbery
face the flat ground, benches on which
a few children have been propped by the others
against their running off

Three middle aged men with iron smiles
stand behind the benches—backing (watching)
the kids, the kids and several women—and
holding,

a cornet, clarinet and trombone,
severally, in their hands, at rest.

There is also,
played by a woman, a portable organ

Before them an old man,
wearing a fringe of long white hair, bareheaded,
his glabrous skull reflecting the sun's
light and in shirtsleeves, is beginning to
speak—
calling to the birds and trees!

Jumping up and down in his ecstasy he beams
into the empty blue, eastward, over the parapet
toward the city

There are people—especially among women—who can speak only
to one person. And I am one of those women. I do not come
easily to confidences (though it cannot but seem otherwise to you).
I could not possibly convey to any one of those people who have
crossed my path in these few months, those particular phases of my
life which I made the subject of my letters to you. I must let myself
be entirely misunderstood and misjudged in all my economic and
social maladjustments, rather than ever attempt to communicate
to anyone else what I wrote to you about. And so my having heaped
these confidences upon you (however tiresome you may have found
them and however far I may yet need to go in the attainment of
complete self-honesty which is difficult for anyone) was enough
in itself to have caused my failure with you to have so disastrous
an effect upon me.

Look, there lies the city!

—calling with his back
to the paltry congregation, calling the winds;
a voice calling, calling

Behind him the drawn children whom his suit
of holy proclamation so very badly fits,
winkless, under duress, must feel
their buttocks ache on the slats of the sodden
benches.

But as he rests, they sing—when
prodded—as he wipes his prismsed brow.

The light
fondles it as if inclined to form a halo—
Then he laughs:

One sees him first. Few listen.
Or, in fact, pay the least
attention, walking about, unless some Polock
with his mouth open tries to make it out,
as if it were some Devil (looks into the faces
of a young couple passing, laughing
together, for some hint) What kind of priest
is this? Alarmed, goes off scowling, looking
back.

This is a Protestant! protesting—as
though the world were his own

—another,
twenty feet off, walks his dog absorbedly
along the wall top—thoughtful of the dog—
at the cliff’s edge above a fifty foot drop

altimately the harangue, followed
by horn blasts surmounting
what other sounds they quit now
as the entranced figure of a man resumes—

But his decoys bring in no ducks—other than
the children with their dusty little minds
and happiest non sequiturs.

No figure
from the clouds seems brought hovering near

The detectives found a note on the kitchen table addressed to a
soldier from Fort Bragg, N. C. The contents of the letter showed
that she was in love with the soldier, the detective said.
This is what the preacher said: Don’t think about me. Call me a stupid old man, that’s right. Yes, call me an old bore who talks until he is hoarse when nobody wants to listen. That’s the truth. I’m an old fool and I know it.

BUT !

You can’t ignore the words of Our Lord Jesus Christ who died on the Cross for us that we may have Eternal Life! Amen.

Amen! Amen!

shouted the disciples standing behind the benches. Amen!

—the spirit of our Lord that gives the words of even such a plain, ignorant fellow as I a touch of His Own blessed dignity and strength among you . .

I tell you—lifting up his arms—I bring the riches of all the ages to you here today.

It was windless and hot in the sun where he was standing bareheaded.

Great riches shall be yours!

I wasn’t born here. I was born in what we call over here the Old Country. But it’s the same people, the same kind of people there as here and they’re up to the same kind of tricks as over here—only, there isn’t as much money over there—and that makes the difference.
My family were poor people. So I started to work when I was pretty young.

—Oh, it took me a long time! but one day I said to myself, Klaus, that's my name, Klaus, I said to myself, you're a success.

You have worked hard but you have been lucky.

You're rich—and now we're going to enjoy ourselves.

Hamilton saw more clearly than anyone else with what urgency the new government must assume authority over the States if it was to survive. He never trusted the people, "a great beast," as he saw them and held Jefferson to be little better if not worse than any.

* So I came to America!

Especially in the matter of finances a critical stage presented itself. The States were inclined to shrug off the debt incurred during the recent war—each state preferring to undertake its own private obligations separately. Hamilton saw that if this were allowed to ensue the effect would be fatal, to future credit. He came out with vigor and cunning for "Assumption," assumption by the Federal Government of the national debt, and the granting to it of powers of taxation without which it could not raise the funds necessary for this purpose. A storm followed in which he found himself opposed by Madison and Jefferson.

But when I got here I soon found out that I was a pretty small frog in a mighty big pool. So I went to work all over again. I suppose I was born with a gift for that sort of thing. I throve and I gloried in it. And I thought then that I was happy. And I was — as happy as money could make me.

But did it make me GOOD?
He stopped to laugh, healthily, and his wan assistants followed him, forcing it out—grinning against the rocks with wry smiles.

NO! he shouted, bending at the knees and straightening himself up violently with the force of his emphasis—like Beethoven getting a crescendo out of an orchestra—NO!

It did not make me good. (His clenched fists were raised above his brows.) I kept on making money, more and more of it, but it didn't make me good.

America the golden! with trick and money damned like Altgeld sick and molden we love thee bitter land

Like Altgeld on the corner seeing the mourners pass we bow our heads before thee and take our hats in hand

And so one day I heard a voice . . . a voice—just as I am talking to you here today.

...
And the voice said, Klaus, what’s the matter with you? You’re not happy. I am happy! I shouted back, I’ve got everything I want. No, it said. Klaus, that’s a lie. You’re not happy.
And I had to admit it was the truth. I wasn’t happy. That bothered me a lot. But I was pig-headed and when I thought it over I said to myself, Klaus, you must be getting old to let things like that worry you.

Then one day our blessed Lord came to me and put His hand on my shoulder and said, Klaus, you old fool, you’ve been working too hard. You look tired and worried. Let me help you.

I am worried, I replied, but I don’t know what to do about it. I got everything that money can buy but I’m not happy, that’s the truth.

And the Lord said to me, Klaus, get rid of your money. You’ll never be happy until you do that.

As a corollary to the famous struggle for assumption lay the realization among many leading minds in the young republic that unless industry were set upon its feet, unless manufactured goods could be produced income for taxation would be a myth.

The new world had been looked on as a producer of precious metals, pelts and raw materials to be turned over to the mother country for manufactured articles which the colonists had no choice but to buy at advanced prices. They were prevented from making woolen, cotton or linen cloth for sale. Nor were they allowed to build furnaces to convert the native iron into steel.

Even during the Revolution Hamilton had been impressed by the site of the Great Falls of the Passaic. His fertile imagination envisioned a great manufacturing center, a great Federal City, to supply the needs of the country. Here was water-power to turn the mill wheels and the navigable river to carry manufactured goods to the market centers: a national manufactory.
Give up my money!

—with monotonous insistence
the falls of his harangue hung featureless
upon the ear, yet with a certain strangeness
as if arrested in space

That would be a hard thing
for me to do. What would my rich friends say?
They'd say, That old fool Klaus Ehrens must
be getting pretty crazy, getting rid of his
cash. What! give up the thing I'd struggled all
my life to pile up—so I could say I was rich?
No! that I couldn't do. But I was troubled
in mind.

He paused to wipe his brow while
the singers struck up a lively hymn tune.

I couldn't eat, I couldn't
sleep for thinking of my trouble so that
when the Lord came to me the third time I was
ready and I kneled down before Him
and said, Lord, do what you will with me!

Give away your money, He said, and I
will make you the richest man in the world!
And I bowed my head and said to Him, Yea, Lord.
And His blessed truth descended upon me and filled
me with joy, such joy and such riches as I
had never in my life known to that day and I said
to Him, Master!

In the Name of the Father
and the Son and the Holy Ghost.

Amen.
Amen! Amen! echoed the devout assistants.

Is this the only beauty here?
And is this beauty—
torn to shreds by the
lurking schismatists?

Where is beauty among
these trees?
Is it the dogs the owners
bring here to dry their coats?

These women are not
beautiful and reflect
no beauty but gross . .
Unless it is beauty
to be, anywhere,
so flagrant in desire .
The beauty of holiness,
if this it be,

is the only beauty
visible in this place
other than the view
and a fresh budding tree.

So I started to get rid of my money. It didn’t take me long I can tell you! I threw it away with both hands. And I began to feel better . . . .

—and leaned on the parapet, thinking
From here, one could see him— that tied man, that cold blooded murderer. April! in the distance being hanged. Groups at various vantages along the cliff, having gathered since before daybreak to witness it.

One kills for money but doesn’t always get it.

Leans on the parapet thinking, while the preacher, outnumbered, addresses the leaves in the patient trees:

The gentle Christ
child of Pericles
and femina practa

Split between
Athens and
the amphyoxus

The gentle Christ—
weed and worth
wistfully forthright

Weeps and is remembered as of the open tomb

—threw it away with both hands. until it was gone

—he made a wide motion with both hands as of scattering money to the winds—
—but the riches that had been given me are beyond all counting. You can throw them carelessly about you on all sides—and still you will have more. For God Almighty has boundless resources and never fails. There is no end to the treasures of our Blessed Lord who died on the Cross for us that we may be saved. Amen.

The Federal Reserve System is a private enterprise . . . a private monopoly . . . (with power) . . . given to it by a spineless Congress . . . to issue and regulate all our money.

They create money from nothing and lend it to private business (the same money over and over again at a high rate of interest), and also to the Government whenever it needs money in war and peace; for which we, the people, representing the Government (in this instance at any rate) must pay interest to the banks in the form of high taxes.

The bird, the eagle, made himself small—to creep into the hinged egg until therein he disappeared, all but one leg upon which a claw opened and closed wretchedly gripping the air, and would not—for all the effort of the struggle, remain inside.

Witnessing the Falls Hamilton was impressed by this show of what in those times was overwhelming power . . . planned a stone aqueduct following a proposed boulevard, as the crow flies, to Newark with outlets every mile or two along the river for groups of factories: The Society for Useful Manufactures: SUM, they called it.

The newspapers of the day spoke in enthusiastic terms of the fine prospects of the “National Manufactory” where they fondly believed would be produced all cotton, eassimeres, wall papers, books, felt and straw hats, shoes, carriages, pottery, bricks, pots, pans and
buttons needed in the United States. But L'Enfant's plans were more magnificent than practical and Peter Colt, Treasurer of the State of Connecticut, was chosen in his place.

The prominent purpose of the Society was the manufacture of cotton goods.

Washington at his first inaugural

wore

a coat of Crow-black homespun woven

in Paterson

In other words, the Federal Reserve Banks constitute a Legalized National Usury System, whose Customer No. 1 is our Government, the richest country in the world. Every one of us is paying tribute to the money racketeers on every dollar we earn through hard work.

In all our great bond issues the interest is always greater than the principle. All of the great public works cost more than twice the actual cost, on that account. Under the present system of doing business we simply add 120 to 150 per cent to the stated cost.

The people must pay anyway; why should they be compelled to pay twice? The whole National Debt is made up on interest charges. If the people ever get to thinking of bonds and bills at the same time, the game is up.

If there is subtlety,
you are subtle. I beg your indulgence:
no prayer should cause you anything but tears. I had a friend
let it pass. I remember when as a child
I stopped praying and shook with fear until sleep—your sleep calmed me —

You also, I am sure, have read
Frazer's Golden Bough. It does you justice—a prayer such as might be made by a lover who
appraises every feature of his bride’s
comeliness, and terror—
terror to him such as one, a man
married, feels toward his bride—

You are the eternal bride and
father—quid pro quo,
a simple miracle that knows
the branching sea, to which the oak
is coral, the coral oak.
The Himalayas and prairies
of your features amaze and delight—

Why should I move from this place
where I was born? knowing
how futile would be the search
for you in the multiplicity
of your debacle. The world spreads
for me like a flower opening—and
will close for me as might a rose—

wither and fall to the ground
and rot and be drawn up
into a flower again. But you
never wither—but blossom
all about me. In that I forget
myself perpetually—in your
composition and decomposition
I find my despair!

Whatever your reasons were for that note of yours and for your
indifferent evasion of my letters just previous to that note—the one
thing that I still wish more than any other is that I could see you.
It’s tied up with even more than I’ve said here. And more import-
tantly, it is the one impulse I have that breaks through that film,
that crust, which has gathered there so fatally between my true self and that which can make only mechanical gestures of living. But even if you should grant it, I wouldn't want to see you unless with some little warmth of friendliness and friendship on your part. . . . Nor should I want to see you at your office under any circumstances. That is not what I mean (because I have no specific matter to see you about now as I had when I first called upon you as a complete stranger, nor as I could have had, just before your last note when I wanted so badly to have you go over some of my most faulty poems with me), I have been feeling (with that feeling increasingly stronger) that I shall never again be able to recapture any sense of my own personal identity (without which I cannot write, of course—but in itself far more important than the writing) until I can recapture some faith in the reality of my own thoughts and ideas and problems which were turned into dry sand by your attitude toward those letters, and by that note of yours later. That is why I cannot throw off my desire to see you—not impersonally, but in the most personal ways, since I could never have written you at all in a completely impersonal fashion.
Look for the nul
defeats it all
the N of all
equations

that rock, the blank
that holds them up

which pulled away—
the rock's

their fall. Look
for that nul

that's past all
seeing

the death of all
that's past

all being

But Spring shall come and flowers will bloom
and man must chatter of his doom

The descent beckons
as the ascent beckoned
Memory is a kind
of accomplishment
a sort of renewal
even
an initiation, since the spaces it opens are new
places
inhabited by hordes
heretofore unrealized,
of new kinds—
    since their movements
    are towards new objectives
(even though formerly they were abandoned)

No defeat is made up entirely of defeat—since
the world it opens is always a place
    formerly
    unsuspected. A
world lost,
    a world unsuspected
    beckons to new places
and no whiteness (lost) is so white as the memory
of whiteness

With evening, love wakens
    though its shadows
    which are alive by reason
of the sun shining—
    grow sleepy now and drop away
    from desire

Love without shadows stirs now
    beginning to waken
    as night
advances.

The descent
    made up of despairs
    and without accomplishment
realizes a new awakening :
    which is a reversal
of despair.
For what we cannot accomplish, what is denied to love,
what we have lost in the anticipation—
a descent follows,
endless and indestructible

Listen! —

the pouring water!
The dogs and trees conspire to invent
a world—gone!

Bow, wow! A departing car scatters gravel as it picks up speed!

Outworn! le pauvre petit ministre did his best, they cry,
but though he sweat for all his worth
no poet has come

Bow, wow! Bow, wow!

Variously the dogs barked, the trees stuck their fingers to their noses. No poet has come, no poet has come.
—soon no one in the park but guilty lovers and stray dogs

Unleashed!

Alone, watching the May moon above the trees
At nine o'clock the park closes. You must be out of the lake, dressed, in your cars and going: they change into their street clothes in the back seats and move out among the trees.

The "great beast" all removed before the plunging night, the crickets' black wings and hylas wake.

Missing was the thing Jim had found in Marx and Veblen and Adam Smith and Darwin—the dignified sound of a great, calm bell tolling the morning of a new age instead, the slow complaining of a door loose on its hinges.

Faitoute, conscious by moments, rouses by moments, rejects him finally and strolls off.

That the poem, the most perfect rock and temple, the highest falls, in clouds of gauzy spray, should be so rivaled that the poet, in disgrace, should borrow from erudition (to unslave the mind): railing at the vocabulary (borrowing from those he hates, to his own disfranchisement)—discounting his failures seeks to induce his bones to rise into a scene, his dry bones, above the scene, (they will not) illuminating it within itself, out of itself to form the colors, in the terms of some back street, so that the history may escape the panders.
accomplish the inevitable
poor, the invisible, thrashing, breeding
debased city

Love is no comforter, rather a nail in the skull

reversed in the mirror of its
own squalor, debased by the divorce from learning,
its garbage on the curbs, its legislators
under the garbage, uninstructed, incapable of
self instruction

a thwarting, an avulsion:

—flowers uprooted, columbine, yellow and red,
strewn upon the path; dogwoods in full flower,
the trees dismembered; its women
shallow, its men steadfastly refusing—at
the best.

The language... words
without style! whose scholars (there are none)
or dangling, about whom
the water weaves its strands encasing them
in a sort of thick lacquer, lodged
under its flow.

Caught (in mind)
beside the water he looks down, listens!
But discovers, still, no syllable in the confused
uproar: missing the sense (though he tries)
untaught but listening, shakes with the intensity
of his listening.
Only the thought of the stream comforts him, its terrifying plunge, inviting marriage—and a wreath of fur.

And She —

Stones invent nothing, only a man invents. What answer the waterfall? filling the basin by the snag-toothed stones?

And He —

Clearly, it is the new, uninterpreted, that remoulds the old, pouring down.

And she —

It has not been enacted in our day!

_Le pauvre petit ministre_, swinging his arms, drowns under the indifferent fragrance of the bass-wood trees.

My feelings about you now are those of anger and indignation; and they enable me to tell you a lot of things straight from the shoulder, without my usual tongue tied round-aboutness.

You might as well take all your own literature and everyone else’s and toss it into one of those big garbage trucks of the Sanitation Department, so long as the people with the top-cream minds and the “finer” sensibilities use those minds and sensibilities not to make themselves more humane human beings than the average person, but merely as means of ducking responsibility toward a better understanding of their fellow men, except theoretically—which doesn’t mean a God damned thing.

... and there go the Evangels! (their organ loaded into the rear of a light truck) scooting down-hill. the children are at least getting a kick-out of this!
His anger mounts. He is chilled to the bone.  
As there appears a dwarf, hideously deformed—  
he sees squirming roots trampled  
under the foliage of his mind by the holiday  
crowds as by the feet of the straining  
minister. From his eyes sparrows start and  
sing. His ears are toadstools, his fingers have  
begun to sprout leaves (his voice is drowned  
under the falls)  

Poet, poet! sing your song, quickly! or  
not insects but pulpy weeds will blot out  
your kind.  

He all but falls  

And She  

Marry us! Marry us!  
Or! be dragged down, dragged  
under and lost  

She was married with empty words:  

better to  
stumble at  
the edge  
to fall  
fall  
and be  

—divorced  

from the insistence of place—  
from knowledge,  
from learning—the terms  
foreign, conveying no immediacy, pouring down.
—divorced
from time (no invention more), bald as an
egg

and leaped (or fell) without a
language, tongue-tied
the language worn out

The dwarf lived there, close to the waterfall—
saved by his protective coloring.

Go home. Write. Compose

Ha!

Be reconciled, poet, with your world, it is
the only truth!

Ha!

—the language is worn out.

And She

You have abandoned me!

—at the magic sound of the stream
she threw herself upon the bed—
a pitiful gesture! lost among the words:
Invent (if you can) discover or
nothing is clear—will surmount
the drumming in your head. There will be
nothing clear, nothing clear

He fled pursued by the roar.

Seventy-five of the world's leading scholars, poets and philos-
ophers gathered at Princeton last week
Faitoute ground his heel
hard down on the stone:

Sunny today, with the highest temperature near 80 degrees; moderate southerly winds. Partly cloudy and continued warm tomorrow, with moderate southerly winds.

Her belly . . her belly is like
a cloud . . a cloud
at evening .

His mind would reawaken:

He
Me with my pants, coat and vest still on!

She
And me still in my galoshes!

—the descent follows the ascent—to wisdom
as to despair.
A man is under the crassest necessity
to break down the pinnacles of his moods
fearlessly —
to the bases; base! to the screaming dregs,
to have known the clean air
From that base, unabashed, to regain
the sun kissed summits of love!

—obscurely
in to scribble . . and a war won!

—saying over to himself a song written
previously . . inclines to believe
he sees, in the structure, something
of interest:
On this most voluptuous night of the year
the term of the moon is yellow with no light
the air's soft, the night bird has
only one note, the cherry tree in bloom

makes a blur on the woods, its perfume
no more than half guessed moves in the mind.
No insect is yet awake, leaves are few.
In the arching trees there is no sleep.

The blood is still and indifferent, the face
does not ache nor sweat soil nor the
mouth thirst. Now love might enjoy its play
and nothing disturb the full octave of its run.

Her belly . her belly is like a white cloud . a
white cloud at evening . before the shuddering night!

My attitude toward woman's wretched position in society and
my ideas about all the changes necessary there, were interesting to
you, weren't they, in so far as they made for literature? That my
particular emotional orientation, in wrenching myself free from
patterned standardized feminine feelings, enabled me to do some
passably good work with poetry—all that was fine, wasn't it—some­
thing for you to sit up and take notice of! And you saw in one of
my first letters to you (the one you had wanted to make use of,
then, in the Introduction to your Paterson) an indication that my
thoughts were to be taken seriously, because that too could be
turned by you into literature, as something disconnected from life.

But when my actual personal life crept in, stamped all over with
the very same attitudes and sensibilities and preoccupations that you
found quite admirable as literature—that was an entirely different
matter, wasn't it? No longer admirable, but, on the contrary, de­
plorable, annoying, stupid, or in some other way unpardonable;
because those very ideas and feelings which make one a writer with
some kind of new vision, are often the very same ones which, in
living itself, make one clumsy, awkward, absurd, ungrateful, con­
fidential where most people are reticent, and reticent where one
should be confidential, and which cause one, all too often, to step on the toes of other people's sensitive egos as a result of one's stumbling earnestness or honesty carried too far. And that they are the very same ones—that's important, something to be remembered at all times, especially by writers like yourself who are so sheltered from life in the raw by the glass-walled conditions of their own safe lives.

Only my writing (when I write) is myself: only that is the real me in any essential way. Not because I bring to literature and to life two different inconsistent sets of values, as you do. No, I don't do that; and I feel that when anyone does do it, literature is turned into just so much intellectual excrement fit for the same stinking hole as any other kind.

But in writing (as in all forms of creative art) one derives one's unity of being and one's freedom to be one's self, from one's relationship to those particular externals (language, clay, paints, et cetera) over which one has complete control and the shaping of which lies entirely in one's own power; whereas in living, one's shaping of the externals involved there (of one's friendships, the structure of society, et cetera) is no longer entirely within one's own power but requires the cooperation and the understanding and the humanity of others in order to bring out what is best and most real in one's self.

That's why all that fine talk of yours about woman's need to "sail free in her own element" as a poet, becomes nothing but empty rhetoric in the light of your behavior towards me. No woman will ever be able to do that, completely, until she is able first to "sail free in her own element" in living itself—which means in her relationships with men even before she can do so in her relationships with other women. The members of any underprivileged class distrust and hate the "outsider" who is one of them, and women therefore—women in general—will never be content with their lot until the light seeps down to them, not from one of their own, but from the eyes of changed male attitudes toward them—so that in the meantime, the problems and the awareness of a woman like myself are looked upon even more unsympathetically by other women than by men.

And that, my dear doctor, is another reason why I needed of you a very different kind of friendship from the one you offered me.

I still don't know of course the specific thing that caused the cooling of your friendliness toward me. But I do know that if you were going to bother with me at all, there were only two things for you to have considered: (1) that I was, as I still am, a woman dying of loneliness—yes, really dying of it almost in the same way that people die slowly of cancer or consumption or any other such
disease (and with all my efficiency in the practical world continually undermined by that loneliness); and (2) that I needed desperately, and still do, some ways and means of leading a writer’s life, either by securing some sort of writer’s job (or any other job having to do with my cultural interests) or else through some kind of literary journalism such as the book reviews—because only in work and jobs of that kind, can I turn into assets what are liabilities for me in jobs of a different kind.

Those were the two problems of mine that you continually and almost deliberately placed in the background of your attempts to help me. And yet they were, and remain, much greater than whether or not I get my poetry published. I didn’t need the publication of my poetry with your name lent to it, in order to go on writing poetry, half as much as I needed your friendship in other ways (the very ways you ignored) in order to write it. I couldn’t, for that reason, have brought the kind of responsiveness and appreciation that you expected of me (not with any real honesty) to the kind of help from you which I needed so much less than the kind you withheld.

Your whole relationship with me amounted to pretty much the same thing as your trying to come to the aid of a patient suffering from pneumonia by handing her a box of aspirin or Grove’s cold pills and a glass of hot lemonade. I couldn’t tell you that outright. And how were you, a man of letters, to have realized it when the imagination, so quick to assert itself most powerfully in the creation of a piece of literature, seems to have no power at all in enabling writers in your circumstances to fully understand the maladjustment and impotencies of a woman in my position?

When you wrote to me up in W. about that possible censor job, it seemed a very simple matter to you, didn’t it, for me to make all the necessary inquiries about the job, arrange for the necessary interviews, start work (if I was hired) with all the necessary living conditions for holding down such a job, and thus find my life all straightened out in its practical aspects; at least—as if by magic?

But it’s never so simple as that to get on one’s feet even in the most ordinary practical ways, for anyone on my side of the railway tracks—which isn’t your side, nor the side of your great admirer, Miss Fleming, nor even the side of those well cared for people like S. T. and S. S. who’ve spent most of their lives with some Clara or some Jeanne to look after them even when they themselves have been flat broke.

A completely down and out person with months of stripped, bare hardship behind him needs all kinds of things to even get himself in shape for looking for a respectable, important white-collar job. And then he needs ample funds for eating and sleeping and keeping
up appearances (especially the latter) while going around for various interviews involved. And even if and when a job of that kind is obtained, he still needs the eating and the sleeping and the carfares and the keeping up of appearances and what not, waiting for his first pay check and even perhaps for the second pay check since the first one might have to go almost entirely for back rent or something else of that sort.

And all that takes a hell of a lot of money (especially for a woman)—a lot more than ten dollars or twenty five dollars. Or else it takes the kind of very close friends at whose apartment one is quite welcome to stay for a month or two, and whose typewriter one can use in getting off some of the required letters asking for interviews, and whose electric iron one can use in keeping one’s clothes pressed, et cetera—the kind of close friends that I don’t have and never have had, for reasons which you know.

Naturally, I couldn’t turn to you, a stranger, for any such practical help on so large a scale; and it was stupid of me to have minimized the extent of help I needed when I asked you for that first money-order that got stolen and later for the second twenty five dollars—stupid because it was misleading. But the different kind of help I asked for, finally (and which you placed in the background) would have been an adequate substitute, because I could have carried out those plans which I mentioned to you in the late fall (the book reviews, supplemented by almost any kind of part-time job, and later some articles, and maybe a month at Yaddo this summer) without what it takes to get on one’s feet in other very different ways. And the, eventually, the very fact that my name had appeared here and there in the book review sections of a few publications (I’d prefer not to use poetry that way) would have enabled me to obtain certain kinds of jobs (such as an O. W. L. job for instance) without all that red tape which affects only obscure, unknown people.

The anger and the indignation which I feel towards you now has served to pierce through the rough ice of that congealment which my creative faculties began to suffer from as a result of that last note from you. I find myself thinking and feeling in terms of poetry again. But over and against that is the fact that I’m even more lacking in anchorage of any kind than when I first got to know you. My loneliness is a million fathoms deeper, and my physical energies even more seriously sapped by it; and my economic situation is naturally worse, with living costs so terribly high now, and with my contact with your friend Miss X having come off so badly.

However, she may have had another reason for paying no attention to that note of mine—perhaps the reason of having found out
that your friendliness toward me had cooled—which would have made a difference to her, I suppose, since she is such a great "admirer" of yours. But I don't know. That I'm in the dark about, too; and when I went up to the "Times" last week, to try, on my own, to get some of their fiction reviews (the "Times" publishes so many of those), nothing came of that either. And it's writing that I want to do—not operating a machine or a lathe, because with literature more and more tied up with the social problems and social progress (for me, in my way of thinking) any contribution I might be able to make to the wellfare of humanity (in war-time or peace-time) would have to be as a writer, and not as a factory worker.

When I was very young, ridiculously young (of school-girl age) for a critical role, with my mind not at all developed and all my ideas in a state of first-week embryonic formlessness, I was able to obtain book-reviews from any number of magazines without any difficulty—and all of them books by writers of accepted importance (such as Cummings, Babette Deutsch, H. D.) whereas now when my ideas have matured, and when I really have something to say, I can get no work of that kind at all. And why is that? It's because in all those intervening years, I have been forced, as a woman not content with woman's position in the world, to do a lot of pioneer living which writers of your sex and with your particular social background do not have thrust upon them, and which the members of my own sex frown upon (for reasons I've already referred to)—so that at the very moment when I wanted to return to writing from living (with my ideas clarified and enriched by living) there I was (and still am)—because of that living—completely in exile socially.

I glossed over and treated very lightly (in my first conversation with you) those literary activities of my early girlhood, because the work in itself was not much better than that which any talented college freshman or precocious prep-school senior contributes to her school paper. But, after all, that work, instead of appearing in a school paper where it belonged, was taken so seriously by editors of the acceptably important literary publications of that time, that I was able to average as much as $15 a week, very easily, from it. And I go into that now and stress it here; because you can better imagine, in the light of that, just how I feel in realizing that on the basis of just a few superficials (such as possessing a lot of appealingly youthful sex-appeal and getting in with the right set) I was able to maintain my personal identity as a writer in my relationship to the world, whereas now I am cut off from doing so because it was necessary for me in my living, to strip myself of those superficials.
You've never had to live, Dr. P.—not in any of the by-ways and dark underground passages where life so often has to be tested. The very circumstances of your birth and social background provided you with an escape from life in the raw; and you confuse that protection from life with an inability to live—and are thus able to regard literature as nothing more than a desperate last extremity resulting from that illusionary inability to live. (I've been looking at some of your autobiographical works, as this indicates.)

But living (unsafe living, I mean) isn't something one just sits back and decides about. It happens to one, in a small way, like measles; or in a big way, like a leaking boat or an earthquake. Or else it doesn't happen. And when it does, then one must bring, as I must, one's life to literature; and when it doesn't then one brings to life (as you do) purely literary sympathies and understandings, the insights and humanity of words on paper only—and also, alas, the ego of the literary man which most likely played an important part in the change of your attitude toward me. That literary man's ego wanted to help me in such a way, I think, that my own achievements might serve as a flower in his buttonhole, if that kind of help had been enough to make me bloom.

But I have no blossoms to bring to any man in the way of either love or friendship. That's one of the reasons why I didn't want that introduction to my poems. And I'm not wanting to be nasty or sarcastic in the last lines of this letter. On the contrary a feeling of profound sadness has replaced now the anger and the indignation with which I started to write all this. I wanted your friendship more than I ever wanted anything else (yes, more, and I've wanted other things badly) I wanted it desperately, not because I have a single thing with which to adorn any man's pride—but just because I haven't.

Yes, the anger which I imagined myself to feel on all the previous pages, was false. I am too unhappy and too lonely to be angry; and if some of the things to which I have called your attention here should cause any change of heart in you regarding me, that would be just about the only thing I can conceive of as occurring in my life right now.

La votre

C.

P. S. That I'm back here at 21 Pine Street causes me to add that that mystery as to who forged the "Cress" on that money order and also took one of Brown's checks (though his was not cashed, and therefore replaced later) never did get cleared up. And the
janitor who was here at the time, is dead now. I don't think it was he took any of the money. But still I was rather glad that the post-office didn't follow it through because just in case Bob did have anything to do with it, he would have gotten into serious trouble—which I shouldn't have welcomed, because he was one of those miserably underpaid negroes and an awfully decent human being in lots of ways. But now I wish it had been followed through after he died (which was over two months ago) because the crooks may have been those low vile upstate farm people whose year-round exploitation of down and out farm help ought to be brought to light in some fashion, and because if they did steal the money order and were arrested for it, that in itself would have brought to the attention of the proper authorities all their other illegal activities as well: And yet that kind of justice doesn't interest me greatly. What's at the root of this or that crime or antisocial act, both psychologically and environmentally, always interests me more. But as I make that last statement, I'm reminded of how much I'd like to do a lot of things with people in some prose—some stories, maybe a novel. I can't tell you how much I want the living which I need in order to write. And I simply can't achieve them entirely alone. I don't even possess a typewriter now, nor have even a rented one—and I can't think properly except on a typewriter. I can do poetry (though only the first draft) in long-hand, and letters. But for any prose writing, other than letters, I can't do any work without a typewriter. But that of course is the least of my problems—the typewriter; at least the easiest to do something about.

C.

Dr. P.:

This is the simplest, most outright letter I've ever written to you; and you ought to read it all the way through, and carefully, because it's about you, as a writer, and about the ideas regarding women that you expressed in your article on A. N., and because in regard to myself, it contains certain information which I did not think it necessary to give you before, and which I do think now you ought to have. And if my anger in the beginning makes you too angry to go on from there—well, that anger of mine isn't there in the last part, now as I attach this post-script.

C.

And if you don't feel like reading it even for those reasons, will you then do so, please, merely out of fairness to me—much time and much thought and much unhappiness having gone into those pages.
Book Three
Cities, for Oliver, were not a part of nature. He could hardly feel, he could hardly admit even when it was pointed out to him, that cities are a second body for the human mind, a second organism, more rational, permanent and decorative than the animal organism of flesh and bone: a work of natural yet moral art, where the soul sets up her trophies of action and instruments of pleasure.

—*The Last Puritan. Santayana.*
The Library

I love the locust tree
the sweet white locust
    How much?
    How much?
    How much does it cost
to love the locust tree
    in bloom?

A fortune bigger than
Avery could muster
    So much
    So much
the shelving green
    locust
whose bright small leaves
    in June
lean among flowers
sweet and white at
    heavy cost

A cool of books
will sometimes lead the mind to libraries
of a hot afternoon, if books can be found
cool to the sense to lead the mind away.

For there is a wind or ghost of a wind
in all books echoing the life
there, a high wind that fills the tubes
of the ear until we think we hear a wind,
actual
to lead the mind away.

Drawn from the streets we break off our minds' seclusion and are taken up by the books' winds, seeking, seeking down the wind until we are unaware which is the wind and which the wind's power over us to lead the mind away and there grows in the mind a scent, it may be, of locust blossoms whose perfume is itself a wind moving to lead the mind away through which, below the cataract soon to be dry the river whirls and eddys first recollected.

Spent from wandering the useless streets these months, faces folded against him like clover at nightfall, something has brought him back to his own mind in which a falls unseen tumbles and rights itself and refalls—and does not cease, falling and refalling with a roar, a reverberation not of the falls but of its rumor unabated Beautiful thing, my dove, unable and all who are windblown, touched by the fire and unable,
a roar that (soundless) drowns the sense
with its reiteration
    unwilling to lie in its bed
and sleep and sleep, sleep
    in its dark bed.

Summer! it is summer
— and still the roar in his mind is
unabated

The last wolf was killed near the Weisse Huis in the year 1723

Books will give rest sometimes against
the uproar of water falling
and righting itself to refill filling
the mind with its reverberation
    shaking stone.

Blow! So be it. Bring down! So be it. Consume
and submerge! So be it. Cyclone, fire
and flood. So be it. Hell, New Jersey, it said
on the letter. Delivered without comment.
So be it!

Run from it, if you will: So be it.
(Winds that enshroud us in their folds—
or no wind). So be it. Pull at the doors, of a hot
afternoon, doors that the wind holds, wrenches
from our arms—and hands. So be it. The Library
is sanctuary to our fears. So be it. So be it.
— the wind that has tripped us, pressed upon
us, prurient or upon the prurience of our fears
— laughter fading. So be it.

Sit breathless
or still breathless. So be it. Then, eased
turn to the task. So be it:

    Old newspaper files,
to find — a child burned in a field,  
no language. Tried, aflame, to crawl under  
a fence to go home. So be it. Two others,  
boy and girl, clasped in each others' arms  
(clasped also by the water) So be it. Drowned  
wordless in the canal. So be it. The Paterson  
Cricket Club, 1896. A woman lobbyist. So  
be it. Two local millionaires — moved away.  
So be it. Another Indian rock shelter  
found — a bone awl. So be it. The  
old Rogers Locomotive Works. So be it.  
Shield us from loneliness. So be it. The mind  
reels, starts back amazed from the reading  
So be it.

He turns: over his right shoulder  
a vague outline, speaking .  

Gently! Gently!  
as in all things an opposite  
that awakes  
the fury, conceiving  
knowledge  
by way of despair that has  
no place  
to lay its glossy head—  

Save only—not alone!  
Never, if possible  
alone! to escape the accepted  
chopping block  
and a square hat ! .  

The “Castle” too to be razed. So be it. For no  
reason other than that it is there, in-  
comprehensible; of no USE! So be it. So be it.  

98
Lambert, the poor English boy,  
the immigrant, who built it  
was the first  
to oppose the unions:

This is MY shop. I reserve the right (and he did)  
to walk down the row (between his looms) and  
fire any son-of-a-bitch I choose without excuse  
or reason more than that I don’t like his face.

Rose and I didn’t know each other when we both went to the  
Paterson strike around the first war and worked in the Pagent. She  
went regularly to feed Jack Reed in jail and I listened to Big Bill  
Haywood, Gurley Flynn and the rest of the big hearts and helping  
hands in Union Hall. And look at the damned thing now.

They broke him all right  
— the old boy himself, a Limey,  
his head full of castles, the pivots of that  
curt dialectic (while it lasted), built himself a  
Balmoral on the alluvial silt, the rock-fall skirt-  
ing the volcanic upthrust of the “Mountain”  
— some of the windows  
of the main house illuminated by translucent  
laminae of planed pebbles (his first wife  
admired them) by far the most authentic detail  
of the place; at least the best  
to be had there and the best artifact .

The province of the poem is the world.  
When the sun rises, it rises in the poem  
and when it sets darkness comes down  
and the poem is dark  

99
and lamps are lit, cats prowl and men
read, read—or mumble and stare
at that which their small lights distinguish
or obscure or their hands search out

in the dark. The poem moves them or
it does not move them. Faitoute, his ears
ringing. no sound. no great city,
as he seems to read—

a roar of books
from the wadded library oppresses him

until

his mind begins to drift .

Beautiful thing:

— a dark flame,
a wind, a flood—counter to all staleness.

Dead men's dreams, confined by these walls, risen,
seek an outlet. The spirit languishes,
enable, unable not from lack of innate ability—

(barring alone sure death)

but from that which immures them pressed here
together with their fellows, for respite .

Flown in from before the cold or nightbound
(the light attracted them)
they sought safety (in books)
but ended battering against glass
at the high windows

The Library is desolation, it has a smell of its own
of stagnation and death .
Beautiful Thing!

—the cost of dreams.

in which we search, after a surgery
of the wits and must translate, quickly.
step by step or be destroyed—under a spell
to remain a castrate (a slowly descending veil
closing about the mind
cutting the mind away .

SILENCE!

Awake, he dozes in a fever heat,
cheeks burning . . loaning blood
to the past, amazed . . risking life.

And as his mind fades, joining the others, he
seeks to bring it back—but it
eludes him, flutters again and flies off and
again away .

O Thalassa, Thalassa!
the lash and hiss of water

The sea!

How near it was to them!

Soon!

Too soon .

—and still he brings it back, battering
with the rest against the vents and high windows
(They do not yield but shriek
as furies,
shriek and execrate the imagination, the impotent,
a woman against a woman, seeking to destroy
it but cannot, the life will not out of it)

A library — of books! decrying all books
that enfeeble the mind's intent

Beautiful thing!

The Indians were accused of killing two or three pigs—this was untrue, as afterward proved, because the pigs had been butchered by the white men themselves. The following incident is concerned with two of the Indians who had been captured by Kieft's soldiers because of the accusations: The braves had been turned over to the soldiers, by Kieft, to do with as they pleased.

The first of these savages, having received a frightful wound, desired them to permit him to dance the Kinte Kaye, a religious use among them before death; he received, however, so many wounds that he dropped dead. The soldiers then cut strips down the other's body. . . . While this was going forward Director Kieft, with his Councillor (the first trained physician in the colony) Jan de la Montagne, a Frenchman, stood laughing heartily at the fun, and rubbing his right arm, so much delight he took in such scenes. He then ordered him (the brave) to be taken out of the fort, and the soldiers bringing him to the Beaver's Path, he dancing the Kinte Kaye all the time, mutilated him, and at last cut off his head.

There stood at the same time, 24 or 25 female savages, who had been taken prisoners, at the north-west corner of the fort: they held up their arms, and in their language exclaimed, "For shame! for shame! such unheard of cruelty was never known, or even thought of, among us."

They made money of sea-shells. Bird feathers. Beaver skins. When a priest died and was buried they encased him with such wealth as he possessed. The Dutch dug up the body, stole the furs and left the carcass to the wolves that roamed the woods.

Doc, listen — fiftyish, a grimy hand
pushing back the cap: In gold —
Volunteers of America

102
I got

a woman outside I want to marry, will
you give her a blood test?

From 1869 to 1879 several crossed the falls on a tight rope (in the
old pictures the crowd, below, on the dry rocks in their short sleeves
and summer dresses look more like water-lilies or penguins than men
and women staring up at them): De Lave, Harry Leslie and Geo.
Dobbs—the last carrying a boy upon his shoulders. Fleetwood Miles,
a semi-lunatic, announced that he too would perform the feat but
could not be found when the crowd had assembled.

The place sweats of staleness and of rot
a back-house stench . a
library stench

It is summer! stinking summer

Escape from it—but not by running
away. Not by “composition.” Embrace the
foulness

—the being taut, balanced between
eternities

A spectator on Morris Mountain, when Leslie had gone out with
a cookstove strapped to his back—tugged at one of the guy-ropes,
either out of malice or idleness, so that he almost fell off. Having
carried the stove to the center of the rope he kindled a fire in it,
cooked an omelet and ate it. It rained that night so that the later
performance had to be postponed.

But on Monday he did the Washerwoman’s Frolic, in female attire,
staggering drunkenly across the chasm, going backward, hopping on
one foot and at the rope’s center lay down on his side. He retired
after that having “busted” his tights—to the cottage above for re-
pairs.

The progress of the events was transmitted over the new telephone
to the city from the tower of the water works. The boy, Tommy
Walker, was the real hero of these adventures.
And as reverie gains and
your joints loosen
the trick's done!
Day is covered and we see you—
but not alone!
drunk and bedraggled to release
the strictness of beauty
under a sky full of stars
Beautiful thing
and a slow moon—

The car
had stopped long since
when the others
came and dragged those out
who had you there
indifferent
to whatever the anesthetic
Beautiful Thing
might slum away the bars—

Reek of it!
What does it matter?
could set free
only the one thing—

But you!
in your white lace dress

Haunted by your beauty (I said),
exalted and not easily to be attained, the
whole scene is haunted:

Take off your clothes,

(I said)
Haunted, the quietness of your face
is a quietness, real
out of no book.

Your clothes (I said) quickly, while
your beauty is attainable.

Put them on the chair
(I said. Then in a fury, for which I am
ashamed)
You smell as though you need
a bath. Take off your clothes and purify
yourself...
And let me purify myself
—to look at you,
to look at you (I said)

(Then, my anger rising) TAKE OFF YOUR
CLOTHES! I didn't ask you
to take off your skin. I said your
clothes, your clothes. You smell
like a whore. I ask you to bathe in my
opinions, the astonishing virtue of your
lost body (I said).

—that you might
send me hurtling to the moon
... let me look at you (I
said, weeping)

Let's take a ride around, to see what the town looks like

Indifferent, the indifference of certain death
or incident upon certain death
propounds a riddle (in the Joyceian mode—
or otherwise,
it is indifferent which)

A marriage riddle:
So much talk of the language—when there are no ears.

What is there to say? save that beauty is unheeded tho' for sale and bought glibly enough

But it is true, they fear it more than death, beauty is feared more than death, more than they fear death

Beautiful thing

—and marry only to destroy, in private, in their privacy only to destroy, to hide (in marriage) that they may destroy and not be perceived in it—the destroying

Death will be too late to bring us aid

What end but love, that stares death in the eye? A city, a marriage — that stares death in the eye

The riddle of a man and a woman

For what is there but love, that stares death in the eye, love, begetting marriage — not infamy, not death

tho' love seem to beget only death in the old plays, only death, it is as tho' they wished death rather than to face infamy, the infamy of old cities
a world of corrupt cities,
nothing else, that death stares in the eye,
lacking love: no palaces, no secluded gardens,
no water among the stones; the stone rails
of the balustrades, scooped out, running with
clear water, no peace

The waters
are dry. It is summer, it is

Sing me a song to make death tolerable, a song
of a man and a woman: the riddle of a man
and a woman.

What language could allay our thirsts,
what winds lift us, what floods bear us

but song but deathless song?

The rock
married to the river
makes
no sound

And the river
passes—but I remain
clamant
calling out ceaselessly
to the birds
and clouds

(listening)

Who am I?

—the voice!
the voice rises, neglected
(with its new) the unfltering
language. Is there no release?

Give it up. Quit it. Stop writing.
“Saintlike” you will never
separate that stain of sense,

an offense
to love, the mind’s worm eating
out the core, unappeased

—never separate that stain
of sense from the inert mass. Never.
Never that radiance

quartered apart,
unapproached by symbols

Doctor, do you believe in
“the people,” the Democracy? Do
you still believe — in this
swill-hole of corrupt cities?
Do you, Doctor? Now?

Give up
the poem. Give up the shilly-
shally of art.

What can you, what
can YOU hope to conclude —
on a heap of dirty linen?

— you

a poet (ridded) from Paradise?
Is it a dirty book? I'll bet it's a dirty book, she said.

Death lies in wait,
a kindly brother —
full of the missing words,
the words that never get said —
a kindly brother to the poor.
The radiant gist that resists the final crystallization

. . . in the pitch-blend
the radiant gist .

There was an earlier day, of prismatic colors: whence to New Barbadoes came the Englishman .

Thus it began .

Certainly there is no mystery to the fact that Costs Spiral According to a Rebus—known or unknown, plotted or automatic. The fact of poverty is not a matter of argument. Language is not a vague province. There is a poetry of the movements of cost, known or unknown .

The cost. The cost

and dazzled half sleepy eyes
Beautiful thing
of some trusting animal
makes a temple
of its place of savage slaughter

. . . . . .

Try another book. Break through the dry air of the place
An insane god
—nights in a brothel
And if I had .
What then?

—made brothels my home?
(Toulouse Lautrec
again. . )

Say I am the locus
where two women meet

One from the backwoods
a touch of the savage
and of T.B.
(a scar on the thigh)
The other — wanting,
from an old culture .
—and offer the same dish
different ways

Let the colors run .

Toulouse Lautrec witnessed
it: limbs relaxed
—all religions
have excluded it—
at ease, the tendons
untensed .

And so he recorded them

—a stone
thrust flint-blue
up through the sandstone
of which, broken,
but unbreakable
we build our roads .
Fire burns; that is the first law.
When a wind fans it the flames
are carried abroad. Talk
fans the flames. They have
manoeuvred it so that to write
is a fire and not only of the blood.

The writing is nothing, the being
in a position to write (that's
where they get you) is nine tenths
of the difficulty: seduction
or strong arm stuff. The writing
should be a relief,
relief from the conditions
which as we advance become — a fire,
a destroying fire. For the writing
is also an attack and means must be
found to scotch it — at the root
if possible. So that
to write, nine tenths of the problem
is to live. They see
to it, not by intellection but
by sub-intellection (to want to be
blind as a pretext for
saying, We're so proud of you!)
A wonderful gift! How do you find the time for it in your busy life? It must be a great thing to have such a pastime.

But you were always a strange boy. How's your mother?)

—the cyclonic fury, the fire, the leaden flood and finally the cost—

Your father was such a nice man. I remember him well.

Or, Geeze, Doc, I guess it's all right but what the hell does it mean?

With due ceremony a hut would be constructed consisting of twelve poles, each of a different species of wood. These they run into the ground, tie them together at the top, cover them entirely with bark, skins or blankets joined close together. Now here is where one sits who will address the Spirit of Fire, He-Who-Lies-With-His-Eyes-Bulging-In-The-Smoke-Hole. Twelve manititos attend him as subordinate deities, half representing animals and the others vegetables. A large oven is built in the house of sacrifice heated with twelve large red-hot stones.

Meanwhile an old man throws twelve pipefuls of tobacco upon the hot stones, and directly another follows and pours water on them, which occasions a smoke or vapor almost powerful enough to suffocate the persons in the tent.

Ex qua re, quia sicubi fumus ascendit in alium; ita sacrificulus, duplicata altiori voce, Kānnakā, kānnakā! vel aliquando Hoo Hoo! faciem versus orientem convertit.

Whereupon as the smoke ascends on high, the sacrificer crying with a loud voice, Kānnakā, Kānnakā! or sometimes Hoo, Hoo! turns his face towards the east.

While some are silent during the sacrifice, certain make a ridiculous speech, while others imitate the cock, the squirrel and other animals, and make all kinds of noises. During the shouting two roast deer are distributed.
(breathing the books in)
the acrid fumes,
for what they could decipher
warping the sense to detect the norm, to break
through the skull of custom
to a place hidden from
affection, women and offspring—an affection
for the burning.

It started in the car barns of the street railway company, in the
paint shop. The men had been working all day refinishing old cars
with the doors and windows kept closed because of the weather
which was very cold. There was paint and especially varnish being
used freely on all sides. Heaps of paint soaked rags had been thrown
into the corners. One of the cars took fire in the night.

Breathless and in haste
the various night (of books) awakes! awakes
and begins (a second time) its song, pending the
obloquy of dawn.

It will not last forever
against the long sea, the long, long
sea, swept by winds, the "wine-dark sea".

A cyclotron, a sifting

And there,
in the tobacco hush: in a tepee they lie
huddled (a huddle of books)

antagonistic,

and dream of
gentleness—under the malignity of the hush
they cannot penetrate and cannot waken, to be again
active but remain—books

that is, men in hell,
their reign over the living ended
Clearly, they say. Oh clearly! Clearly?
What more clear than that of all things
nothing is so unclear, between man and
his writing, as to which is the man and
which the thing and of them both which
is the more to be valued

When discovered it was a small blaze, though it was hot but it
looked as tho' the firemen could handle it. But at dawn a wind came
up and the flames (which they thought were subsiding) got suddenly
out of control—sweeping the block and heading toward the business
district. Before noon the whole city was doomed —

Beautiful thing
—the whole city doomed! And
the flames towering

like a mouse, like
a red slipper, like
a star, a geranium,
a cat's tongue or —

thought, thought
that is a leaf, a
pebble, an old man
out of a story by

Pushkin

Ah!
rotten beams tum-
bling,

mauled an old bottle
The night was made day by the flames, flames on which he fed—grubbing the page
   (the burning page)
like a worm—for enlightenment

Of which we drink and are drunk and in the end are destroyed (as we feed). But the flames are flames with a requirement, a belly of their own that destroys—as there are fires that smolder
   smolder a lifetime and never burst
into flame

Papers
   (consumed) scattered to the winds. Black.
The ink burned white, metal white. So be it.
Come overall beauty. Come soon. So be it.
A dust between the fingers. So be it.
Come tatterdemalion futility. Win through.
So be it. So be it.

An iron dog, eyes aflame in a flame-filled corridor. A drunkenness of flames. So be it. A bottle, mauled by the flames, belly-bent with laughter:
yellow, green. So be it—of drunkenness survived, in guffaws of flame. All fire afire!
So be it. Swallowing the fire. So be it. Torqued to laughter by the fire, the very fire. So be it. Chortling at flames sucked in, a multiformity of laughter, a flaming gravity surpassing the sobriety of flames, a chastity of annihilation. Recreant, calling it good. Calling the fire good.
So be it. The beauty of fire-blasted sand that was glass, that was a bottle: unbottled.
Unabashed. So be it.
An old bottle, mauled by the fire
gets a new glaze, the glass warped
to a new distinction, reclaiming the
undefined. A hot stone, reached
by the tide, crackled over by fine
lines, the glaze unspoiled.
Annihilation ameliorated: Hottest
lips lifted till no shape but a vast
molt of the news flows. Drink
of the news, fluid to the breath.
Shouts its laughter, crying out—by
an investment of grace in the sand
—or stone: oasis water. The glass
splotched with concentric rainbows
of cold fire that the fire has bequeathed
there as it cools, its flame
defied—the flame that wrapped the glass
deflowered, reflowered there by
the flame: a second flame, surpassing
heat.

Hell’s fire. Fire. Sit your horny ass
down. What’s your game? Beat you
at your own game, Fire. Outlast you:
Poet Beats Fire at Its Own Game! The bottle!
the bottle! the bottle! the bottle! I
give you the bottle! What’s burning
now, Fire?

The Library?

Whirling flames, leaping
from house to house, building to building
carried by the wind
the Library is in their path

Beautiful thing! aflame

a defiance of authority
—burnt Sappho’s poems, burned
by intention (or are they still hid
in the Vatican crypts?)

beauty is
a defiance of authority

for they were
unwrapped, fragment by fragment, from
outer mummy cases of papier mâché inside
Egyptian sarcophagi

flying papers
from old conflagrations, picked up
haphazard by the undertakers to make
moulds, layer after layer
for the dead

Beautiful thing

The anthology suppressed, revived even by
the dead, you who understand nothing
of this:

Dürer’s Melancholy, the gears
lying disrelated to the mathematics of the
machine

Useless.

Beautiful thing, your
vulgarity of beauty surpasses all their
perfections!
Vulgarity surpasses all perfections
—it leaps from a varnish pot and we see
it pass— in flames!

Beautiful thing

—intertwined with the fire. An identity
surmounting the world, its core — from which
we shrink squirting little hoses of
objection — and
I along with the rest, squirting
at the fire

Poet.
Are you there?

How shall I find examples? Some boy
who drove a bull-dozer through
the barrage at Iwo Jima and turned it
and drove back making a path for the others—

Voiceless, his
action gracing a flame
—but lost, lost
because there is no way to link
the syllables anew to imprison him

No twist of the flame
in his own image : he goes nameless
until a Niké shall live in his honor —

And for that, invention is lacking,
the words are lacking:

the waterfall of the
flames, a cataract reversed, shooting
upward (what difference does it make?)
The language,

Beautiful thing—that I make a fool of myself, mourning the lack of dedication

mourning its losses,

for you

Scarred, fire swept
(by a nameless fire, that is unknown even to yourself) nameless,

drunk.

Rising, with a whirling motion, the person passed into the flame, becomes the flame—the flame taking over the person

—with a roar, an outcry which none can afford (we die in silence, we enjoy shamefacedly—in silence, hiding our joy even from each other keeping a secret joy in the flame which we dare not acknowledge)

a shriek of fire with the upwind, whirling the room away—to reveal the awesome sight of a tin roof (1880) entire, half a block long, lifted like a skirt, held by the fire—to rise at last, almost with a sigh, rise and float, float upon the flames as upon a sweet breeze, and majestically drift off, riding the air, sliding
upon the air, easily and away over
the frizzled elms that seem to bend under
it, clearing the railroad tracks to fall
upon the roofs beyond, red hot
darkening the rooms
(but not our minds)

While we stand with our mouths open,
shaking our heads and saying, My God, did
you ever see anything like that? As though
it were wholly out of our dreams, as
indeed it is, unparalleled in our most sanguine
dreams

The person submerged
in wonder, the fire become the person

But the pathetic library (that contained,
perhaps, not one volume of distinction)
must go down also —

BECAUSE IT IS SILENT. IT
IS SILENT BY DEFECT OF VIRTUE IN THAT IT
CONTAINS NOTHING OF YOU

That which should be
rare is trash; because it contains
nothing of you. They spit on you,
literally, but without you, nothing. The
library is muffled and dead

But you are the dream
of dead men

Beautiful Thing!
Let them explain you and you will be
the heart of the explanation. Nameless,
you will appear

Beautiful Thing

the flame's lover —

The pitiful dead
cry back to us from the fire, cold in
the fire, crying out—wanting to be chaffed
and cherished
those who have written books

We read: not the flames
but the ruin left
by the conflagration

Not the enormous burning
but the dead (the books
remaining). Let us read

and digest: the surface
glistens, only the surface.
Dig in—and you have

a nothing, surrounded by
a surface, an inverted
bell resounding, a

white-hot man become
a book, the emptiness of
a cavern resounding

Hi Kid

I know you just about to shot me. But honest Hon. I have
really been to busy to write. Here there, and everywhere.

Bab I haven't wrote since October so I will go back to Oct. 31,
(Oh by the way are friend Madam B. Harris had a party the 31, but
only high browns and yellow so I wasn't invited)
But I pay that no mind, cause I really (pitched myself a ball) Went to the show early in the day, and then to the dance at the club. had me a (some kinded fine time) I was feeling good believe me you. child.

But, child, Nov 1, I did crack you know yourself I been going full force on the (jug) will we went out (going to Newark) was raining, car slapped on brakes, car turned around a few times, rocked a bit and stopped facing the other way, from which we was going. Pal, believe me for the next few days. Honey, I couldn't even pick up a half filled bucket of hot water for fear of scalding myself. Now I don't know which did it the jug or the car skidding but all I know is I was nowhere on nerves. But as they say alls well that ends well So Nov 15, I mean Kid I was so teed that I didn't know a from z I really mean I was teed Since Nov 15 I Have been at it again ever since.

But now for the (Boys) How Raymond James People going with Sis but is in jail for giving Joseble Miller a baby.

Robert Blocker has taken his ring from Sally Mitchell

Little Sonny Jones is supposed to be the father of a girl's baby on Liberty St.

Sally Mund Barbara H Jean C and Mary M are all supposed to be going to have kids Nelson W. a boy on 3rd St is father to 3 kids on their way.

P. S. Kid do you think in your next letter of your you could tell me how to get over there.

Tell Raymond I said I bubetut hatche isus cashutute

Just a new way of talking kid. It is called (Tut) maybe you heard of it. Well here hoping you can read it

D

J

B

So long.

Later

Beautiful thing

I saw you:

Yes, said

the Lady of the House to my questioning.

Downstairs

(by the laundry tubs)

and she pointed,
smiling, to the basement, still smiling, and
went out and left me with you (alone in the house)
lying there, ill
(I don’t at all think that you
were ill)
by the wall on your damp bed, your long
body stretched out negligently on the dirty sheet

Where is the pain?
(You put on a simper designed
not to reveal)

—the small window with two panes,
my eye level of the ground, the furnace odor

Persephone
gone to hell, that hell could not keep with
the advancing season of pity.

—for I was overcome
by amazement and could do nothing but admire
and lean to care for you in your quietness—

who looked at me, smiling, and we remained
thus looking, each at the other in silence

You lethargic, waiting upon me, waiting for
the fire and I
attendant upon you, shaken by your beauty

Shaken by your beauty

Shaken.

—flat on your back, in a low bed (waiting)
under the mud plashed windows among the scabrous
dirt of the holy sheets
You showed me your legs, scarred (as a child) by the whip.

Read. Bring the mind back (attendant upon the page) to the day's heat. The page also is the same beauty: a dry beauty of the page—beaten by whips.

A tapestry hound
with his thread teeth drawing crimson from the throat of the unicorn.

... a yelping of white hounds—under a ceiling like that of San Lorenzo, the long painted beams, straight across, that preceded the domes and arches
more primitive, square edged

... a docile queen, not bothered
to stick her tongue out at the moon, indifferent, through loss, but

queenly,
in bad luck, the luck of the stars, the black stars

... the night of a mine

Dear heart
It's all for you, my dove, my changeling

But you!
in your white lace dress
"the dying swan"
and high-heeled slippers—tall
as you already were—
till your head
through fruitful exaggeration
was reaching the sky and the
prickles of its ecstasy
   Beautiful Thing!
And the guys from Paterson
   beat up
the guys from Newark and told
them to stay the hell out
of their territory and then
socked you one
   across the nose
   Beautiful Thing
for good luck and emphasis
   cracking it
till I must believe that all
desired women have had each
   in the end
   a busted nose
and live afterward marked up
   Beautiful Thing
   for memory's sake
to be credible in their deeds

Then back to the party!
   and they maled
and femaled you jealously
   Beautiful Thing
as if to discover whence and
   by what miracle
there should escape, what?
still to be possessed, out of
   what part
   Beautiful Thing
should it look?
   or be extinguished—
Three days in the same dress
   up and down
I can't be half gentle enough,
half tender enough
toward you, toward you,
inarticulate, not half loving enough

BRIGHTen

the corner

where you are!

—a flame,
black plush, a dark flame.
It is dangerous to leave written that which is badly written. A chance word, upon paper, may destroy the world. Watch carefully and erase, while the power is still yours, I say to myself, for all that is put down, once it escapes, may rot its way into a thousand minds, the corn become a black smut, and all libraries, of necessity, be burned to the ground as a consequence.

Only one answer: write carelessly so that nothing that is not green will survive.

There is a drumming of submerged engines, a beat of propellers. The ears are water. The feet listen. Boney fish bearing lights stalk the eyes—which float about, indifferent. A taste of iodine stagnates upon the law of percentages: thick boards bored through by worms whose calcined husks cut our fingers, which bleed.

We walk into a dream, from certainty to the unascertained, in time to see a ribbed tail deploying

Tra la la la la la la la
La tra tra tra tra tra tra tra

Upon which there intervenes a sour stench of embers. So be it. Rain falls and surfeits the river’s upper reaches, gathering slowly. So be it. Draws together, runnel by runnel. So be it. A broken oar is found by the searching waters. Loosened
it begins to move. So be it. Old timbers
sigh—and yield. The well that gave sweet water
is sullied. So be it. And lilies that floated
quiet in the shallows, anchored, tug as
fish at a line. So be it. And are by their
stems pulled under, drowned in the muddy flux.
The white crane flies into the wood.
So be it. Men stand at the bridge, silent,
watching. So be it. So be it.

And there rises
a counterpart, of reading, slowly, overwhelming
the mind; anchors him in his chair. So be
it. He turns . O Paradiso! The stream
grows leaden within him, his lilies drag. So
be it. Texts mount and complicate them-
selves, lead to further texts and those
to synopses, digests and emendations. So be it.
Until the words break loose or—sadly
hold, unshaken. Unshaken! So be it. For
the made-arch holds, the water piles up debris
against it but it is unshaken. They gather
upon the bridge and look down, unshaken.
So be it. So be it. So be it.

The sullen, leaden flood, the silken flood
—to the teeth
to the very eyes
(light grey)

Henry's the name. Just Henry,
ever'body
knows me around here: hat
pulled down hard on his skull, thick chested,
fiftyish

I'll hold the baby.
That was your little dog bit me last year.
Yeah, and you had him killed on me.

(the eyes)

I didn’t know he’d been killed.

You reported him and they come and took him. He never hurt anybody.
He bit me three times.
They come and took him and killed him.
I'm sorry but I had to report him.

A dog, head dropped back, under water, legs sticking up:

a skin
tense with the wine of death downstream
on the swift current:
Above the silence
a faint hissing, a seething hardly at first to be noticed

—headlong!

Speed!

—marked
as by the lines on slate, mottled by petty whirlpools

(to the teeth, to the very eyes)

a formal progression
The remains—a man of gigantic stature—were transported on the shoulders of the most renowned warriors of the surrounding country. For many hours they travelled without rest. But half way on the journey the carriers had to quit overcome by fatigue—they had walked many hours and Pogatticut was heavy. So by the side of the trail, at a place called “Whooping Boys Hollow,” they scooped out a shallow hole and laid the dead chieftain down in it while they rested. By so doing, the spot became sacred, held in veneration by the Indians.

Arrived at the burial place the funeral procession was met by Pogatticut’s brothers and their followers. There was great lamentation and the Kinte Kaye was performed in sadness. Wyandach, the most illustrious brother, performed the burial sacrifice. Having his favorite dog, a much loved animal, brought forth, he killed him, and laid him, after painting his muzzle red, beside his brother. For three days and three nights the tribes mourned.

Pursued by the whirlpool-mouths, the dog descends toward Acheron. Le Néant, the sewer, a dead dog turning upon the water:

Come yeah, Chi Chi! turning as he passes.

It is a sort of chant, a sort of praise, a peace that comes of destruction: to the teeth, to the very eyes (cut lead)
About Merselis Van Giesen a curious story illustrative of the superstition of the day is to this effect: His wife was ill for a long time, confined to her bed. As she lay there, a black cat would come, night after night, and stare at her through the window, with wicked, blazing eyes. An uncanny fact about this visitation was that no one else could see the cat. That Jane was bewitched was the belief of the whole neighborhood. Moreover, the witch who exercised this spell, and who made these weird visits to the sufferer, in the guise of a cat invisible to everybody but the bewitched, was believed to be Mrs. B. who lived in the gorge in the hill beyond.

Happy souls! whose devils lived so near.

Talking the matter over with his neighbors, Merselis (he was called “Sale”) was told that if he could shoot the spectral cat with a silver bullet he would kill the creature, and put a stop to the spells exercised over his wife. He did not have a silver bullet, but he had a pair of silver sleeve buttons.

Who of us thinks so fast to switch the category of our loves and hatreds?

Loading his gun with one of these buttons, he seated himself on the bed beside his wife, and declared his intention of shooting the witch cat. But how could he shoot a creature he could not see?

Are we any better off?

“When the cat comes,” said he to his wife, “do you point out just where it is, and I will shoot at that spot.” So they waited, she in a tremor of hope and dread—hope that the spells afflicting her would soon be ended; dread that some new torment might come to her from this daring attempt of her husband; he, in grim determination to forever end the unholy power exercised over his wife by Mrs. B., in the guise of the invisible feline. Long and silently they waited.
—what a picture of marital fidelity! dreaming as one.

At last, when their feelings had been wrought up, by the suspense to the highest pitch, Jane exclaimed “There is the black cat!” “Where?” “At the window, it’s walking on the sill, it is in the lower left-hand corner!” Quick as a flash “Sale” raised his gun and fired the silver bullet at the black cat which he could not see. With a snarl that was a scream the mysterious creature vanished forever from the gaze of Mrs. Van Giesen, who from that hour began to recover her health.

The next day “Sale” started out on a hunt through what is now known as Cedar Cliff Park. On the way he met the husband of the suspected witch. There was the usual exchange of courteous neighborly inquiries regarding the health of their respective families. Mr. B. said his wife was troubled with a sore on her leg for some time. “I would like to see that sore leg,” said “Sale.” After some demur he was taken to the house, and on one plea or another was finally permitted to examine the sore. But what particularly attracted his notice was a fresh wound, just where his silver sleeve button had struck the unfortunate creature when she had last visited his wife in the form of the spectral black witch cat! Needless to say Mrs. B. never more made those weird visitations. Perhaps it was from a sense of thanksgiving for her miraculous deliverance that Mrs. Van Giesen joined the First Presbyterian Church on Confession, Sept. 26, 1823. Merselis Van Giesen was assessed in 1807 for 62 acres of unimproved land, two horses and five cattle.

— 62 acres of unimproved land, two horses and five cattle —

(that cures the fantasy)

*The Book of Lead,*

he cannot lift the pages

(Why do I bother with this rubbish?)
Heavy plaits
tumbling massive, yellow into the cleft,
bellowing

—giving way to the spread
of the flood as it lifts to recognition in a
rachitic brain

(the water two feet now on the turnpike
and still rising)

There is no ease.
We close our eyes,
get what we use
and pay. He owes
who cannot, double.
Use. Ask no whys?
None wants our ayes.

But somehow a man must lift himself
again —
again is the magic word
turning the in out:
Speed against the inundation

He feels he ought to do more. He had
a young girl there. Her mother told her,
Go jump off the falls, who cares? —
She was only fifteen. He feels so frustrated.
I tell him, What do you expect; you
have only two hands?

It was a place to see, she said, The White Shutters. He said I'd
be perfectly safe there with him. But I never went. I wanted to, I
wasn't afraid but it just never happened. He had a small orchestra
that played there, *The Clipper Crew* he called it—like in all the speakeasies of those days. But one night they came leaping downstairs from the banquet hall tearing their clothes off, the women throwing their skirts over their heads, and joined in the dancing, naked, with the others on the main floor. He took one look and then went out the back window just ahead of the police, in his dress shoes into the mud along the river bank.

Let me see, Puerto Plata is the port of Santo Domingo.

There was a time when they didn’t want any whites to own anything—to hold anything—to say, This is mine.

I see things, —the water at this stage no lullaby but a piston, cohabitous, scouring the stones.

the rock floating on the water (as at Mt Katmai the pumice-covered sea was white as milk)

One can imagine the fish hiding or at full speed stationary in the leaping stream

—it’s undermining the railroad embankment
Hi, open up a dozen, make
it two dozen! Easy girl!

You wanna blow a fuse?

All manner of particularizations
to stay the pocky moon

January sunshine

1949

Wednesday, 11
(10,000,000 times plus April)

—a red-butted reversible minute-glass

loaded with

salt-like white crystals

flowing

for timing eggs

Salut à Antonin Artaud pour les

lignes, très pures :

“et d’évocations plastiques d’éléments de”

and

“Funeral designs”

(a beautiful, optimistic

word ) and

“Plants”

in this case “plants” does NOT refer to interment.)

“Wedding bouquets”

—the association

is indefensible.
S. Liz  13 Oct

(re. C.O.E.  Panda Panda)

Fer gor Zake/ don't so egggzaggerate/
I never told you to *read* it.
let erlone REread it.  I didn't
say it *wuz* ! ! *benjoyable* readin.
I sd/ the guy had done some honest
work devilupping his theatre technique

That don't necess/y mean making
reading matter @ all.
Enny how there must be
one hundred books (*not*
that one) that you *need* to
read fer yr/ mind's sake.

re read *all* the Gk tragedies in
Loeb.—plus Frobenius, plus
Gesell  plus Brooks Adams
ef you ain't read him all.—
Then Golding 'Ovid' is in Everyman lib.

& nif you want a readin
list ask papa—but don't
go rushin to *read* a book
just cause it is mentioned eng
passang.  is fraugs.   .   .
The following is the tabular account of the specimens found in this well, with the depths at which they were taken, in feet. The boring began in September, 1879, and was continued until November, 1880.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Depth</th>
<th>Description of Materials</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>65 feet</td>
<td>Red sandstone, fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110 feet</td>
<td>Red sandstone, coarse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>182 feet</td>
<td>Red sandstone, and a little shale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>400 feet</td>
<td>Red sandstone, shaly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>404 feet</td>
<td>Shale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>430 feet</td>
<td>Red sandstone, fine grained</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>540 feet</td>
<td>Sandy shale, soft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>565 feet</td>
<td>Soft shale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>585 feet</td>
<td>Soft shale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>600 feet</td>
<td>Hard sandstone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>605 feet</td>
<td>Soft shale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>609 feet</td>
<td>Soft shale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,170 feet</td>
<td>Selenite, 2 x 1 1/4 in.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,180 feet</td>
<td>Fine quicksand, reddish</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,180 feet</td>
<td>Pyrites</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,370 feet</td>
<td>Sandy rock, under quicksand</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,400 feet</td>
<td>Dark red sandstone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,400 feet</td>
<td>Light red sandstone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,415 feet</td>
<td>Dark red sandstone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,415 feet</td>
<td>Light red sandstone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,415 feet</td>
<td>Fragments of red sandstone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,540 feet</td>
<td>Red sandstone, and a pebble of kaolin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,700 feet</td>
<td>Light red sandstone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,830 feet</td>
<td>Light red sandstone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,830 feet</td>
<td>Light red sandstone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,830 feet</td>
<td>Light red stone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,000 feet</td>
<td>Red shale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,020 feet</td>
<td>Light red sandstone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,050 feet</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,100 feet</td>
<td>Shaly sandstone</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

At this depth the attempt to bore through the red sandstone was abandoned, the water being altogether unfit for ordinary use.

The fact that the rock salt of England, and of some of the other salt mines of Europe, is found in rocks of the same age as this, raises the question whether it may not also be found here.
— to the teeth, to the very eyes
  uh, uh

FULL STOP

—and leave the world
to darkness
and to
me

When the water has receded most things have lost their form. They lean in the direction the current went. Mud covers them

—fertile (?) mud.

If it were only fertile. Rather a sort of muck, a detritus, in this case—a pustular scum, a decay, a choking lifelessness—that leaves the soil clogged after it, that glues the sandy bottom and blackens stones—so that they have to be scoured three times when, because of an attractive brokenness, we take them up for garden uses. An acrid, a revolting stench comes out of them, almost one might say a granular stench—fouls the mind.

How to begin to find a shape—to begin to begin again, turning the inside out: to find one phrase that will lie married beside another for delight?

—seems beyond attainment.

*American poetry is a very easy subject to discuss for the simple reason that it does not exist*

Degraded. The leaf torn from the calendar. All forgot. Give it over to the woman, let her begin again—with insects and decay, decay and then insects: the leaves—that were varnished.
with sediment, fallen, the clutter
made piecemeal by decay, a
digestion takes place

—of this, make it of this, this
this, this, this, this

Where the dredge dumped the fill,
something, a white hop-clover
with cordy roots (of iron) gripped
the sand in its claws—and blossomed
massively, where the old farm
was and the man broke his wife’s
cancerous jaw because she was
too weak, too sick, that is, to
work in the field for him as he
thought she should

So thinking, he composed
a song to her:
to entertain her
in her reading:

• • •

The birds in winter
and in summer the flowers
those are her two joys
—to cover her secret sorrow

Love is her sorrow
over which at heart
she cries for joy by the hour
—a secret she will not reveal
Her ohs are ahs
her ahs are ohs
and her sad joys
fly with the birds and blossom
with the rose

— the edema subsides

Who is it spoke of April? Some insane engineer. There is no recurrence. The past is dead. Women are legalists, they want to rescue a framework of laws, a skeleton of practices, a calcined reticulum of the past which, bees, they will fill with honey.

It is not to be done. The seepage has rotted out the curtain. The mesh is decayed. Loosen the flesh from the machine, build no more bridges. Through what air will you fly to span the continents? Let the words fall any way at all—that they may hit love aslant. It will be a rare visitation. They want to rescue too much, the flood has done its work.

Go down, peer among the fishes. What do you expect to save, muscle shells?

Here’s a fossil conch (a paper weight of sufficient quaintness) mud and shells baked by a near eternity into a melange, hard as stone, full of tiny shells—baked by endless desiccations into
a shelly rime—turned up
in an old pasture whose history—
even whose partial history, is
death itself

Vercingetorix, the only
hero

Let's give the canary to that
old deaf woman; when he opens his
bill, to hiss at her, she'll think he
is singing

Does the pulp need further maceration?
take down the walls, invite
the trespass. After all, the slums
unless they are (living)
wiped out they cannot be re-
constituted

The words will have to be rebricked up, the
—what? What am I coming to
pouring down?

When an African Ibibio man is slain in battle, married women
who are his next of kin rescue the corpse. No man may touch it.
Weeping and singing songs, the scouts bear the dead warrior to
a forest glade called Owokafai—the place of those slain by sudden
death. They lay him on a bed made of fresh leaves. Then they cut
young branches from a sacred tree and wave the bough over the
genital organs of the warrior to extract the spirit of fertility into
the leaves. Knowledge of the rites must be kept from men and
from unmarried girls. Only married women, who have felt the
fertility of men in their bodies, can know the secret of life. To
them it was entrusted by their great goddess "in the days when
woman, not man, was the dominant sex... on the guarding of
this secret depended the strength of the tribe. Were the rites once
disclosed—few or no babies would be born, barns and herds would
yield but scanty increase, while the arms of future generations of
fighting men would lose their strength and hearts their courage.”
This ceremony is conducted to the accompaniment of low, wailing
chants, which only these wives of warriors have authority to sing,
or even to know.

— in a hundred years, perhaps—
the syllables
(with genius)
or perhaps

two lifetimes

Sometimes it takes longer

Did I do more than share your guilt, sweet woman. The
cherimoya is the most delicately flavored of all
tropic fruit. Either I abandon you
or give up writing

I was thinking about her all day long yesterday. You know she’s
been dead four years? And that son of a bitch only has one more
year to serve. Then he’ll be out and we can’t do a thing about it.—
I suppose he killed her. — You know he killed her, just shot her to
death. And do you remember that Clifford that used to follow her
around, poor man? He’d do anything she asked him to—the most
harmless creature in the world; he’s been sick. He had rheumatic
fever when he was a child and can’t leave the house any more. He
wrote to us to send him some dirty jokes because he can’t get out
to hear them himself. And we can’t either of us think of one new
one to send him.

The past above, the future below
and the present pouring down: the roar,
the roar of the present, a speech—
is, of necessity, my sole concern

They plunged, they fell in a swoon
or by intention, to make an end—the
roar, unrelenting, witnessing
Neither the past nor the future
Neither to stare, amnesic—forgetting.
The language cascades into the
invisible, beyond and above: the falls
of which it is the visible part—

Not until I have made of it a replica
will my sins be forgiven and my
disease cured—in wax: la capella di S. Rocco
on the sandstone crest above the old
copper mines—where I used to see
the images of arms and knees
hung on nails (de Montpellier).
No meaning. And yet, unless I find a place
apart from it, I am its slave,
it’s sleeper, bewildered—dazzled
by distance. I cannot stay here
to spend my life looking into the past:

the future’s no answer. I must
find my meaning and lay it, white,
beside the sliding water: myself—
comb out the language—or succumb

—whatever the complexion. Let
me out! (Well, go!) this rhetoric
is real!
Book Four
The Run to the Sea

I

AN IDYL

Corydon & Phyllis

Two silly women!

(Look, Dad, I'm dancing!)

What's that?

I didn't say anything
except you don't look silly

Semantics, my dear

—and I know I'm not

Ouch! you have hands like a man. Some day, sweetheart, when we know each other better I'll tell you a few things

Thank you. Very satisfactory. My secretary will be at the door with your money

No. I prefer it that way

O. K.

Good-bye

Miss. eh

Phyllis
Tiens! I'll phone the agency
Until tomorrow, then, Phyllis, at the same hour.
Shall I be walking again soon, do you think?

Why not?

A Letter

Look, Big Shot, I refuse to come home until you promise to cut out the booze. It's no use your talking about Mother needs me and all that bolognery. If you thought anything of her you wouldn't carry on the way you do. Maybe your family did once own the whole valley. Who owns it now? What you need is to be slapped down.

I'm having a fine time in the Big City as a Professional Woman, ahem! Believe me there's plenty of money here—if you can get it. With your brains and ability this should be your meat. But you'd rather hit the bottle.

That's all right with me—only I won't wrestle with you all night on the bed any more because you got the D.Ts. I can't take it, your too strong for me. So make up your mind— one way or the other.

Corydon & Phyllis

And how are you today, darling?

(She calls me darling now!)

What sort of life can you lead
in that horrid place . Rach-a-mo, did you say?
Ramapo

To be sure,

how stupid of me.

Right.

What was that?

Really you'll have to speak louder

I said

Never mind.

You mentioned a city?

Paterson, where I trained

Paterson!

Yes, of course. Where Nicholas Murray Butler was born and his sister, the lame one. They used to have silk mills there until the unions ruined them. Too bad. Wonderful hands! I completely forget myself. Some hands are silver, some gold and some, a very few, like yours, diamonds (If only I could keep you!) You like it here? Go look out of that window.

That is the East River. The sun rises there. And beyond, is Blackwell's Island. Welfare Island, City Island whatever they call it now where the city's petty criminals, the poor the superannuated and the insane are housed

Look at me when I talk to you
— and then
the three rocks tapering off into the water
all that's left of the elemental, the primitive
in this environment. I call them my sheep

Sheep, huh?

Docile, are they not?

What's the idea?

Lonesomeness perhaps. It's a long story. Be
their shepherdess Phyllis. And I
shall be Corydon. Inoffensively, I hope?
Phyllis and Corydon. How lovely! Do you
care for almonds?

Nope. I hate all kinds of
nuts. They get in your hair your
teeth, I mean

A Letter

Lay off that stuff. I can take care of myself. And if not, so
what?

This is a racket, all I got to do is give her “massage” — and
what do I know about massage? I just rub her, and how I rub
her! And does she like it! And does she pay! Oh boy! So I
rub her and read to her. The place is full of books—in all
languages!

But she's a nut, of the worst kind. Today she was telling me
about some rocks in the river here she calls her three sheep. If
they're sheep I'm the Queen of England. They're white all
right but it's from the gulls that crap them up all day long.
You ought to see this place.

There was a helicopter (?) flying all over the river today looking for the body of a suicide, some student, some girl about my age (she says a Hindu Princess). It was in the papers this morning but I didn't take notice. You ought to have seen the way those gulls were winging it around. They went crazy.

---

*Corydon & Phyllis*

You must have lots of boy friends, Phyllis

Only one

Incredible!

Only one I'm interested in

right now

What is he like?

Who?

Your lover

Oh him. He's married. I haven't got a chance with him.

You hussy! And what do you do together?

Just talk.
Phyllis & Paterson

Are you happy?
Happy I've come?

Happy? No, I'm not happy

Never?

Well .

The couch looks comfortable

The Poet

Oh Paterson! Oh married man!
He is the city of cheap hotels and private entrances . of taxis at the door, the car standing in the rain hour after hour by the roadhouse entrance .

Good-bye, dear. I had a wonderful time.
Wait! there's something . but I've forgotten what it was . something I wanted to tell you. Completely gone! Completely.
Well, good-bye .

Phyllis & Paterson

How long can you stay?

Six-thirty . I've got to meet the boy friend
Take off your clothes

No. I'm good at saying that.

She stood
quietly to be undressed.

the buttons were difficult.
This is one of my father's best. You ought to have heard him this morning when I cut the tails off.

He drew back the white shirt slid aside the ribbons.

Glory be to God.

—then stripped her

and all His Saints!

No, just broad shouldered

—on the couch, kissing and talking while his hands explored her body, slowly courteously persistent.
Be careful.
I've got an awful cold.

It's the first
this year. We went
fishing in all
that rain last week.

Who? Your father?
— and my boy friend.

Fly fishing?
No. Bass. But it isn't

the season. I know that
but nobody saw us.

I got soaked to the skin.
Can you fish?

Oh I have a pole and a
line and just fish along.

We caught quite a few.

Corydon & Phyllis

Good morning, Phyllis. You are beautiful this morning
(in a common sort of way.) I wonder if you know how
lovely you really are, Phyllis, my little Milk Maid (That's
good! The lucky man!) I dreamt of you last night.
A Letter

I don't care what you say. Unless Mother writes me, herself, that you've stopped drinking — and I mean stopped drinking — I won't come home.

Corydon & Phyllis

What sort of people do you come from, Phyllis?

My father's a drunk.
That's more humility than the situation demands.
Never be ashamed of your origins.

I'm not. It's just the truth.

The truth! Virtue, my dear, if one had it! is only interesting in the aggregate, as you will discover. or perhaps you have already found it so. That's our Christian teaching: not denial but forgiveness, the Prodigal Daughter. Have you ever been to bed with a man?

Have you?

Good shot! With this body? I think I'm more horse than woman. Did you ever see such skin as mine? Speckled like a Guinea hen.

Only their speckles are white.

More like a toad, perhaps?

I didn't say that.
Why not? It's the truth, my little Oread. Indomitable. Let's change names. You be Corydon! And I'll play Phyllis. Young! Innocent! One can fairly hear the pelting of apples and the stomp and clatter of Pan's hoofbeats. Tantamount to nothing.

Phyllis & Paterson

Look at us! Why do you torment yourself?
You think I'm a virgin.
Suppose I told you
I'd had intercourse. What
would you say then?
What would you say? Suppose
I told you that.

She leaned forward in
the half light, close to
his face. Tell
me, what would you say?

Have you had many lovers?

No one who has mauled me
the way you have. Look,
we're all sweaty.

My father's trying to get me a horse.
I went out, once, with a boy
I only knew him a short time

He asked me . .
No, I said, of course not!

He acted so surprised.
Why, he said, most girls
are crazy for it. I
thought they all were .

You ought to have seen
my eyes. I never heard
of such a thing .

I don't know why I can't give myself to you. A man
like you should have everything he wants . I guess I care
too much, that's the trouble .

Corydon & Phyllis

Phyllis, good morning. Could you stand a drink at
this early hour? I've written you a poem . and the worst
is, I'm about to read it to you . You don't have to like it.
But, hell take it, you damn well better listen to it. Look at
me shake! Or better, let me give you a short one, to begin
with:
If I am virtuous
condemn me
If my life is felicitous
condemn me
The world is
iniquitous

Mean anything?

Not much.

Well, here’s another:

You dreamy
   Communist
where are you
   going?

To world’s end
   Via?
Chemistry
   Oh oh oh oh

That will
   really
be the end .
   you

dreamy Communist
   won’t it?
Together
   together
“With that she split her girdle.” Gimme another shot. I always fell on my face when I wanted to step out. But here goes! Here it is. This is what I’ve been leading up to. It’s called, Corydon, a Pastoral. We’ll skip the first part, about the rocks and sheep, begin with the helicopter. You remember that?

... drives the gulls up in a cloud
Um ... no more woods and fields. Therefore present, forever present

... a whirring pterodactyl
of a contrivance, to remind one of Da Vinci,
searches the Hellgate current for some corpse,
lest the gulls feed on it
and its identity and its sex, as its hopes, and its despairs and its moles and its marks and its teeth and its nails be no longer decipherable and so lost

therefore present,

forever present

The gulls, vortices of despair, circle and give voice to their wild responses until the thing is gone ... then, ravening, having scattered to survive, close again upon the focus,
the bare stones, three harbor stones, except for that ... useless

unprofaned ...

It stinks!

If this were rhyme, Sweetheart
such rhyme as might be made
jaws would hang open ...
But the measure of it is the thing. None can wish for an embellishment and keep his mind lean, fit for action such action as I plan

—to turn my hand up and hold it open, to the rain of their deaths that I brood and find none ready but mine own.

Nuts! After that, how about a story that's a little *recherché*, a little strong? To hide my embarrassment? O.K.?

Sure.

Skip it.

A ring is round but cannot bind though it may bound a lover's mind. Phyllis, I think I'm quite well now. How would you like to go fishing with me somewhere? You like to fish?

Can I bring my father?

No, you can't bring your father. You're a big girl now. A month with me, in the woods! I have a concession. Don't answer at once. You've never been to Anticosti?

What's it like, pizza?
Phyllis, you’re a bad girl. Let me go on with my poem

Dear Pappy:

How yuh doin'? Are you behaving? because she wants me to go fishing with her. For a month! What do you say? You’d like that.

Is that so? Well, you know where you can get off at. And don’t think you can start coming in here. Because if you do I’ll never go home. And you haven’t stopped drinking! Don’t try to kid me.

Alright, if you think I’m in danger then learn to behave yourself. Are you a weakling or something? But I won’t go through all that again. Never. Don’t worry, as I told you, I can take care of myself. And if anything happens to me, so what? Blame it on I’ve got a father who is a drunk.

Your daughter
P.

Phyllis & Paterson

This dress is sweaty. I’ll have to have it cleaned
It lifted past the shoulders.
Under it, her stockings

Big thighs

Let us read, said the King lightly. Let us
redivagate, said the Queen
even more lightly

and without batting an eye

He took her nipples
gently in his lips. No
I don't like it

Corydon & Phyllis

You remember where we left off? At the entrance to the
45th Street tunnel. Let's see

houses placarded:
Unfit for human habitation etc etc

Oh yes

But who has been condemned where the tunnel
under the river starts? 

revisited! Under ground, under rock, under river
under gulls under the insane

could not emerge never

A voice calling in the hubbub (Why else
are there newspapers, by the cart-load?) blaring
the news no wit shall evade, no rhyme
cover. Necessity gripping the words scouting
evasion, that love is begrimed, befouled
I'd like to spill the truth, on that one.

Why don't you?

This is a POEM!

begrimed
yet lifts its head, having suffered a sea-change!
shorn of its eyes and its hair
its teeth kicked out . a bitter submersion
in darkness . a gelding, not to be
listed . to be made ready! fit to
serve (vermin trout, that eat the salmon eggs,
gaze up through the dazzle . in glass
necklaces . picturesque peasant stuff
without value) . pulp

While in the tall
buildings (sliding up and down) is where
the money's made
   up and down
directed missiles
in the greased shafts of the tall buildings .
They stand torpid in cages, in violent motion
unmoved
but alert!
predatory minds, un-
affected
UNINCONVENIENCE
unsexed, up
and down (without wing motion) This is how
the money's made . using such plugs.
At the sanitary lunch hour packed woman to woman (or man to woman, what’s the difference?)
the flesh of their faces gone
to fat or gristle, without recognizable outline, fixed in rigors, adipose or sclerosis expressionless, facing one another, a mould for all faces (canned fish) this

Move toward the back, please, and face the door!

is how the money’s made, money’s made
pressed together
talking excitedly of the next sandwich
reading, from one hand, of some student, some waterlogged to the surface following last night’s thunderstorm the flesh a flesh of tears and fighting gulls

Oh I could cry!

cry upon your young shoulder for what I know.
I feel so alone

Phyllis & Paterson

I think I’ll go on the stage,
said she, with a deprecating laugh,
Ho, ho!

Why don’t you? he replied
though the legs, I’m afraid, would beat you
Corydon & Phyllis

with me, Phyllis
(I'm no Simaetha) in all your native loveliness
that these spiked rumors may not tear
that sweet flesh

It sounds as tho' I wanted to eat you, I'll have to change that.

Come with me to Anticosti, where the salmon
lie spawning in the sun in the shallow water

I think that's Yeats

—and we shall fish for the salmon fish

No, I think *that's* the Yeats

—and its silver
shall be our crest and guerdon (what's a guerdon?)
drawn struggling

Believe me, some tussle!

from the icy water

I wish you'd come, dear, I've got my yacht all stocked
and ready. Let me take you on a tour of Paradise!

*That* I'd like to see.

Then why not come?

I'm not ready to die yet, not even for that.

You don't need to.
Dear Pappy:

For the last time!

All day today, believe it or not, we've been coasting along what they call up here the North Shore on our way to the place we're going to fish at. It sounds like an Italian dinner, Anticosti, but it's really french.

It's wild, they say, but we have a marvellous guide, an Indian I think but it's not sure (maybe I'll marry him and stay up there for the rest of my life) Anyway he speaks french and the Missis talks to him in that language. I don't know what they're saying (and I don't care, I can talk my own language).

I can hardly keep my eyes open, I've been out almost every night this week. To go on. We have wine, mostly Champagne on board. She showed it to me, 24 cases for the party but I don't want any of it, thanks. I'll stick to my rum and coke. Don't worry. Tell Ma everything's all right. But remember, I'm through.

Phyllis & Paterson

Do you know that tall dark girl with the long nose? She's my friend. She says she's going West next fall.

I'm saving every cent I can put together. I'm going with her. I haven't told my mother yet.

Why do you torment yourself? I can't think unless you're naked. I wouldn't blame
you if you beat me up, punched me, anything at all. I wouldn’t do

you that much honor. What! what did you say? I said I wouldn’t do you that much honor. So that’s all? I’m afraid so. Something I shall always desire, you’ve seen to that. Talk to me. This is not the time for it. Why did you let me come? Who knows, why did you? I like coming here, I need you. I know that hoping I’d take it from you, lacking your consent. I’ve lost out, haven’t I?

You have. Pull down my slip. He lay upon his back upon the couch.

She came, half dressed, and straddled him. My thighs are sore from riding.

Oh let me breathe! After I’m married you must take me out sometime. If that’s what you want.

*Corydon & Phyllis*

Have any of these men you speak of? — and has he?
No.

Good.

What's good about it?

Then you're still a virgin!

What's it to you?
You were not more than 12, my son
perhaps, the high school age
when we went, together,
a first for both of us,
to a lecture, in the Solarium
topping the hospital, on atomic
fission. I hoped to discover
an “interest” on your part.
You listened

Smash the world, wide!
— if I could do it for you —
Smash the wide world
a fetid womb, a sump!
No. river! no river
but bog, a
swale
sinks into the mind or
the mind into it, a

Norman Douglas (South Wind) said to me, The best thing a
man can do for his son, when he is born, is to die.

I gave you another, bigger than yourself, to contend with.

To resume:

(What I miss, said your mother, is the poetry, the pure poem
of the first parts.)

The moon was in its first quarter.
As we approached the hospital
the air above it, having taken up
the glow through the glass roof
seemed ablaze, rivalling night’s queen.
The room was packed with doctors.

How pale and young the boy seemed
among those pigs, myself
among them! who surpassed him
only in experience, that drug,
sitting erect to their talk:
valences

For years a nurse-girl
an unhatched sun corroding
her mind, eating away a rind
of impermanences, through books
remorseless

Curie (the movie queen) upon
the stage at the Sorbonne
a half mile across! walking solitary
as tho' in a forest, the silence
of a great forest (of ideas)
before the assembly (the
little Polish baby-nurse) receives
international acclaim (a
drug)

Come on up! Come up Sister and be
saved (splitting the atom of
bitterness)! And Billy Sunday evangel
and ex-rightfielder sets himself
to take one off the wall

He's on
the table now! Both feet, singing
(a foot song) his feet canonized

as paid for
by the United Factory Owners' Ass'n
to “break” the strike
and put those S.O.Bs in their places, be
Geezus, by calling them to God!

— getting his 27 Grand in the hotel room
after the last supper (at the Hamilton)
on the eve of quitting town, exhausted
in his efforts to split (a split
personality) the plate

What an arm!

Come to Jesus! Someone help
that old woman up the steps. Come to
Jesus and be. All together now,
give it everything you got!

Brighten
the corner where you
are!

Dear Doctor:

In spite of the grey secrecy of time and my own self-shuttering
doubts in these youthful rainy days, I would like to make my pres-
ence in Paterson known to you, and I hope you will welcome this
from me, an unknown young poet, to you, an unknown old poet,
who live in the same rusty county of the world. Not only do I
inscribe this missive somewhat in the style of those courteous sages
of yore who recognized one another across the generations as
brotherly children of the muses (whose names they well know)
but also as fellow citizenly Chinamen of the same province, whose
gastanks, junkyards, fens of the alley, millways, funeral parlors,
river-visions—aye! the falls itself—are images white-woven in their
very beards.

I went to see you once briefly two years ago (when I was 21),
to interview you for a local newspaper. I wrote the story in fine
and simple style, but it was hacked and changed and came out the
next week as a labored joke at your expense which I assume you
did not get to see. You invited me politely to return, but I did not,
as I had nothing to talk about except images of cloudy light, and was not able to speak to you in your own or my own concrete terms. Which failing still hangs with me to a lesser extent, yet I feel ready to approach you once more.

As to my history: I went to Columbia on and off since 1943, working and travelling around the country and aboard ships when I was not in school, studying English. I won a few poetry prizes there and edited the Columbia Review. I liked Van Doren most there. I worked later on the Associated Press as a copyboy, and spent most of the last year in a mental hospital; and now I am back in Paterson which is home for the first time in seven years. What I'll do there I don't know yet—my first move was to try and get a job on one of the newspapers here and in Passaic, but that hasn't been successful yet.

My literary liking is Melville in Pierre and the Confidence Man, and in my own generation, one Jack Kerouac whose first book came out this year.

I do not know if you will like my poetry or not—that is, how far your own inventive persistence excludes less independent or youthful attempts to perfect, renew, transfigure, and make contemporarily real an old style of lyric machinery, which I use to record the struggle with imagination of the clouds, with which I have been concerned. I enclose a few samples of my best writing. All that I have done has a program, consciously or not, running on from phase to phase, from the beginnings of emotional breakdown, to momentary raindrops from the clouds become corporeal, to a renewal of human objectivity which I take to be ultimately identical with no ideas but in things. But this last development I have yet to turn into poetic reality. I envision for myself some kind of new speech—different at least from what I have been writing down—in that it has to be clear statement of fact about misery (and not misery itself), and splendor if there is any out of the subjective wanderings through Paterson. This place is as I say my natural habitat by memory, and I am not following in your traces to be poetic: though I know you will be pleased to realize that at least one actual citizen of your community has inherited your experience in his struggle to love and know his own world-city, through your work, which is an accomplishment you almost cannot have hoped to achieve. It is misery I see (like a tide out of my own fantasy) but mainly the splendor which I carry within me and which all free men do. But harking back to a few sentences previous, I may need a new measure myself, but though I have a flair for your style I seldom dig exactly what you are doing with cadences, line length,
sometimes syntax, etc., and cannot handle your work as a solid object—which properties I assume you rightly claim. I don't understand the measure. I haven't worked with it much either, though, which must make the difference. But I would like to talk with you concretely on this.

I enclose these poems. The first shows you where I was 2 years ago. The second, a kind of dense lyric I instinctively try to imitate—after Crane, Robinson, Tate, and old Englishmen. Then, the Shroudy Stranger (3) less interesting as a poem (or less sincere) but it connects observations of things with an old dream of the void—I have real dreams about a classic hooded figure. But this dream has become identified with my own abyss—and with the abyss of old Smokies under the Erie R.R. tracks on straight street—so the shroudy stranger (4) speaking from the inside of the old wracked bum of Paterson or anywhere in America. This is only a half made poem (using a few lines and a situation I had in a dream). I contemplated a long work on the shroudy stranger, his wanderings. Next (5) an earlier poem, Radio City, a long lyric written in sickness. Then a mad song (to be sung by Groucho Marx to a Bop background.) (6). The (7) an old style ballad-type ghost dream poem. Then, an ode to the Setting Sun of abstract ideas, written before leaving the hospital, and last an Ode to Judgment, which I just wrote, but which is unfinished. (9) What will come of all this I do not know yet.

I know this letter finds you in good health, as I saw you speak at the Museum in N.Y. this week. I ran backstage to accost you, but changed my mind, after waving at you, and ran off again.

Respectfully yours,

A. G.

Paris, a fifth floor room, bread
milk and chocolate, a few
apples and coal to be carried,
des briquettes, their special smell,
at dawn: Paris .
the soft coal smell, as she
leaned upon the window before de-
parting, for work .

175
— a furnace, a cavity aching
toward fission; a hollow,
a woman waiting to be filled

— a luminosity of elements, the
current leaping!
Pitchblende from Austria, the
valence of Uranium inexplicably
increased. Curie, the man, gave up
his work to buttress her.

But she is pregnant! Poor Joseph,

the Italians say.

Glory to God in the highest
and on earth, peace, goodwill to
men!

Believe it or not.

A dissonance
in the valence of Uranium
led to the discovery

Dissonance
(if you are interested)
leads to discovery

— to dissect away
the block and leave
a separate metal:

hydrogen
the flame, helium the
pregnant ash
— the elephant takes two years

Love is a kitten, a pleasant thing, a purr and a pounce. Chases a piece of string, a scratch and a mew a ball batted with a paw a sheathed claw

Love, the sledge that smashes the atom? No, No! antagonistic cooperation is the key, says Levy

Sir Thopas (The Canterbury Pilgrims) says (to Chaucer)
  Namoor—
  Thy drasty rymyng is not worth a toord
— and Chaucer seemed to think so too for he stopped and went on in prose

Report of Cases

Case 1.—M. N., a white woman aged 35, a nurse in the pediatric ward, had no history of previous intestinal disturbance. A sister who lived with her suffered with cramps and diarrhea, later found by us to be due to amebiasis. On Nov. 8, 1944 a stool submitted by the nurse for the usual monthly examination was found to be positive for Salmonella montevideo. The nurse was at once removed from duty with full pay, a measure found to be of advantage in having hospital personnel report diarrheal disturbances without fear of economic reprisal.

— with ponderous belly, full of thought! stirring the cauldrons in the old shed used by the medical students for dissections.

Winter. Snow through the cracks
Pauvre étudiant

en l'an trentième de mon âge

Item . with coarsened hands
by the hour, the day, the week
to get, after months of labor .

a stain at the bottom of the retort
without weight, a failure, a
nothing. And then, returning in the
night, to find it .

LUMINOUS!

On Friday, the twelfth of October, we anchored before the
land and made ready to go ashore . There I sent the people
for water, some with arms, and others with casks: and as it was
some little distance, I waited two hours for them.
During that time I walked among the trees which was the
most beautiful thing which I had ever known.

knowledge, the contaminant

Uranium, the complex atom, breaking
down, a city in itself, that complex
atom, always breaking down .
to lead.

But giving off that, to an
exposed plate, will reveal .

And so, with coarsened hands
she stirs

And love, bitterly contesting, waits
that the mind shall declare itself not
alone in dreams .

A man like you should have everything he wants .
not half asleep
waiting for the sun to part the labia
of shabby clouds . but a man (or
a woman) achieved

flagrant!
adep at thought, playing the words
following a table which is the synthesis
of thought, a symbol that is to him,
sun up! a Mendelief, the elements laid
out by molecular weight, identity
predicted before found! and

Oh most powerful connective, a bead
to lie between continents through
which a string passes

Ah Madam!
this is order, perfect and controlled
on which empires, alas, are built

But there may issue, a contaminant,
some other metal radioactive
a dissonance, unless the table lie,
may cure the cancer . must
lie in that ash . Helium plus, plus
what? Never mind, but plus . . a
woman, a small Polish baby-nurse
unable .

Woman is the weaker vessel, but
the mind is neutral, a bead linking
continents, brow and toe
and will at best take out
its spate in mathematics
replacing murder

Sappho vs Elektra!

The young conductor gets his orchestra
and leaves his patroness
with child.

... les idées Wilsoniennes nous
gâtent ... the vague irrelevances
and the destructive silences
inertia

As Carrie Nation
to Artemis
so is our life today ...

They took her out West on a photographing expedition
to study chiaroscuro
to Denver, I think.

Somewhere around there ...
the marriage
was annulled. When she returned
with the baby
openly
taking it to her girls’ parties, they
were shocked

— and the Abbess Hildegard, at her own
funeral, Rupertsberg, 1179
had enjoined them to sing the choral, all
women, she had written for the occasion
and it was done, the peasants kneeling
in the background ... as you may see
The Constitution says: *To borrow money on the credit of the United States.* It does not say: *To borrow money from Private bankers.*

To explain the fallacies and illusions upon which our present method of financing the national budget is based would take too much space and time. To win the cold war we must reform our finance system. The Russians understand only force. We must be stronger than they and build more airplanes.

**FINANCE THE BUILDING OF AIRPLANES AS FOLLOWS:**

1. Pay the manufacturer with a NATIONAL CREDIT CERTIFICATE.
2. Manufacturer deposits the Certificate with his bank the same as a check.
3. Banker returns National Credit Certificate to Treasury Dept., which opens UNITED STATES NATIONAL CREDIT for banker.
4. Banker in turn now opens BANKER’S CREDIT for depositor. Manufacturer draws checks against his credit as usual.
5. Manufacturer pays his workers with checks upon his bank.
6. Treasury Dept. pays banker a service charge of 1% for handling the Treasury transaction. If the airplanes cost 1 million dollars the banker's profit would be $10,000.

**WHAT DO WE ACCOMPLISH BY USING THIS SYSTEM?**

1. Manufacturer is paid in full.
2. Workers are paid in full.
3. Bankers make a $10,000 profit every time he handles a 1 million dollar National Credit Certificate.
4. We do not add to the National Debt.
5. We do not have to increase federal taxation.
6. The only cost of the 1 million dollar airplane is only $10,000, the cost of the banker’s service charges.
7. We can build 100 airplanes for the price of one.

I would like to have some smart economist or banker stick out his neck and contradict one single claim I present herewith to the nation.

**ENFORCE THE CONSTITUTION ON MONEY**

August Walters, Newark, N. J.
MONEY : JOKE (i.e., crime under the circumstances : value chipped away at accelerated pace.)

— do you joke when a man is dying of a brain tumor?

Take up the individual misfortune by buffering it into the locality — not penalize him with surgeon's fees and accessories at an advance over the market price for “hospital income”

Who gets that? The poor? What poor?

— at $8.50 a day, ward rate? short of the possibility of recovery

And not enrich the widow either long past fertility

Money: Uranium (bound to be lead) throws out the fire.
— the radium's the credit — the wind in the trees, the hurricane in the palm trees, the tornado that lifts oceans.
Trade winds that broached a continent drive the ship forward.

Money sequestered enriches avarice, makes poverty: the direct cause of disaster.
while the leak drips
Let out the fire, let the wind go!
Release the Gamma rays that cure the cancer
the cancer, usury. Let credit
out . out from between the bars
before the bank windows

credit, stalled
in money, conceals the generative
that thwarts art or buys it (without
understanding), out of poverty of wit, to
win, vicariously, the blue ribbon
to win
the Congressional Medal
for bravery beyond the call of duty but
not to end as a bridge-tender
on government dole .

Defeat may steel us
in knowledge : money : joke
to be wiped out sooner or later at stroke
of pen .

just because they ain't no water fit to drink in that spot (or
you ain't found none) don't mean there ain't no fresh water to
be had NOWHERE . .

— and to Tolson and to his ode
and to Liberia and to Allen Tate
(Give him credit)
and to the South generally
Selah!

— and to 100 years of it — splits
off the radium, the Gamma rays
will eat their bastard bones out who
are opposed
Selah!
— yuh wanna be killed with your
face in the dirt and a son-of-a-bitch
of a Guardia Civil giving you the
coup de (dis)grace
right in the puss . . . ?

Selah! Selah!

Credit! I hope you have a long credit
and a dirty one
Selah!

What is credit? the Parthenon

What is money? the gold entrusted to Phideas for the
statue of Pallas Athena, that he “put aside”
for private purposes

— the gold, in short, that Phideas stole
You can’t steal credit : the Parthenon.

— let’s skip any reference, at this time, to the Elgin marbles.

Reuther — shot through a window, at whose pay?

— then there’s Ben Shahn .

Here follows a list of the mayors of
120 American cities in the years following
the Civil War. . . or the War Between
the States, if you prefer . . . like
cubes of fat in the blutwurst of the
times .
Credit. Credit. Credit. Give them all credit. They were the fathers of many a later novelist no worse than the rest.

Money: Joke
could be wiped out
at stroke
of pen
and was when
gold and pound were
devalued

Money: small time
reciprocal action relic
precedent to stream-lined
turbine: credit

Uranium: basic thought—leadward
Fractured: radium: credit

Curie: woman (of no importance) genius: radium

THE GIST

credit: the gist

IN
venshun.
O.KAY
In venshun

and seeinz az how yu hv/started. Will you consider
a remedy of a lot:

i.e. LOCAL control of local purchasing
power
Difference between squalor of spreading slums and splendor of renaissance cities.

Credit makes solid
is related directly to the effort,
work: value created and received,
“the radiant gist” against all that
scants our lives.
Haven't you forgot your virgin purpose, the language?

What language? "The past is for those who lived in the past," is all she told me.

Shh! the old man's asleep

—all but for the tides, there is no river, silent now, twists and turns in his dreams.

The ocean yawns!

It is almost the hour

—and did you ever know of a sixty year woman with child? ?

Listen!

someone's coming up the path, perhaps it is not too late? Too late.

Jonathan, bap. Oct. 29, 1752; m. Gritie (Haring?). He was born and brought up at Hoppertown (Hohokus), but in 1779 was running the grist and saw-mill at Wagaraw, now owned by the Alyeas. On the night of April 21, 1779, his wife was aroused by a noise as of someone trying to get into the lower part of the mill, where, for better security, he kept his horses. "Yawntan," said she in Dutch, "someone is stealing your horses." Lighting a lantern, he threw open the upper half-door and challenged the marauders. Instantly a shot was fired through the lower half-door, wounding him in the abdomen. He staggered back into the house and fell upon a bed, covering himself up in the blankets. A party of Tories, masked and disguised, rushed in, and, compelling his young wife to hold a candle, they savagely attacked the prostrate form. Once he seized one of the bayonettes and holding it for a moment, cried at his as-
sailant: “Andries, this is an old grudge.” With redoubled fury the inhuman savages bayoneted him, until with a groan he expired. His two infant children who were wont to sleep in a trundle bed beneath his, were horrified spectators of their father’s massacre. After the murderers were gone, his wife and a neighbor took the blood out of the bed in double handfuls. The murdered man had received nineteen or twenty cruel bayonet thrusts. It was believed that some neighbor had led the Tories to the attack, less from political or pecuniary considerations than from motives of private revenge. Hopper was a captain in the Bergen County militia. One of his children was Albert, bap. Oct. 6, 1776. It is said that Jonathan’s children removed to Cincinnati, and there attained some prominence.

Come on, get going. The tide’s in

Leise, leise! Lentement! Che va piano,
va lontano! Virtue,
my kitten, is a complex reward in all languages, achieved slowly.

... which reminds me of an old friend, now gone

—while he was still in the hotel business, a tall and rather beautiful young woman came to his desk one day to ask if there were any interesting books to be had on the premises. He, being interested in literature, as she knew, replied that his own apartment was full of them and that, though he couldn’t leave at the moment—Here’s my key, go up and help yourself.

She thanked him and went off. He forgot all about her.

After lunch he too went to his rooms not remembering until he was at the door that he had no key. But the door was unlatched and as he entered, a girl was lying naked on the bed. It startled him a little. So much so that all he could do was to remove his own clothes and lie beside her. Quite comfortable, he soon fell into a heavy sleep. She also must have slept.

They wakened later, simultaneously, much refreshed.
—another, once gave me
an old ash-tray, a bit of
porcelain inscribed
with the legend, La Vertue

est toute dans l'effort
baked into the material,
maroon on white, a glazed
Venerian scallop for
ashes, fit repository
for legend, a quieting thought:
Virtue is wholly
in the effort to be virtuous
This takes connivance,
takes convoluted forms, takes
time! A sea-shell
Let's not dwell on childhood's
lecherous cousins. Why
should we? Or even on
as comparatively simple
a thing as the composite
dandelion that
changes its face overnight. Virtue,
a mask: the mask,
virtuous.

Kill the explicit sentence, don't you think? and expand our meaning—by verbal sequences. Sentences, but not grammatical sentences: dead-falls set by schoolmen. Do you think there is any virtue in that? better than sleep? to revive us?

She used to call me her
country bumpkin
Now she is gone I think
of her as in Heaven
She made me believe in
it . a little
Where else could she go?
There was something grandiose about her.

Man and woman are not much emphasized as such at that age: both want the same thing— to be amused.

Imagine me at her funeral. I sat way back. Stupid, perhaps but no more so than any funeral.

You might think she had a private ticket.

I think she did; some people, not many, make you feel that way.

It's in them.

Virtue, she would say— (her version of it) is a stout old bird, unpredictable. And so I remember her, adding, as she did, clumsily, not being used to such talk, that— Nothing does, does as it used to do do do! I loved her.
All the professions, all the arts, idiots, criminals to the greatest lack and deformity, the stable parts making up a man's mind—fly after him attacking ears and eyes: small birds following marauding crows, in ecstasies of fear and daring

The brain is weak. It fails mastery, never a fact.

To bring himself in, hold together wives in one wife and at the same time scatter it, the one in all of them. Weakness, weakness dogs him, fulfillment only a dream or in a dream. No one mind can do it all, runs smooth in the effort: toute dans l'effort

The greyhaired President (of Haiti), his women and children, at the water's edge, sweating, leads off finally, after delays, huzzahs, songs for pageant reasons over the blue water. in a private plane with his blonde secretary.

Scattered, the fierceness of knowledge comes flocking down again—
souvenir of childhood,
the skull of the white stone.
There was Margaret of the big breasts
and daring eyes who carried
her head, where her small brain rattled,
as the mind might wish,
at the best, to be carried. There was
Lucille, gold hair and blue eyes, very
straight, who
to the amazement of many, married a
saloon keeper and lost her modesty.
There was loving Alma, who wrote a steady
hand, whose mouth never wished for
relief. And the cold Nancy, with small
firm breasts.

You remember?

a high
forehead, she who never smiled more
than was sufficient but whose broad
mouth was icy with pleasure startling
the back and knees! whose words were
few and never wasted. There were
others—half hearted, the over-eager,
the dull, pity for all of them, staring
out of dirty windows, hopeless, indifferent,
come too late and a few, too drunk
with it— or anything— to be awake to
receive it. All these
and more— shining, struggling flies
captured in the meshes of Her hair, of whom
there can be no complaint, fast in
the invisible net— from the back country,
half awakened—all desiring. Not one
to escape, not one. a fragrance
of mown hay, facing the rapacious,
the "great".
The whereabouts of Peter the Dwarf's grave was unknown until the end of the last century, when, in 1885, P. Doremus, undertaker, was moving bodies from the cellar of the old church to make room for a new furnace, he disinterred a small coffin and beside it a large box. In the coffin was the headless skeleton of what he took to be a child until he opened the large box and found therein an enormous skull. In referring to the burial records it was learned that Peter the Dwarf had been so buried.

Yellow, for genius, the Jap said. Yellow is your color. The sun. Everybody looked. And you, purple, he added, wind over water.

My serpent, my river! genius of the fields, Kra, my adored one, unspoiled by the mind, observer of pigeons, rememberer of cataracts, voluptuary of gulls! Knower of tides, counter of hours, wanings and waxings, enumerator of snowflakes, starer through thin ice, whose corpuscles are minnows, whose drink, sand

Here's to the baby, may it thrive! Here's to the labia that rive

to give it place in a stubborn world. And here's to the peak from which the seed was hurled!

In a deep-set valley between hills, almost hid by dense foliage lay the little village. Dominated by the Falls the surrounding country was a beautiful wilderness where mountain pink and wood violet thrrove: a place inhabited only by straggling trappers and wandering Indians.
A print in colors by Paul Sandby, a well known water color artist of the eighteenth century, a rare print in the Public Library shows the old Falls restudied from a drawing made by Lieut. Gov. Pownall (excellent work) as he saw it in the year 1700.

The wigwam and the tomahawk, the Totowa tribe. On either side lay the river-farms resting in the quiet of those colonial days: a hearty old Dutch stock, with a toughness to stick and hold fast, although not fast in making improvements.

Clothing homespun. The people raised their own stock. Rude furniture, sanded floors, rush bottomed chair, a pewter shelf of Brittaniana ware. The wives spun and wove—many things that might appear disgraceful or distasteful today.

The Benson and Doremus estates for years were the only ones on the north side of the river.

Dear Doc: Since I last wrote I have settled down more, am working on a Labor newspaper (N. J. Labor Herald, AFL) in Newark. The owner is an Assemblyman and so I have a chance to see many of the peripheral intimacies of political life which in this neighborhood has always had for me the appeal of the rest of the landscape, and a little more, since it is the landscape alive and busy.

Do you know that the west side of City Hall, the street, is nicknamed the Bourse, because of the continual political and banking haggle and hassel that goes on there?

Also I have been walking the streets and discovering the bars—especially around the great Mill and River streets. Do you know this part of Paterson? I have seen so many things—negroes, gypsies, an incoherent bartender in a taproom overhanging the river, filled with gas, ready to explode, the window facing the river painted over so that the people can't see it. I wonder if you have seen River Street most of all, because that is really at the heart of what is to be known.
I keep wanting to write you a long letter about deep things I can show you, and will some day—the look of streets and people, events that have happened here and there.

A. G.

There were colored slaves. In 1791 only ten houses, all farm houses save one, The Godwin Tavern, the most historic house in Paterson, on River Street: a swinging sign on a high post with a full length picture of Washington painted on it, giving a squeaking sound when touched by the wind.

Branching trees and ample gardens gave the village streets a delightful charm and the narrow old-fashioned brick walls added a dignity to the shading trees. It was a fair resort for summer sojourners on their way to the Falls, the main object of interest.

The sun goes beyond Garrett Mountain as evening descends, the green of its pine trees, fading under a crimson sky until all color is lost. In the town candle light appears. No lighted streets. It is as dark as Egypt.

There is the story of the cholera epidemic the well known man who refused to bring his team into town for fear of infecting them but stopped beyond the river and carted his produce in himself by wheelbarrow—to the old market, in the Dutch style of those days.
Paterson, N. J., Sept. 17—Fred Goodell Jr., twenty-two, was arrested early this morning and charged with the murder of his six-months-old daughter Nancy, for whom police were looking since Tuesday, when Goodell reported her missing.

Continued questioning from last night until 1 a.m. by police headed by Chief James Walker drew the story of the slaying, police said, from the $40-a-week factory worker a few hours after he refused to join his wife, Marie, eighteen, in taking a lie detector test.

At 2 a.m. Goodell led police a few blocks from his house to a spot on Garrett Mountain and showed them a heavy rock under which he had buried Nancy, dressed only in a diaper and placed in a paper shopping bag.

Goodell told the police he had killed the child by twice snapping the wooden tray of a high chair into the baby's face Monday morning when her crying annoyed him as he was feeding her. Dr. George Surgent, the county physician, said she died of a fractured skull.

There was an old wooden bridge to Manchester, as Totowa was called in those days, which Lafayette crossed in 1824, while little girls strewed flowers in his path. Just across the river in what is now called the Old Gun Mill Yard was a nail factory where they made nails by hand.

I remember going down to the old cotton mill one morning when the thermometer was down to 13 degrees below on the old bell post. In those days there were few steam whistles. Most of the mills had a bell post and bell, to ring out the news, "Come to work!"

Stepping out of bed into a snow drift that had sifted in through the roof; then, after a porridge breakfast, walk five miles to work. When I got there I did pound the anvil for sartin', to keep up circulation.
In the early days of Paterson, the breathing spot of the village was the triangle square bounded by Park Street (now lower Main St.) and Bank Street. Not including the Falls it was the prettiest spot in town. Well shaded by trees with a common in the center where the country circus pitched its tents. On the Park Street side it ran down to the river. On the Bank Street side it ran to a roadway leading to the barnyard of the Goodwin House, the barnyard taking up part of the north side of the park.

The circus was an antiquated affair, only a small tent, one ring show. They didn’t allow circuses to perform in the afternoon because that would close up the mills. Time in those days was precious. Only in the evenings. But they were sure to parade their horses about the town about the time the mills stopped work. The upshot of the matter was, the town turned out to the circus in the evening. It was lighted in those days by candles especially made for the show. They were giants fastened to boards hung on wires about the tent, a peculiar contrivance. The giant candles were placed on the bottom boards, and two rows of smaller candles one above the other tapering to a point, forming a very pretty scene and giving plenty of light.

The candles lasted during the performance presenting a weird but dazzling spectacle in contrast with the showy performers—
Many of the old names and some of the places are not remembered now: McCurdy’s Pond, Goffle Road, Boudinot Street. The Town Clock Building. The old-fashioned Dutch Church that burned down Dec. 14, 1871 as the clock was striking twelve midnight. Collet, Carrick, Roswell Colt, Dickerson, Ogden, Pennington.

The part of town called Dublin settled by the first Irish immigrants. If you intended residing in the old town you’d drink of the water of Dublin Spring. The finest water he ever tasted, said Lafayette.

Just off Gun Mill yard, on the gully was a long rustic winding stairs leading to a cliff on the opposite side of the river. At the top was Fyfield’s tavern — watching the birds flutter and bathe in the little pools in the rocks formed by the falling mist — of the Falls.

Paterson, N. J., January 9, 1850.—The murder last night of two persons living at the Goffle, within two or three miles of this place has thrown our community into a state of intense excitement. The victims are John S. Van Winkle and his wife, an aged couple, and long residents of this county. The atrocious deed was accomplished as there appears no doubt by one John Johnson, a laboring farmer, and who at the time was employed by some of his neighbors in the same capacity. So far as we have been able to gather the particulars, it would seem that Johnson effected an entrance into the house through an upper window, by means of a ladder, and descending to the bedroom of his victims below, accomplished his murderous purpose by first attacking the wife who slept in front, then the husband, and again the wife.

The second attack appears to have immediately deprived the wife of life; the husband is still living but his death is momentarily expected. The chief instrument used appears to have been a knife, though the husband bears one or more marks of a hatchet. The
hatchet was found next morning either in bed or on the floor, and the knife on the window sill, where it was left by the murderer in descending to the ground.

A boy only slept in the same dwelling. . . . The fresh snow, however, enabled his pursuers to find and arrest their man. . . . His object was doubtless money (which, however, he seemed not to have obtained).

Johnson inquired why they had tied him, "what have I done?" . . . He was taken to the scene of murder and shown the objects of his barbarous cruelty, but the sight produced no other sensible effect than to extort from him an expression of pity, he denying any knowledge of participation in the inhuman butchery.

Trip a trap o'troontjes
De vaarkens in de boontjes—
De kocien in de klaver—
De paarden in de haver—
De eenden in de waterplas,
    Plis! Plas!
Zoo groot mijn kleine Derrick was!

You come today to see killed
to see killed, killed
as if it were a conclusion
—a conclusion!
a convincing strewing of corpses
—to move the mind

as tho' the mind
can be moved, the mind, I said
by an array of hacked corpses:

War!
a poverty of resource . . .

Twenty feet of
guts on the black sands of Iwo
“What have I done?”

—to convince whom? the sea worm?
They are used to death and
jubilate at it.

Murder.

—you cannot believe
that it can begin again, again, here
again. here
Waken from a dream, this dream of
the whole poem. sea-bound,
rises, a sea of blood

—the sea that sucks in all rivers,
dazzled, led
by the salmon and the shad.

Turn back I warn you
(October 10, 1950)
from the shark, that snaps
at his own trailing guts, makes a sunset
of the green water.

But lullaby, they say, the time sea is
no more than sleep is.
afloat
with weeds, bearing seeds.

Ah!

float wrack, float words, snaring the
seeds.
I warn you, the sea is not our home.

The sea is our home whither all rivers
(wither) run

the nostalgic sea
sopped with our cries
Thalassa! Thalassa!
calling us home
I say to you, Put wax rather in your
ears against the hungry sea
it is not our home!

draws us in to drown, of losses
and regrets

Oh that the rocks of the Areopagus had
kept their sounds, the voices of the law!
Or that the great theatre of Dionysius
could be aroused by some modern magic
to release
what is bound in it, stones!
that music might be wakened from them to
melt our ears

The sea is not our home

—though seeds float in with the scum
and wrack among brown fronds
and limp starfish

Yet you will come to it, come to it! The
song is in your ears, to Oceanus
where the day drowns
No! it is not our home.

You will come to it, the blood dark sea of praise. You must come to it. Seed of Venus, you will return to a girl standing upon a tilted shell, rose pink.

Listen!
Thalassa! Thalassa!
Drink of it, be drunk!
Thalassa immaculata: our home, our nostalgic mother in whom the dead, enwombed again cry out to us to return the blood dark sea!
nicked by the light alone, diamonded by the light from which the sun alone lifts undamped his wings of fire!

... not our home! It is NOT our home.

What's that?
—a duck, a hell-diver? A swimming dog? What, a sea-dog? There it is again. A porpoise, of course, following the mackerel. No. Must be the up-end of something sunk. But this is moving! Maybe not. Flotsam of some sort.
A large, compact bitch gets up, black, from where she has been lying under the bank, yawns and stretches with a half suppressed half whine, half cry. She looks to sea, cocking her ears and, restless, walks to the water’s edge where she sits down, half in the water.

When he came out, lifting his knees through the waves she went to him frisking her rump awkwardly. Wiping his face with his hand he turned to look back to the waves, then knocking at his ears, walked up to stretch out flat on his back in the hot sand. there were some girls, far down the beach, playing ball.

—must have slept. Got up again, rubbed the dry sand off and walking a few steps got into a pair of faded overalls, slid his shirt on overhand (the sleeves were still rolled up) shoes, hat where she had been watching them under the bank and turned again to the water’s steady roar, as of a distant waterfall. Climbing the bank, after a few tries, he picked some beach plums from a low bush and sampled one of them, spitting the seed out, then headed inland, followed by the dog.

John Johnson, from Liverpool, England, was convicted after 20 minutes conference by the Jury. On April 30th, 1850, he was hung in full view of thousands who had gathered on Garrett Mountain and adjacent house tops to witness the spectacle.
This is the blast
the eternal close
the spiral
the final somersault
the end.
Book Five
To the Memory
of
**Henri Toulouse Lautrec**, Painter
In old age
the mind
casts off
rebelliously
an eagle
from its crag

— the angle of a forehead
or far less
makes him remember when he thought
he had forgot

— remember

confidently
only a moment, only for a fleeting moment —
with a smile of recognition

It is early . . .
the song of the fox sparrow
reawakening the world
of Paterson
— its rocks and streams
frail tho it is
from their long winter sleep

In March —
the rocks
the bare rocks
speak!

— it is a cloudy morning.
He looks out the window
sees the birds still there —
Not prophecy! NOT prophecy!
but the thing itself!

— the first phase,
Lorca's *The Love of Don Perlimplín*,
the young girl
no more than a child
leads her aged bridegroom
innocently enough
to his downfall —

— at the end of the play, (she was a hot little bitch but nothing unusual — today we marry women who are past their prime, Juliet was 13 and Beatrice 0 when Dante first saw her).

Love's whole gamut, the wedding night's promiscuity in the girl's mind, her determination not to be left out of the party, as a moral gesture, if ever there was one

The moral

proclaimed by the whorehouse
could not be better proclaimed
by the virgin, a price on her head,
her maidenhead!
sharp practice
to hold on to that
cheapening it:
Throw it away! (as she did)

The Unicorn
the white one-horned beast
thrashes about
root toot a toot!
faceless among the stars
calling
for its own murder
Paterson, from the air
above the low range of its hills
across the river

on a rock-ridge
has returned to the old scenes
to witness

What has happened
since Soupault gave him the novel
the Dadaist novel
to translate —

_The Last Nights of Paris._

“What has happened to Paris
since that time?

and to myself”?

A WORLD OF ART
THAT THROUGH THE YEARS HAS

SURVIVED!

—the museum became real
_The Cloisters_ —
on its rock

casting its shadow —

“la réalité! la réalité!
la réa, la réa, la réalité!”

Dear Bill:

I wish you and F. could have come. It was a grand day and we
missed you two, one and all missed you. Forgetmenot, wild col-
umbine, white and purple violets, white narcissus, wild anemones
and yards and yards of delicate wild windflowers along the brook
showed up at their best. We didn’t have hard cider or applejack
this time but wine and vodka and lots of victuals. . . . .
erstwhile chicken house has been a studio for years, one D.E. envied when he saw it and it has been occupied by one person or another writing every summer when I am here which has been pretty continuously for some time. The barn too has a big roomy floor which anyone who finds a table and a chair in space enlivening is welcome to. E.'s even fondled the idea of "doing something" about the barn and I wish they would. Their kids went in bathing in the brook, painted pictures and explored. If you ever feel like coming and get transportation please come. E.'ll be up again before leaving Princeton in June. They will be in H. next year. J.G. is occupying the "Guest House" now.

How lovely to read your memories of the place; a place is made of memories as well as the world around it. Most of the flowers were put in many years ago and thrive each spring, the wild ones in some new spot that is exciting to see. Hepatica and bloodroot are now all over the place, and trees that were infants are now tall creatures filled this season with orioles, some rare warbler like the Myrtle and magnolia warblers and a wren has the best nest in the garage (not to be confounded with any uptodate shelter) where I had a coat lines with shipskin hanging and the wren simply used it to back her nest against where she is sitting warm and pretty on five eggs.

Best wishes and love from everyone who was here.

Josie

The whore and the virgin, an identity:
— through its disguises

trash about — but will not succeed in breaking free : an identity

Audubon (Au-du-bon), (the lost Dauphin) left the boat downstream below the falls of the Ohio at Louisville to follow a trail through the woods across three states northward of Kentucky.
He saw buffalo
    and more
    a horned beast among the trees
in the moonlight
    following small birds
the chicadee
    in a field crowded with small flowers
    its neck
circled by a crown!
        from a regal tapestry of stars!
lying wounded on his belly
    legs folded under him
the bearded head held
    regally aloft
    What but indirection
will get to the end of the sphere?
    Here
is not there,
    and will never be.
    The Unicorn
has no match
    or mate . the artist
has no peer .
Death
    has no peer:
wandering in the woods,
    a field crowded with small flowers
    in which the wounded beast lies down to rest
We shall not get to the bottom:
death is a hole
    in which we are all buried
Gentile and Jew.
The flower dies down
and rots away.
But there is a hole
in the bottom of the bag.

It is the imagination
which cannot be fathomed.
It is through this hole
we escape.

So through art alone, male and female, a field of
flowers, a tapestry, spring flowers unequaled
in loveliness.

Through this hole
at the bottom of the cavern
of death, the imagination
escapes intact.

. he bears a collar round his neck
hid in the bristling hair.

Dear Dr. Williams:

Thanks for your introduction. The book is over in England being printed, and will be out in July sometime. Your foreword is personal and compassionate and you got the point of what has happened. You should see what strength & gaiety there is beyond that though. The book will contain . . . I have never been interested in writing except for the splendor of actual experience etc. . bullshit, I mean I’ve never been really crazy, confused at times.

. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .

I am leaving for the North pole this time on a ship in a few weeks.
. . . I’ll see icebergs and write great white polar rhapsodies.
Love to you, back in October and will pass thru Paterson to see family on way to a first trip to Europe. I have NOT absconded.
from Paterson. I do have a whitmanic mania & nostalgia for cities and detail & panorama and isolation in jungle and pole, like the images you pick up. When I've seen enough I'll be back to splash in the Passaic again only with a body so naked and happy City Hall will have to call out the Riot Squad. When I come back I'll make big political speeches in the mayoralty campaigns like I did when I was 16 only this time I'll have W. C. Fields on my left and Jehovah on my right. Why not? Paterson is only a big sad poppa who needs compassion. . . In any case Beauty is where I hang my hat. And reality. And America.

There is no struggle to speak to the city, out of the stones etc. Truth is not hard to find . . . I'm not being clear, so I'll shut up . . . I mean to say Paterson is not a task like Milton going down to hell, it's a flower to the mind too etc etc.

A magazine will be put out . . . etc.

Adios.

A.G.

IF YOU DON'T HAVE ANY TIME FOR ANYTHING ELSE PLEASE READ THE ENCLOSED SUNFLOWER SUTRA

— the virgin and the whore, which most endures? the world of the imagination most endures:

Pollock's blobs of paint squeezed out with design! pure from the tube. Nothing else is real . . .

WALK in the world (you can't see anything from a car window, still less from a plane, or from the moon!? Come off of it.)
— a present, a “present”
world, across three states (Ben Shahn saw it
among its rails and wires,
and noted it down) walked across three states
for it
a secret world,
a sphere, a snake with its tail in
its mouth
rolls backward into the past

The whores grasping for your genitals, faces almost
pleading “two dolla, two dolla” till you almost go in
with the sheer brute desire straining at your loins, the whisky and
the fizzes and the cognac in you till a friend grabs you
“no...to a real house, this is shit.” A reel house, a real
house? Casa real? Casa de putas? and then the walk through the
dark streets, joy of living, in being drunk and walking with other
drunks, walking the streets of dust in a dusty year in a dusty cen-
tury where everything is dust but you are young and you are
drunk and there are women ready to love for some paper in your
pocket. Through the streets with dozens of bands of other soldiers
(they are soldiers even with civilian clothes, soldiers as you are
but different and this band is different because you are you — and
drunk and Baudelaire and Rimbaud and a soul with a book in it
and drunk) a woman steps into the open door of a café and puts
her hand between her legs and smiles at you at you a
whore smiles! And you yell back and all yell back and she yells
and laughs and laughter fills the guitar
soaked night air.

And then the house, and see a smooth faced girl
against a door, all white snow, the virgin, O bride
crook her finger and the vestal not-color of it, the
clean hair of her and the beauty of her body in the orchid stench,
in the vulgar assailing stench the fragility and you walk and sway
across the floor, and reel against the door and push away the voice
that embraces your ear dancers and find her, still standing against
the door and she is smooth-faced and wants four dollars but you
make it three but four she says and you argue and her hand on your belly and she moves it and four and you can hear the music spinning out its tropical redness the beer you gulp and touch the breast, the firmness FOUR no three and smile a girl is carried out of the room by a soldier (bride eternal) smile FOUR no three the hand! the breast, you touch grasp hold lust feel the curve of a buttock silent-smooth sliding under your palm, the dress, the hand!

High heels clack clack laughs nose and her eyes are black and four? please and you pay four? no . three . and then yes four, quatro . . . quatro dolares but twice, I go twice, 'andsome, come on, 'andsome. A child you follow her, the light whirling in your eyes the noise the other girls in the babel friends’ voices unintelligible, edged with laughter the face at which you smile though there is nothing to smile at but smile absurdly because making love to a whore is funny but it is not funny as her blood beneath flesh, her fingers fragile touch yours in rhythm not funny but heat and passion bright and white, brighter-white than lights of the whorehouses, than the gin fizz white, white and deep as birth, deeper than death.

G.S.

A lady with the tail of her dress on her arm . . . her hair is slicked back showing the round head, like her cousin’s, the King, the royal consort’s, young as she in a velvet bonnet, puce, slanted above the eyes, his legs are in striped hose, green and brown.

The lady’s brow is serene to the sound of a huntsman’s horn

—the birds and flowers, the castle showing through the leaves of the trees, a pheasant drinks at the fountain, his shadow drinks there also
cyclamen, columbine, if the art
with which these flowers have been
put down is to be trusted — and
again oak leaves and twigs
that brush the deer's antlers . .
the brutish eyes of the deer
not to be confused
with the eyes of the Queen
are glazed with death . .
a rabbit's rump escaping
through the thicket .

One warm day in April, G.B. had the inspiration to go in swimming naked with the boys, among whom, of course, was her brother, a satyr if there ever was one, to beat anybody up who presumed to molest her. It was at Sandy Bottom, near Willow Point where in later years we used to have picnics. That was before she turned whore and got syphilis. L.M. about that time, a young sailor, went to Rio unafraid of "children's diseases" as the French (and others) called them — but it was no joke as Gauguin found out when his brains began to rot away

the times today
are safer for the fornicators
the moral's
as you choose but the brain
need not putrefy
or petrify
for fear of venereal disease
unless you wish it

"Loose your love to flow"
while you are yet young
male and female
(if it is worth it to you)
'n cha cha cha
you'd think the brain
'bd be grafted
on a better root
I am no authority on Sappho and do not read her poetry particularly well. She wrote for a clear gentle tinkling voice. She avoided all roughness. 'The silence that is in the starry sky,' gives something of her tone, . . .

A. P.

Peer of the gods is that man, who face to face, sits listening to your sweet speech and lovely laughter.

It is this that rouses a tumult in my breast. At mere sight of you my voice falters, my tongue is broken.

Straightway, a delicate fire runs in my limbs; my eyes are blinded and my ears thunder.

Sweat pours out: a trembling hunts me down. I grow paler than dry grass and lack little of dying.

Is there anything in Ac Bul 1/ vide enc that seems cloudy to you, or INComprehensible/ or that having comprehended you disagree with?

The hardest thing to discover is WHY someone else, apparently not an ape or a Roosevelt cannot understand something as simple as 2 plus 2 makes four.
McNair Wilson has just writ me, that Soddy got interested and started to study “economics” and found out what they offered him wasn’t econ/ but banditry.

Wars are made to make debt, and the late one started by the ambulating dunghill FDR . . . has been amply successful.

and the stink that elevated him still emits a smell.

Also the ten vols/ treasury reports sent me to Rapallo show that in the years from departure of Wiggin till the mail stopped you suckers had paid ten billion for gold that cd/ have been bought for SIX billion.

Is this clear or do you want DEEtails?

That sovereignty inheres in the POWER to issue money, whether you have the right to do it or not.

don’t let me crowd you.

If there is anything here that is OBskewer , say so.

don’t worry re . . .

He didn’t say you told him to send me his book, merely that he had met Chu. let the young educ the young.

Only naive remark I found in Voltaire wuz when he found two good books on econ/ and wrote : “Now people will understand it.” end quote.

But IF the buzzards on yr( and Del M’s) list had been CLEAR I wdn’t have spent so much time clarifying their indistinctnesses.

You agree that the offering da shittad aaabull instead of history is undesirable . . . . . . . . . .
There is a woman in our town
walks rapidly, flat bellied
in worn slacks upon the street
where I saw her.

    neither short
nor tall, nor old nor young
her

    face would attract no
adolescent. Grey eyes looked
straight before her.

    Her

    hair
was gathered simply behind the
ears under a shapeless hat.

    Her

    hips were narrow, her

    legs
thin and straight. She stopped

me in my tracks — until I saw

    her

    disappear in the crowd.

An inconspicuous decoration
made of sombre cloth, meant
I think to be a flower, was
pinned flat to her

    right

breast — any woman might have
done the same to
say she was a woman and warn
us of her mood. Otherwise
she was dressed in male attire,
as much as to say to hell
with you. Her
expression was
serious, her
feet were small.

And she was gone!

if ever I see you again
as I have sought you
daily without success

I'll speak to you, alas
too late! ask,
What are you doing on the

streets of Paterson? a
thousand questions:
Are you married? Have you any

children? And, most important,
your NAME! which
of course she may not
give me — though
I cannot conceive it
in such a lonely and

intelligent woman

have you read anything that I have written?
It is all for you
or the birds

or Mezz Mezzrow

who wrote

 Knocking around with Rapp and the Rhythm Kings put the finishing touches on me and straightened me out. To be with those guys made me know that any white man if he thought straight and studied hard, could sing and dance and play with the Negro. You didn't have to take the finest and most original and honest music in America and mess it up because you were a white man; you could dig the colored man's real message and get in there with him, like Rapp. I felt good all over after a session with the Rhythm Kings, and I began to miss that tenor sax.

 Man, I was gone with it—inspiration's mammy was with me. And to top it all, I walked down Madison Street one day and what I heard made me think my ears were lying. Bessie Smith was shouting the Downhearted Blues from a record in a music shop. I flew in and bought every record they had by the mother of the blues—Cemetary Blues, Bleedin' Hearted, and Midnight Blues—then I ran home and listened to them for hours on the victrola. I was put in a trance by Bessie's moanful stories and the patterns of true harmony in the piano background, full of little runs that crawled up and down my spine like mice. Every note that woman wailed vibrated on the tight strings of my nervous system: every word she sang answered a question I was asking. You couldn't drag me away from that victrola, not even to eat.

 . . . or the Satyrs, a

pre-tragic play,

a satyric play!

All plays

were satyric when they were most devout.

Ribald as a Satyr!

Satyrs dance!

all the deformities take wing

Centaurs
leading to the rout of the vocables
     in the writings
of Gertrude
     Stein — but
     you cannot be
an artist
     ( by mere ineptitude
The dream
     is in pursuit!
The neat figures of
     Paul Klee
     fill the canvas
but that
     is not the work
     of a child .
the cure began, perhaps
     with the abstraction
     of Arabic art
Dürer
     with his Melancholy
     was aware of it —
the shattered masonry. Leonardo
     saw it,
     the obsession,
and ridiculed it
     in La Gioconda.
     Bosch’s
congeries of tortured souls and devils
     who prey on them
     fish
swallowing
     their own entrails
Freud
     Picasso
     Juan Gris.
a letter from a friend
    saying:
For the last
three nights
    I have slept like a baby
without
liquer or dope of any sort!
we know
    that a stasis
from a chrysalis
    has stretched its wings
like a bull
or a Minotaur
    or Beethoven
in the scherzo
from the Fifth Symphony
stomped
    his heavy feet
I saw love
    mounted naked on a horse
on a swan
the tail of a fish
    the bloodthirsty conger eel
and laughed
recalling the Jew
    in the pit
among his fellows
when the indifferent chap
    with the machine gun
was spraying the heap
he had not yet been hit
    but smiled
comforting his companions
comforting
    his companions
Dreams possess me
and the dance
of my thoughts
involving animals
the blameless beasts

(Q. Mr. Williams, can you tell me, simply, what poetry is?)

A. Well . . . I would say that poetry is language charged with emotion. It's words, rhythmically organized . . . A poem is a complete little universe. It exists separately. Any poem that has worth expresses the whole life of the poet. It gives a view of what the poet is.

Q. All right, look at this part of a poem by E. E. Cummings, another great American poet:

(im)c-a-t(mo)
b,i,le
FalleA
ps!fl
OatrumblI
sh?dr
IftwhirlF
(UI) (IV)
&&&

Is this poetry?

A. I would reject it as a poem. It may be, to him, a poem. But I would reject it. I can't understand it. He's a serious man. So I struggle very hard with it—and I get no meaning at all.

Q. You get no meaning? But here's part of a poem you yourself have written: . . . "2 partridges/ 2 mallard ducks/ a Dungeness crab/ 24 hours out/ of the Pacific/ and 2 live-frozen/ trout/ from Denmark . . . " Now, that sounds just like a fashionable grocery list!
A. It is a fashionable grocery list.

Q. Well — is it poetry?

A. We poets have to talk in a language which is not English. It is the American idiom. Rhythmically it's organized as a sample of the American idiom. It has as much originality as jazz. If you say “2 partridges, 2 mallard ducks, a Dungeness crab” — if you treat that rhythmically, ignoring the practical sense, it forms a jagged pattern. It is, to my mind, poetry.

Q. But if you don’t “ignore the practical sense” . . . you agree that it is a fashionable grocery list.

A. Yes. Anything is good material for poetry. Anything. I've said it time and time again.

Q. Aren't we supposed to understand it?

A. There is a difference of poetry and the sense. Sometimes modern poets ignore sense completely. That's what makes some of the difficulty . . . The audience is confused by the shape of the words.

Q. But shouldn't a word mean something when you see it?

A. In prose, an English word means what it says. In poetry, you're listening to two things . . . you're listening to the sense, the common sense of what it says. But it says more. That is the difficulty.
Peter Brueghel, the elder, painted
a Nativity, painted a Baby
new born!
among the words.

Armed men,
savagely armed men
armed with pikes,
halberds and swords
whispering men with averted faces
got to the heart
of the matter
as they talked to the potbellied
greybeard (center)
the butt of their comments,
looking askance, showing their
amazement at the scene,
features like the more stupid
German soldiers of the late
war

— but the Baby (as from an
illustrated catalogue
in colors) lies naked on his Mother’s
knees
— it is a scene, authentic
enough, to be witnessed frequently
among the poor (I salute
the man Brueghel who painted
what he saw —
many times no doubt
among his own kids but not of course
in this setting)
The crowned and mitred heads
of the 3 men, one of them black,
who had come, obviously from afar
(highwaymen?)
by the rich robes
they had on — offered
to propitiate their gods

Their hands were loaded with gifts
— they had eyes for visions
in those days — and saw,
saw with their proper eyes,
these things
to the envy of the vulgar soldiery

He painted
the bustle of the scene,
the unkempt straggling
hair of the old man in the
middle, his sagging lips

— — incredulous
that there was so much fuss
about such a simple thing as a baby
born to an old man
out of a girl and a pretty girl
at that

But the gifts! (works of art,
where could they have picked
them up or more properly
have stolen them?)
— how else to honor
an old man, or a woman?
— the soldiers’ ragged clothes,
mouths open,
their knees and feet
broken from 30 years of
war, hard campaigns, their mouths
watering for the feast which
had been provided

Peter Brueghel the artist saw it
from the two sides: the
imagination must be served —
and he served
dispassionately

It is no mortal sin to be poor — anything but this featureless
tribe that has the money now — staring into the atom, com-
pletely blind — without grace or pity, as if they were so many
shellfish. The artist, Brueghel, saw them . : the
suits of his peasants were of better stuff, hand woven, than we
can boast.

— have come in our time to the age of shoddy, the men are
shoddy, driven by their bosses, inside and outside the job to
be done, at a profit. To whom? But not true of the Portuguese
mason, his own boss “in the new country” who is building a
wall for me, moved by oldworld knowledge of what is “virtu-
ous” . “that stuff they sell you in the stores nowa-
days, no good, break in your hands . that manufac-
tured stuff, from the factory, break in your hands, no care
what they turn out . . .”

The Gospel according to St. Matthew, Chapter 1, verse 18,—
Now the birth of Jesus Christ was on this wise: When as his mother
Miriam * was espoused to Joseph, before they came together, she
was found with child of the Holy Ghost.

* The King James version, of course, reads “Mary,” but it is
recalled that Dr. Williams often referred to the mother of Jesus
as Miriam.” Cf. the Hebrew Miryam as root for both names.—Ed.
228
Then Joseph her husband, being a just man, and not willing to make her a publick example, was minded to put her away privily.

But while he thought on these things, behold, the angel of the Lord, appeared to him in a dream, saying, Joseph, thou son of David, fear not to take unto thee Miriam thy wife: for that which is conceived in her is of the Holy Ghost.

Luke But Mary kept all these things, and pondered them in her heart.

Dear Bill:

... no woman is virtuous who does not give herself to her lover — forthwith

I am told by a dear friend in Paris, G.D. who is married to Henri Matisse's daughter, and who is the one vibrant head I have met in Europe, that France today is ruled by the gendarme and the concierge. In socialist Denmark I knew a highly intelligent author, a woman, who had come to America and there had a child by a wretched scribbler. Poor and forsaken she had returned to Copenhagen, where she earned her niggard indigence doing reviews for the Politiken, and giving occasional lectures on Middle English and early Danish. She lived in the slummy part of that beautiful city, trying to support a wonderful boy, sturdy, loving, and very masculine. It was my joy to bring him oranges, chocolate, and those precious morsels which his mother could not afford. She told me that the socialist police had called on her one night, asking why she had not paid her taxes to the government. Poverty was her reply. Do you recall the epitaph on Thomas Churchyard's tombstone? ... 'Poverty and Obscurity doth this tomb enclose.' A week later they returned, threatening to remove her furniture and have it impounded by the government. When she again pleaded that if she gave what Kroners she had her little boy would starve, the police said: 'We went to the Vin Handel last evening, and learned from the proprietor that you had bought a bottle of
wine; if you can afford to drink wine you certainly can pay your taxes.' She then said 'I am so poor, and so driven to despair by it that I had to have a bottle of wine to relieve me of my melancholia.'

I am quite sure too that people only have the kind of government that their bellies crave. Furthermore, I cannot cure one soul in the earth. Plato took three journeys to Dionysius, the Tyrant of Syracuse, and once was almost killed and on another occasion was nearly sold into slavery because he imagined that he influenced a devil to model his tyranny upon The Republic. Seneca was the teacher of Nero, and Aristotle tutored Alexander of Macedon. What did they teach?

We are content here because it is cheap; my wife can eat chateaubriand for seven pesetas, about 15 or 16 cents. Going to the shops in the morning is a ritual; there is the greeting from the woman who runs the panadería, and the salutation (courtesy always eases the spirit and relieves the nervous system), from the man or his wife at the lechería (where you get milk, and an expansive smile from the humble woman who sells you three pesetas worth of helio, ice) . . .

Edward

Paterson has grown older

the dog of his thoughts
has shrunk
to no more than "a passionate letter"
to a woman, a woman he had neglected
to put to bed in the past

And went on

living and writing

answering
letters

and tending his flower
garden, cutting his grass and trying
to get the young
to foreshorten
their errors in the use of words which
he had found so difficult, the errors
he had made in the use of the
poetic line:

"... the unicorn against a millefleurs background, ..."

There's nothing sentimental about the technique of writing. It can't
be learned, you'll say, by a fool. But any young man with a mind
bursting to get out, to get down on a page even a clean sentence
— gets courage from an older man who stands ready to help him—
to talk to.

A flight of birds, all together,
seeking their nests in the season
a flock before dawn, small birds
"That slepen al the night with open yë,"
moved by desire, passionately, they
have come a long way, commonly.
Now they separate and go by pairs
each to his appointed mating. The
colors of their plumage are undecipherable
in the sun's glare against the sky
but the old man's mind is stirred
by the white, the yellow, the black
as if he could see them there.

Their presence in the air again
calms him. Though he is approaching
death he is possessed by many poems.
Flowers have always been his friends,
even in paintings and tapestries
which have lain through the past
in museums jealously guarded, treated
against moths. They draw him imperiously.
to witness them, make him think
of bus schedules and how to avoid
the irreverent — to refresh himself
at the sight direct from the 12th
century what the old women or the young
or men or boys wielding their needles
to put in her green thread correctly
beside the purple, myrtle beside
holly and the brown threads beside:
together as the cartoon has plotted it
for them. All together, working together —
all the birds together. The birds
and leaves are designed to be woven
in his mind eating and
all together for his purposes

— the aging body
    with the deformed great-toe nail
makes itself known
    coming
to search me out — with a
rare smile
among the thronging flowers of that field
    where the Unicorn
is penned by a low
wooden fence
    in April!
the same month
when at the foot of the post
    he saw the man dig up
the red snake and kill it with a spade.
    Godwin told me
its tail
would not stop wriggling till
    after the sun
goes down —
he knew everything
or nothing
and died insane
when he was still a young man

The (self) direction has been changed
the serpent
its tail in its mouth
"the river has returned to its beginnings"
and backward
(and forward)
it tortures itself within me
until time has been washed finally under:
and "I knew all (or enough)"
it became me . .
— the times are not heroic
since then
but they are cleaner
and freer of disease
the mind rotted within them
we'll say
the serpent
has its tail in its mouth
AGAIN!
the all-wise serpent

Now I come to the small flowers
that cluster about the feet
of my beloved
— the hunt of
the Unicorn and
the god of love
of virgin birth
The mind is the demon
    drives us . well,
would you prefer it to
turn vegetable and

wear no beard?

— shall we speak of love
    seen only in a mirror
        — no replica?
reflecting only her impalpable spirit?
    which is she whom I see
        and not touch her flesh?

The Unicorn roams the forest of all true
lovers’ minds. They hunt it down. Bow wow! sing hey the
green holly!

— every married man carries in his head
    the beloved and sacred image
        of a virgin
whom he has whored .
    but the living fiction
        a tapestry
silk and wool shot with silver threads
    a milk-white one-horned beast
        I, Paterson, the King-self
saw the lady
    through the rough woods
        outside the palace walls
among the stench of sweating horses
    and gored hounds
        yelping with pain
the heavy breathing pack
    to see the dead beast
        brought in at last
across the saddlebow
among the oak trees.
Paterson,
keep your pecker up
whatever the detail!
Anywhere is everywhere:
You can learn from poems
that an empty head tapped on
sounds hollow
in any language! The figures
are of heroic size.
The woods
are cold though it is summer
the lady's gown is heavy
and reaches to the grass.

All about, small flowers fill the scene.
A second beast is brought in
wounded.
And a third, survivor of the chase,
lies down to rest a while,
his regal neck
fast in a jeweled collar.
A hound lies on his back
eviscerated
by the beast's single horn.
Take it or leave it,
if the hat fits —
put it on. Small flowers
seem crowding to be in on the act:
the white sweet rocket,
on its branching stem, four petals
one near the other to
fill in the detail
from frame to frame without perspective
touching each other on the canvas
make up the picture:
the cranky violet
    like a knight in chess,
    the cinque-foil,
yellow faced —
    this is a French
    or Flemish tapestry —
the sweetsmelling primrose
    growing close to the ground, that poets
    have made famous in England,
    I cannot tell it all:
slippered flowers
    crimson and white,
    balanced to hang
on slender bracts, cups evenly arranged upon a stem,
    foxglove, the eglantine
    or wild rose,
pink as a lady’s ear lobe when it shows
    beneath the hair,
    campanella, blue and purple tufts
small as forget-me-not among the leaves.
    Yellow centers, crimson petals
    and the reverse,
dandelion, love-in-a-mist,
    cornflowers,
    thistle and others
the names and perfumes I do not know.
    The woods are filled with holly
    (I have told you, this
is a fiction, pay attention),
    the yellow flag of the French fields is here
    and a congeries of other flowers
as well: daffodils
and gentian, the daisy, columbine petals
myrtle, dark and light
and calendulas

The locust tree in the morning breeze
outside her window
where one branch moves
quietly
undulating
upward and about and
back and forth
does not remind me more
than of an old woman’s smile
— a fragment of the tapestry
preserved on an end wall
presents a young woman
with rounded brow
lost in the woods (or hiding)
announced
(that is, the presentation)
by the blowing of a hunter’s horn where he stands
all but completely hid
in the leaves. She
interests me by her singularity,
her courtly dress
among the leaves, listening!

The expression of her face,
where she stands removed from the others
— the virgin and the whore,
an identity,
both for sale
to the highest bidder!
and who bids higher
than a lover? Come
out of it if you call yourself a woman.

I give you instead, a young man
sharing the female world
in Hell's despit, graciously
— once on a time.

on a time:

Caw! Caw! Caw!
the crows cry!

In February! in February they begin it.
She did not want to live to be

an old woman to wear a china doorknob
in her vagina to hold her womb up — but

she came to that, resourceful, what?
He was the first to turn her up

and never left her till he left her.
with child, as any soldier would

until the camp broke up.

She maybe was "tagged" as Osamu
Dazai and his saintly sister

would have it

She was old when she saw her grandson:
You young people
think you know everything.
She spoke in her Cockney accent
and paused
looking at me hard:
The past is for those that lived in the past. Cessa!

— learning with age to sleep my life away:
saying

The measure intervenes, to measure is all we know,
a choice among the measures
the measured dance

"unless the scent of a rose
startle us anew"

Equally laughable
is to assume to know nothing, a
chess game
massively, "materially," compounded!

Yo ho! ta ho!

We know nothing and can know nothing
but
the dance, to dance to a measure
contrapuntally,
Satyrically, the tragic foot.
Appendix

Book Six
These fragments of a projected sixth part of *Pater­son* were found among Dr. Williams' papers after his death.
The intimate name you were known as to your intimates in that realm* was The Genius, before your enemies got hold of you you knew the Falls and read Greek fluently It did not stop the bullet that killed you—close after dawn at Weehawken that September dawn

—you wanted to organize the country so that we should all stick together and make a little money

a rich man

John Jay, James Madison let’s read about it!

Words are the burden of poems, poems are made of words

* realm? Original typescript reads “reaks.”
the dandelion—lion's tooth—in effigy of faience, old Hudson River work, might as well have been of Paterson

a crude cheap jar made to contain pickled peaches or elder berries

casually with all the art of domestic husbandry or the kitchen shelf a royal blue curving on itself to make a simple flower design
to decorate my bedroom wall
come out of itself to be an abstract design without design to be anything but itself for a Chinese poet who drowned embracing the reflection of the moon in the river

—or the image of a frosty elm outlined in gayest of all pantomimes

Dance, dance! loosen your limbs from that art which holds you faster than the drugs which hold you faster—dandelion on my bedroom wall.
As Weehawken is to Hamilton
is to Provence we'll say, he hated it
of which he knew nothing and cared less
and used it in his schemes—so
founding the country which was to
increase to be the wonder of the world
in its day

which was to exceed his London on which he patterned it

(A key figure in the development)

If any one is important more important that the
edge of a knife [point of a dagger] * a poem is: or an
irrelevance in the life of a people: see Dada or the murders of
a Stalin

or a Li Po

or an obscure Montezuma

or a forgotten Socrates or Aristotle before the destruction of
the Library of Alexandria (as noted derisively by Bernard
Shaw) by fire in which the poems of Sappho were lost

and brings us (Alex was born out of wedlock)

illegitimately perversion righted through that alone
does not make a poet or a statesman

—Washington was a six foot four man with a weak voice and
a slow mind which made it inconvenient for him to move fast
—and so he stayed. He had a will bred in the slow woods so
that when he moved the world moved out of his way.

* Typed in above the line over "edge of a knife."
Lucy had a womb
    like every other woman
her father sold her
so she told me
    to Charlie
for 3 hundred dollars
she couldn't read or write
    fresh out of
the old country
she hadn't had her changes yet
    I delivered her
of 13 children
before she came around
    she was vulgar
but fiercely loyal to me
    she had a friend
Mrs. Carmody
an Irish woman
    who could tell a story
when she'd a bit taken
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The cover shows an anonymous engraving of the Passaic Falls
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